

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566) contains.

HunterLab(59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8A375
RGB	168, 163, 117
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 46%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3608, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.30, 0.34
HSL	54°, 23%, 56%
HSV	54°, 30%, 66%
XYZ	32.4565, 35.8036, 22.0297
YIQ	159.2510, 17.7460, -13.2460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

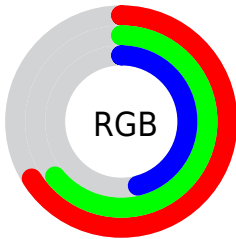
Format	Color
RYB	123, 168, 117
Decimal	11051893
CIELab	66.37, -5.56, 24.61
CIELCh	66, 25.226, 102.737
Yxy	35.8052, 0.3595, 0.3965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289241973 (0xFFA8A375)
YUV	159.2510, -20.8297, 7.6729
Hunter-Lab	59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566

Details

The HunterLab color **59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **45.3073, 4.8788, -20.4753**, and the grayscale version is **59.0625, -3.1514, 3.2090**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.9787, -9.7475, 24.1401**, and **39.2824, -6.0456, 15.8455** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0459, -8.8104, 24.0717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.6834, -6.6857, 15.3103**.

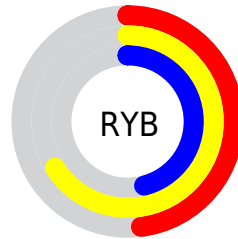
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

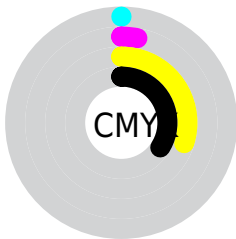
Blue (46%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (46%)

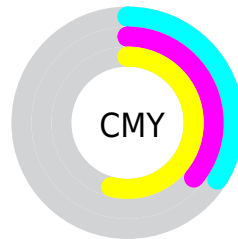


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566

■ 59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566

181.1376,
-16.5245, 36.5659

■ 49.2786, -7.0245,
18.0349

■ 82.9043, -9.6797,
23.9204

■ 39.4262, -6.1718,
15.9245

■ 95.3440, -10.6008,
25.7884

■ 30.3352, -5.3313,
13.6943

■ 108.3502,
-11.5408, 27.6268

■ 22.0756, -4.4975,
11.2961

121.8994,
-12.4997, 29.4422

■ 14.7416, -3.6604,
9.3011

135.9704,
-13.4776, 31.2399

■ 8.3981, -3.3342,
5.8787

150.5448,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.4745, 33.0243

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.6056,
-15.4901, 34.7986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566

■ 59.8361, -7.8905,
20.0566

■ 59.0459, -8.8104,
24.0717

■ 60.6834, -6.6857,
15.3103

■ 58.3077, -9.4434,
27.3592

■ 61.5844, -5.1900,
9.8329

■ 57.6212, -9.7983,
29.9347

■ 62.5407, -3.4076,
3.6339

■ 56.9843, -9.8864,
31.8240

■ 63.5523, -1.3430,
-3.2724

■ 56.3940, -9.7241,
33.0667

■ 64.6188, 0.9975,
-10.8671

■ 55.8462, -9.3343,
33.7199

■ 65.7397, 3.6061,
-19.1278

■ 55.3474, -8.8043,
33.9507

■ 66.9142, 6.4736,
-28.0292

■ 68.1415, 9.5901,
-37.5441

■ 68.7840, 9.5955,
-38.9971

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8375, 3.3620, 19.7684



59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566



59.8375, -17.1840, 16.4893

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.8375, -7.8923, 20.0573



59.8375, -18.2743, -12.4635



59.8375, 18.9017, -3.1792

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566



45.3073, 4.8788, -20.4753

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.8375, 12.2081, -13.9199



59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566



59.8375, -9.4831, -19.9227

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.8375, -7.8923, 20.0573



59.8375, -22.8734, -1.4612



59.8375, 1.6498, -20.5002



59.8375, 19.4068, 7.6199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566



59.8375, -21.2417, 11.9400



59.8375, 1.6498, -20.5002



59.8375, 17.2793, -6.9602

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.8375, -7.8923, 20.0573



83.1091, -6.7256, 12.3018



47.3872, 15.1200, 6.3860



38.7181, -3.2856, 6.2611



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.8375, -7.8923, 20.0573



79.9256, -11.4565, 30.5430



59.6225, -16.4576, 19.7148



29.4047, -2.3897, 4.3877



48.1401, -7.7183, 29.5286



7.7376, -1.5547, 4.7406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3073, 4.8788, -20.4753



56.5182, 9.4337, -35.5306



45.7191, 12.9591, -19.6435



27.2294, -0.5263, -1.5609



15.6918, 35.1162, -95.4191



3.0875, 3.3587, -11.1095

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

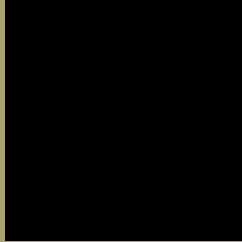
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.8361, -7.8905,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566

Protanopia

59.7908, -5.0620, 20.3696

Deuteranopia

59.8757, 4.1408, 19.6856



Tritanopia

59.6994, 4.6766, -0.4103

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566

Protanomaly

59.8935, -6.2077, 20.4409

Deuteranomaly

59.8573, -0.3017, 19.9014

Tritanomaly

59.8071, -0.4512, 8.2403

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

59.0225, -4.9852, 9.7770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 163, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 163, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 163, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 163, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 163, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 163, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 163, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 163, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 163, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 163,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.8361, -7.8905, 20.0566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 163, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
163, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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