

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.8431, -34.9465,
0.6408)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.8431, -34.9465,
0.6408) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.8339,
-34.8807, 0.5102)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B5A6
RGB	0, 181, 166
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 65%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2902, 0.3490
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.29
HSL	175°, 100%, 35%
HSV	175°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	23.4068, 35.8010, 41.7531
YIQ	125.1710, -103.0610, -43.0370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

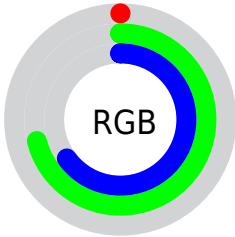
Format	Color
RYB	0, 94, 181
Decimal	46502
CIELab	66.37, -41.63, -3.29
CIElCh	66, 41.758, 184.517
Yxy	35.8023, 0.2318, 0.3546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278236582 (0xFF00B5A6)
YUV	125.1710, 20.1287, -109.7750
Hunter-Lab	59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102

Details

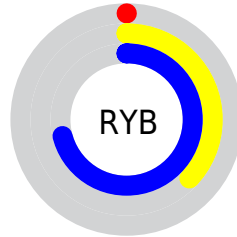
The HunterLab color **59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **31.3995, 53.8777, 19.4360**, and the grayscale version is **45.3092, -2.4176, 2.4617**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.0459, -40.7341, 1.6210**, and **40.4891, -24.0073, 1.2171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8348, -34.8819, 0.5118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.9895, -34.1705, -0.0068**.

Distribution



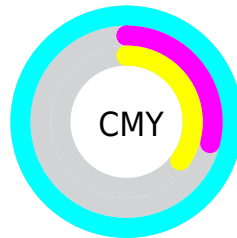
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.8339, -34.8807,
0.5102

■ 59.8339, -34.8807,
0.5102

181.1341,
-58.4898, 5.9346

■ 49.2763, -31.8344,
0.1001

■ 82.9016, -40.5984,
1.4649

■ 39.4241, -28.6146,
-0.2612

■ 95.3412, -43.3174,
2.0019

■ 30.3333, -25.1644,
-0.5674

■ 108.3473,
-45.9656, 2.5757

■ 22.0739, -21.3948,
-0.8110

■ 121.8963,
-48.5550, 3.1841

■ 14.7400, -17.2439,
-0.9809

■ 135.9673,
-51.0951, 3.8257

■ 8.3967, -14.6942,
-1.1691

■ 150.5415,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-53.5936, 4.4988

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.6022,
-56.0567, 5.2022

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.8339, -34.8807,
0.5102

■ 59.8339, -34.8807,
0.5102

■ 59.8348, -34.8819,
0.5118

■ 59.9895, -34.1705,
-0.0068

■ 60.2435, -33.0653,
-0.4002

■ 60.6330, -31.4293,
-0.6205

■ 61.1734, -29.2154,
-0.6462

■ 61.8756, -26.3988,
-0.4630

■ 62.7471, -22.9744,
-0.0624

■ 63.7925, -18.9537,
0.5581

■ 65.0137, -14.3622,
1.3962

■ 66.4103, -9.2357,
2.4453

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8350, -32.2189, 16.1407



59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



59.8350, -29.9418, -19.4468

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.8350, -34.8809, 0.5109



59.8350, 18.4840, -32.1700



59.8350, 13.0083, 26.5739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



31.3995, 53.8777, 19.4360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.8350, 29.2705, 19.5266



59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



59.8350, 32.6934, -13.3361

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.8350, -34.8809, 0.5109



59.8350, -0.3487, -41.6411



59.8350, 36.8628, 5.8788



59.8350, -5.9907, 28.2411

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



59.8350, -22.6005, -31.6626



59.8350, 36.8628, 5.8788



59.8350, 19.0478, 24.8899

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.8350, -34.8809, 0.5109



85.2924, -25.6620, 0.6967



57.5773, -48.9147, 34.6217



39.3722, -13.0039, 0.1502



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.8350, -34.8809, 0.5109



80.0638, -46.7425, 0.8310



36.8261, 0.7657, -47.6797



31.0148, -4.1374, 1.1766



49.6843, -28.9317, 0.3543



8.8332, -5.0112, -0.2229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3995, 53.8777, 19.4360



42.0032, 72.0474, 26.2454



38.6205, 32.2587, 24.3613



29.1827, 1.0684, 2.1593



26.0779, 44.7675, 16.0113



4.6660, 8.0900, 2.2455

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

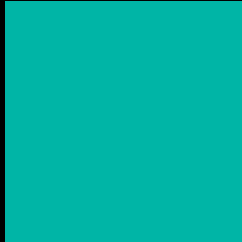
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

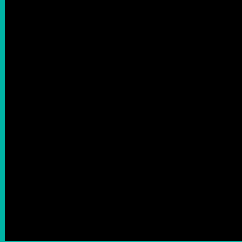
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

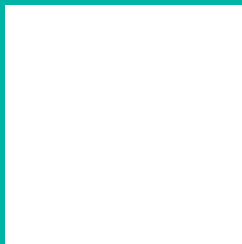
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102.



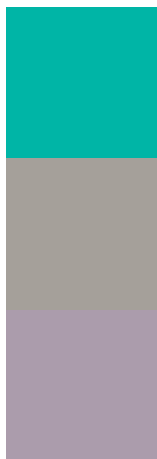
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102.

-34.8807, 0.5102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102

Protanopia

59.5601, -2.5710, 6.2224

Deuteranopia

59.5092, 4.2306, -2.1426



Tritanopia

59.8210, -26.2839, -13.0252

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



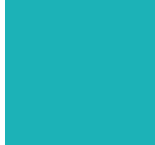
Protanomaly

57.8594, -21.0427, 2.1368



Deuteranomaly

57.5011, -16.7568, -4.0748



Tritanomaly

59.5874, -29.5481, -8.3760

Monochromacy



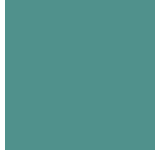
Original Color

59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102



Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605



Achromatomaly

48.8362, -19.0605, -0.3630

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 181, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 181, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 181, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 181, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 181, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 181, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 181, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 181, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 181, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 181,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.8339, -34.8807, 0.5102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 181, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 181,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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