

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.9436, 41.9437,  
12.1818)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.9436, 41.9437,  
12.1818) contains.

<b>HunterLab(59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(59.9411, 41.9309,  
12.3563)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F37E8E
RGB	243, 126, 142
RGB Percent	95%, 49%, 56%
CMY	0.0471, 0.5059, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.42, 0.05
HSL	352°, 83%, 72%
HSV	352°, 48%, 95%
XYZ	49.3054, 35.9294, 29.9276
YIQ	162.8070, 64.5960, 29.7800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

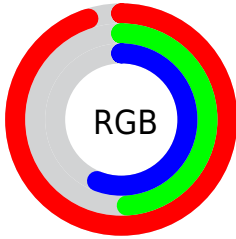
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">243, 126, 142</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15957646</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.47, 46.29, 12.15</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 47.857, 14.704</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.9312, 0.4281, 0.3120</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294147726</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF37E8E</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">162.8070, -10.2579, 70.3293</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563</a>

# Details

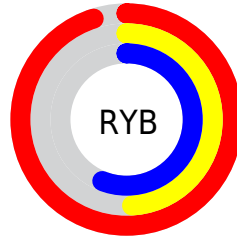
The HunterLab color **59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **86.0718, -37.5559, 2.3162**, and the grayscale version is **60.4631, -3.2262, 3.2851**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.3500, 24.7291, 6.9242**, and **39.5033, 38.6055, 9.8208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6635, 51.7318, 14.9609**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.0372, 31.8212, 10.1478**.

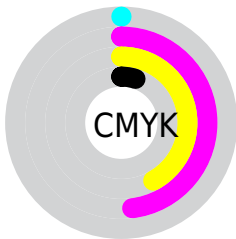
# Distribution



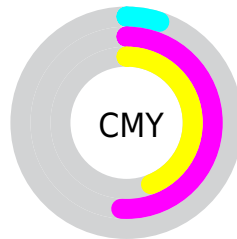
- Red (95%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.9411, 41.9309,  
12.3563

 59.9411, 41.9309,  
12.3563


181.2897, 51.4251,  
23.6328


 49.3772, 40.3984,  
11.1102


 83.0216, 44.6563,  
14.8316

 39.5178, 38.7533,  
9.8459


 95.4668, 45.8700,  
16.0682

 30.4191, 36.9947,  
8.5519


 108.4784, 46.9922,  
17.3089

 22.1511, 35.1453,  
7.2074

122.0327, 48.0290,  
18.5557

 14.8075, 33.2931,  
5.7763

136.1087, 48.9859,  
19.8104

 8.4615, 32.2277,  
5.9231

150.6878, 49.8680,

0.0000, INF, NaN

21.0742

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.7532, 50.6798,  
22.3480

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.9411, 41.9309,  
12.3563

■ 59.9411, 41.9309,  
12.3563

■ 54.6635, 51.7318,  
14.9609

■ 66.0372, 31.8212,  
10.1478

■ 50.3394, 60.6471,  
17.8669

■ 72.8153, 21.7728,  
8.3448

■ 47.0915, 67.8971,  
20.8769

■ 80.1644, 11.9626,  
6.9191

■ 44.9782, 72.7405,  
23.6964

■ 87.9926, 2.4584,  
5.8245

■ 43.9167, 74.9418,  
25.9979

■ 96.2265, -6.7337,  
5.0122

■ 43.7786, 75.2259,  
26.3226

■ 98.8912, -9.2147,  
4.0531

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.9426, 41.7868, -7.9877



59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



59.9426, 28.8758, 24.7549

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.9426, 41.9273, 12.3575



59.9426, -29.4458, 24.9209



59.9426, -13.6575, -47.9875

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



86.0718, -37.5559, 2.3162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.9426, -29.6917, -31.2449



59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



59.9426, -37.8996, 12.6828

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.9426, 41.9273, 12.3575



59.9426, -13.2752, 30.0882



59.9426, -37.9828, -7.5264



59.9426, 7.5846, -48.1712



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



59.9426, 15.3791, 28.9303



59.9426, -37.9828, -7.5264



59.9426, -19.7628, -43.9052

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.9426, 41.9273, 12.3575



88.0178, 8.4702, 6.7940



61.2166, 52.7528, -43.4803



39.9025, 4.9300, 3.2652

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.9426, 41.9273, 12.3575



57.7381, 54.6477, 15.8042



69.4132, 18.7764, 26.2388



40.6441, 1.7386, 2.7843



32.4500, 55.7939, 19.2452



9.6784, 16.7561, 4.8467



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9426, 41.9273, 12.3575



57.7381, 54.6477, 15.8042



72.9197, -15.2126, -24.2782



40.6441, 1.7386, 2.7843



32.4500, 55.7939, 19.2452



9.6784, 16.7561, 4.8467



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

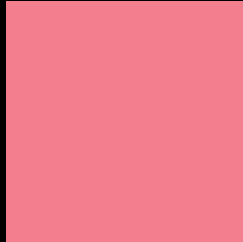
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563.



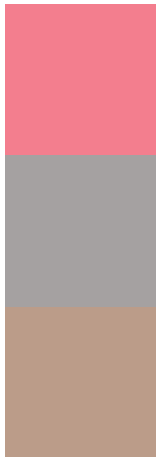
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563

### Protanopia

60.0519, -1.9625, 3.6789

### Deuteranopia

60.1231, 4.3294, 13.7844



## Tritanopia

60.0092, 40.7232, 14.6769

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



## Protanomaly

59.0342, 12.8444, 5.8971



## Deuteranomaly

59.4813, 17.4990, 12.6109



## Tritanomaly

60.0570, 40.9500, 13.9860

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563



## Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881



## Achromatomaly

59.4859, 11.6100, 5.9500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 126, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 126, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 126, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 126, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 126, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 126, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 126, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 126, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 126, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 126,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.9411, 41.9309, 12.3563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 126, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
126, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor