

Converting Colors

HunterLab(6.1001, 33.9337,
-139.5991)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(6.1001, 33.9337,
-139.5991) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.6103, 28.7805,
-75.3908)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00006E
RGB	0, 0, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 0%, 43%
CMY	1.0000, 1.0000, 0.5686
CMYK	1.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	240°, 100%, 22%
HSV	240°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	2.8145, 1.1258, 14.8208
YIQ	12.5400, -35.3100, 34.2100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

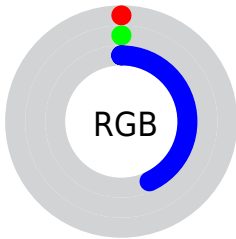
Format	Color
RYB	0, 0, 110
Decimal	110
CIELab	10.00, 42.63, -58.06
CIELCh	10, 72.024, 306.288
Yxy	1.1259, 0.1500, 0.0600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278190190 (0xFF00006E)
YUV	12.5400, 48.0478, -10.9976
Hunter-Lab	10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908

Details

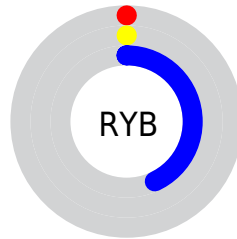
The HunterLab color **10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **38.0343, -10.2197, 23.2577**, and the grayscale version is **6.0924, -0.3251, 0.3310**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.9276, 32.3366, -66.4889**, and **6.8350, 11.7368, -33.8796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6107, 28.7808, -75.3878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9848, 24.7850, -65.1601**.

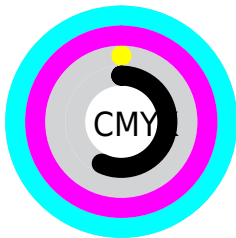
Distribution



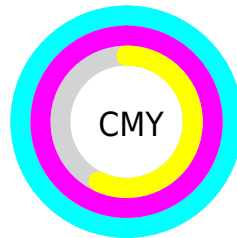
- Red (0%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6103, 28.7805,
-75.3908

■ 10.6103, 28.7805,
-75.3908

■ 99.9985, 41.8553,
-68.6721

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 24.9708, 32.2865,
-66.2797

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 33.5414, 33.9951,
-65.4288

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 42.9158, 35.5874,
-65.3823

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0302, 37.0586,
-65.7557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8340, 38.4134,
-66.3566


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 75.2856, 39.6593,


-67.0796


 87.3503, 40.8041,
-67.8638


 10.6103, 28.7805,
-75.3908


 10.6103, 28.7805,
-75.3908


 10.6107, 28.7808,
-75.3878

 11.9848, 24.7850,
-65.1601

 13.6759, 20.8686,
-55.1626

 15.9279, 16.7941,
-44.8037

 18.6086, 13.0387,
-35.3071

 21.6115, 9.7260,
-26.9838

■ 24.8609, 6.8233,
-19.7427

■ 28.3046, 4.2557,
-13.3853

■ 31.9062, 1.9495,
-7.7182

■ 35.6401, -0.1557,
-2.5823

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6107, 3.5086, -112.5635



10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908



10.6107, 53.5814, -23.1281

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6107, 28.7808, -75.3878



10.6107, 17.3101, 7.4275



10.6107, -18.5687, -3.7124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908



38.0343, -10.2197, 23.2577

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6107, -18.5687, 7.4275



10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908



10.6107, -4.1069, 7.4275

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6107, 28.7808, -75.3878



10.6107, 44.4084, 7.4275



10.6107, -18.3750, 7.4275



10.6107, -18.5687, -43.4378

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908



10.6107, 61.0341, -1.7903



10.6107, -18.3750, 7.4275



10.6107, -18.5687, 2.5145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6107, 28.7808, -75.3878



37.1364, 5.8980, -18.3757



35.0395, -18.5763, -3.6955



17.2171, 3.3426, -10.0935



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6107, 28.7808, -75.3878



14.0613, 38.1407, -99.9063



13.9213, 31.9272, -53.6903



18.1672, -0.1781, -1.0607



11.6297, 31.5450, -82.6287



25.9561, 70.4053, -184.4241

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.0726, 41.4285, -27.7864



27.9257, 54.9016, -36.8227



34.5892, -23.6252, 20.9001



18.5835, 1.2356, -0.5047



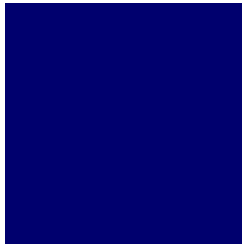
23.0965, 45.4074, -30.4550



51.5492, 101.3452, -67.9719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

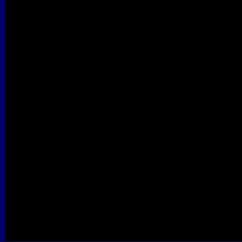
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908.

-75.3908.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908

Protanopia

11.9928, 1.7795, -18.8315

Deuteranopia

11.9978, -1.4981, -11.7623



Tritanopia

12.1228, -6.0815, -2.0241

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908

Protanomaly

10.6059, 11.9276, -39.0048

Deuteranomaly

10.4672, 8.8213, -32.1257

Tritanomaly

10.1731, 4.6698, -22.7962

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908

Achromatopsia

6.3441, -0.3385, 0.3447

Achromatomaly

6.6234, 7.8259, -20.8132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 0, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 0, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 0, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 0, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 0, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 0, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 0, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 0, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 110); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.6103, 28.7805, -75.3908 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 0, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 0,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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