

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.0101, -24.5184,  
19.8976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.0101, -24.5184,  
19.8976) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.0570,  
-24.5559, 19.9623)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FAE75
RGB	127, 174, 117
RGB Percent	50%, 68%, 46%
CMY	0.5020, 0.3176, 0.5412
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.33, 0.32
HSL	109°, 26%, 57%
HSV	109°, 33%, 68%
XYZ	27.0993, 36.0684, 22.3632
YIQ	153.4490, -9.7150, -27.6910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

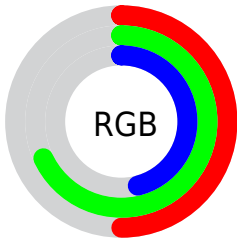
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	117, 174, 164
Decimal	8367733
CIELab	66.57, -26.83, 24.36
CIELCh	67, 36.242, 137.756
Yxy	36.0700, 0.3168, 0.4217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286557813 (0xFF7FAE75)
YUV	153.4490, -17.9694, -23.1958
Hunter-Lab	60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623

# Details

The HunterLab color  $60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $48.6540, 22.3967, -18.4281$ , and the grayscale version is  $56.6965, -3.0252, 3.0804$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $83.2358, -28.7561, 24.0486$ , and  $39.5330, -20.1419, 15.8055$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.8843, -29.7395, 23.7256$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $61.3998, -18.7463, 15.5846$ .

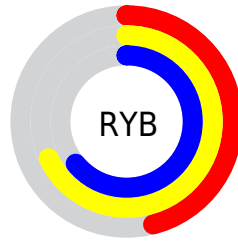
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (68%)

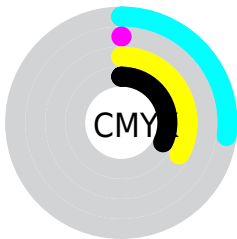
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (64%)

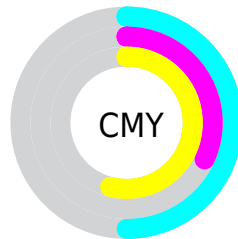


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.0570, -24.5559,  
19.9623

■ 60.0570, -24.5559,  
19.9623

181.4570,  
-41.8167, 36.3626

■ 49.4856, -22.4456,  
17.9575

■ 83.1505, -28.5963,  
23.7961

■ 39.6184, -20.2458,  
15.8662

■ 95.6019, -30.5508,  
25.6509

■ 30.5114, -17.9250,  
13.6575

■ 108.6193,  
-32.4744, 27.4767

■ 22.2341, -15.4320,  
11.2841

122.1792,  
-34.3735, 29.2804

■ 14.8801, -12.6779,  
9.2433

136.2607,  
-36.2535, 31.0670

■ 8.5306, -14.1604,  
5.9714

150.8450,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-38.1185, 32.8407

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.9155,  
-39.9720, 34.6050

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.0570, -24.5559,  
19.9623

■ 60.0570, -24.5559,  
19.9623

■ 58.8843, -29.7395,  
23.7256

■ 61.3998, -18.7463,  
15.5846

■ 57.8787, -34.2490,  
26.8466

■ 62.9061, -12.3606,  
10.6278

■ 57.0400, -38.0544,  
29.3147

■ 64.5730, -5.4586,  
5.1372

■ 56.3645, -41.1413,  
31.1377

■ 66.3953, 1.8992,  
-0.8382

■ 55.8452, -43.5162,  
32.3457

■ 68.3667, 9.6532,  
-7.2480

■ 55.4718, -45.2109,  
32.9973

■ 70.4805, 17.7467,  
-14.0425

■ 55.2788, -46.0815,  
33.2558

■ 72.7297, 26.1276,  
-21.1745

■ 75.0552, 34.4914,  
-27.8831

■ 76.6508, 39.1817,  
-25.2620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.0583, -12.4087, 25.1842



60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623



60.0583, -30.6997, 9.2155

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.0583, -24.5571, 19.9629



60.0583, -9.6672, -33.4626



60.0583, 29.4035, 11.6163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623



48.6540, 22.3967, -18.4281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0583, 30.3380, -3.3553



60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623



60.0583, 6.5827, -32.3190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.0583, -24.5571, 19.9629



60.0583, -22.7338, -23.0411



60.0583, 21.6155, -20.2381



60.0583, 19.1832, 21.3176



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623



60.0583, -31.0423, -0.8659



60.0583, 21.6155, -20.2381



60.0583, 30.8503, 7.1296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.0583, -24.5571, 19.9629



85.2800, -14.3103, 12.4703



60.5597, -6.1681, 20.7314



40.0634, -7.3371, 6.3455



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.0583, -24.5571, 19.9629



79.7654, -38.0049, 30.4889



59.8384, -24.6227, 13.7103



30.0073, -4.7421, 4.1548



47.0971, -39.1591, 28.3355



7.9799, -6.0061, 4.8120



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6540, 22.3967, -18.4281



61.4477, 37.6989, -31.5624



49.1129, 22.4132, -7.2893



28.4182, 1.7561, -1.1364



25.5069, 52.3711, -50.8789



4.4648, 9.0272, -7.8202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

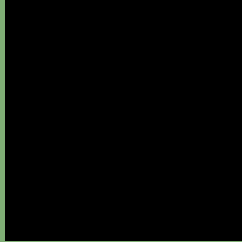
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.0570,

-24.5559, 19.9623.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623

### Protanopia

59.7145, -5.4823, 21.4796

### Deuteranopia

59.8083, 3.9957, 18.9911



## Tritanopia

59.9420, -8.8495, -5.4029

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623

## Protanomaly

59.7122, -13.0879, 20.7582

## Deuteranomaly

59.5082, -7.4120, 18.8347

## Tritanomaly

59.8703, -15.2695, 5.4769

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623

## Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

## Achromatomaly

57.7170, -11.3786, 9.8786

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 174, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 174, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 174, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 174, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 174, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 174, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 174, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 174, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 174, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 174,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.0570, -24.5559, 19.9623 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 174, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
174, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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