

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.0707, 7.1764,
-4.6914)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.0707, 7.1764, -4.6914)
contains.

HunterLab(60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(60.2177, 7.0518,
-4.7615)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B09CB3
RGB	176, 156, 179
RGB Percent	69%, 61%, 70%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3882, 0.2980
CMYK	0.02, 0.13, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	292°, 13%, 66%
HSV	292°, 13%, 70%
XYZ	37.9297, 36.2617, 47.6479
YIQ	164.6020, 4.5370, 11.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

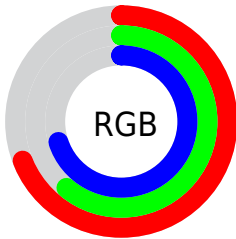
Format	Color
RYB	176, 156, 179
Decimal	11574451
CIELab	66.72, 11.56, -9.22
CIELCh	67, 14.790, 321.432
Yxy	36.2633, 0.3113, 0.2976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289764531 (0xFFB09CB3)
YUV	164.6020, 7.0982, 9.9960
Hunter-Lab	60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615

Details

The HunterLab color $60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.8170, -13.1316, 10.9378$, and the grayscale version is $61.1482, -3.2627, 3.3223$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.5120, 6.8256, -4.2216$, and $39.7749, 6.6221, -4.7981$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.1561, 15.5215, -11.5862$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.5703, -1.2520, 1.8186$.

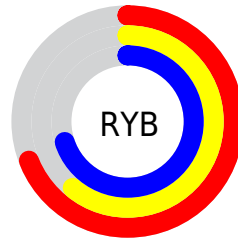
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (61%)

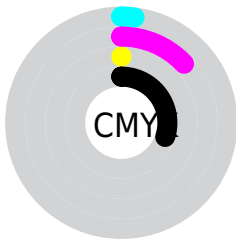
Blue (70%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (70%)

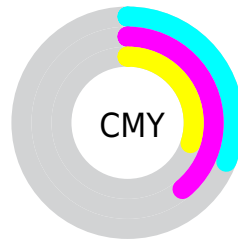


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.2177, 7.0518,
-4.7615

60.2177, 7.0518,
-4.7615

181.6892, 4.8844,
-1.3466

49.6363, 7.0175,
-4.9006

83.3296, 6.9186,
-4.3117

39.7583, 6.9080,
-4.9773

95.7895, 6.7663,
-4.0121

30.6396, 6.7102,
-4.9831

108.8151, 6.5627,
-3.6671

22.3496, 6.4081,
-4.9088

122.3828, 6.3113,
-3.2794

14.9811, 5.9785,
-4.7442

136.4718, 6.0153,
-2.8515

8.6256, 5.5634,
-4.5655

151.0635, 5.6773,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-2.3855

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.1410, 5.2997,
-1.8833

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.2177, 7.0518,
-4.7615

■ 60.2177, 7.0518,
-4.7615

■ 55.1561, 15.5215,
-11.5862

■ 65.5703, -1.2520,
1.8186

■ 50.4301, 24.1093,
-18.6443

■ 71.1703, -9.3713,
8.1616

■ 46.0998, 32.6966,
-25.8722

■ 76.9871, -17.3141,
14.2912

■ 42.2337, 41.0659,
-33.1289

■ 82.9945, -25.0967,
20.2341

■ 38.9070, 48.8660,
-40.1616

■ 89.1715, -32.7389,
26.0170

■ 36.1923, 55.6092,
-46.5912

■ 92.5869, -36.4525,
29.1026

■ 34.1431, 60.7430,
-51.9573

■ 92.7504, -35.8286,
29.2625

■ 32.7690, 63.8316,
-55.8555

■ 92.9163, -35.1971,
29.4244

■ 32.0748, 65.0761,
-57.9315

■ 93.0844, -34.5580,
29.5884

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.2190, 1.5001, -9.1021



60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615



60.2190, 9.8786, 1.4481

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2190, 7.0503, -4.7604



60.2190, -1.3105, 14.0530



60.2190, -14.6002, -1.3110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615



64.8170, -13.1316, 10.9378

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.2190, -15.2799, 5.0520



60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615



60.2190, -7.7920, 13.4843

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2190, 7.0503, -4.7604



60.2190, 4.9169, 11.9882



60.2190, -12.8382, 10.3411



60.2190, -10.9396, -6.9660

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615



60.2190, 9.7590, 5.6262



60.2190, -12.8382, 10.3411



60.2190, -15.1784, 0.8310

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.2190, 7.0503, -4.7604



86.8577, -0.3328, 1.3769



59.2820, -0.5911, -6.1352



40.6266, 0.2318, 0.3419



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2190, 7.0503, -4.7604



78.9213, 12.1436, -8.5382



60.2379, 6.5634, -0.4769



29.3077, 1.9359, -1.1383



26.9998, 54.7560, -48.5833



4.9489, 9.9374, -8.1368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8878, 4.6971, 4.5096



78.3970, 8.4142, 6.2983



64.8113, -12.6959, 7.3950



29.1937, 1.1274, 2.0029



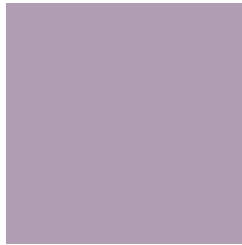
26.1202, 44.9245, 15.3839



4.6944, 8.1946, 1.8298

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

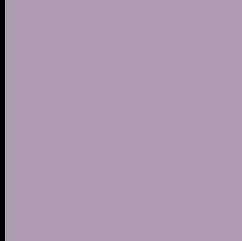
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615.

-4.7615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615

Protanopia

60.1981, -0.1218, -6.4968

Deuteranopia

60.3045, 4.4544, -4.6930



Tritanopia

60.3904, 4.1585, -0.0522

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615

Protanomaly

60.1097, 2.4717, -6.0373

Deuteranomaly

60.2103, 5.5889, -4.7968

Tritanomaly

60.2038, 5.1728, -1.7472

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

60.9737, 0.2612, 0.5963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 156, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 156, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 156, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 156, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 156, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 156, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 156, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 156, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 156, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 156,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.2177, 7.0518, -4.7615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 156, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
156, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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