

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A480
RGB	165, 164, 128
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 50%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3568, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.22, 0.35
HSL	58°, 17%, 57%
HSV	58°, 22%, 65%
XYZ	32.6888, 36.1088, 25.6689
YIQ	160.1950, 12.1520, -10.9840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

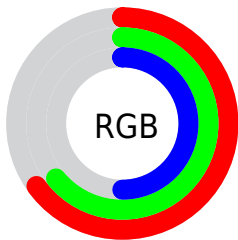
Format	Color
RYB	129, 165, 128
Decimal	10855552
CIELab	66.60, -5.74, 18.87
CIELCh	67, 19.721, 106.908
Yxy	36.1104, 0.3460, 0.3822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289045632 (0xFFA5A480)
YUV	160.1950, -15.8721, 4.2140
Hunter-Lab	60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365

Details

The HunterLab color $60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $47.9644, 3.6809, -14.3831$, and the grayscale version is $59.4304, -3.1711, 3.2290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.1955, -10.0208, 19.9346$, and $39.5772, -6.0478, 13.1999$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.6254, -9.7110, 21.4722$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.6136, -6.1084, 11.2365$.

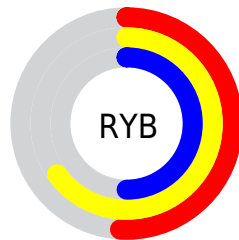
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (64%)

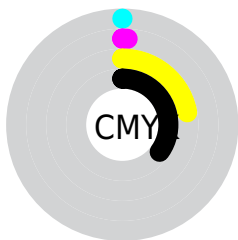
Blue (50%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (50%)

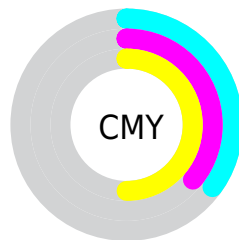


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365

■ 60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365

181.5056,
-16.7617, 30.7848

■ 49.5172, -7.1798,
15.0814

■ 83.1880, -9.8634,
19.9448

■ 39.6477, -6.3164,
13.3714

■ 95.6412, -10.7931,
21.5154

■ 30.5382, -5.4643,
11.5844

■ 108.6603,
-11.7413, 23.0725

■ 22.2583, -4.6179,
9.6840

122.2219,
-12.7081, 24.6207

■ 14.9013, -3.7667,
7.7162

136.3049,
-13.6936, 26.1634

■ 8.5506, -3.3796,
5.9854

150.8908,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.6978, 27.7036

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.9628,
-15.7205, 29.2435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365

■ 60.0906, -8.0559,
16.7365

■ 59.6254, -9.7110,
21.4722

■ 60.6136, -6.1084,
11.2365

■ 59.2125, -11.0730,
25.4516

■ 61.1917, -3.8620,
4.9674

■ 58.8512, -12.1510,
28.6943

■ 61.8270, -1.3199,
-2.0657

■ 58.5389, -12.9563,
31.2285

■ 62.5200, 1.5143,
-9.8520

■ 58.2727, -13.5042,
33.0932

■ 63.2709, 4.6345,
-18.3757

■ 58.0486, -13.8148,
34.3401

■ 64.0797, 8.0332,
-27.6159

■ 57.8620, -13.9147,
35.0376

■ 64.9462, 11.7011,
-37.5482

■ 57.7364, -13.9012,
35.3335

■ 65.6215, 14.3376,
-44.7928

■ 65.7462, 14.0968,
-44.5582

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.0919, 0.6762, 16.9457



60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365



60.0919, -15.0872, 13.2720

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.0919, -8.0576, 16.7372



60.0919, -14.3508, -9.7276



60.0919, 14.1972, -0.4952

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365



47.9644, 3.6809, -14.3831

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0919, 9.6688, -8.8131



60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365



60.0919, -6.9991, -14.6378

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.0919, -8.0576, 16.7372



60.0919, -18.5744, -1.6072



60.0919, 1.7972, -14.2809



60.0919, 13.8733, 7.7717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365



60.0919, -18.0126, 9.2546



60.0919, 1.7972, -14.2809



60.0919, 13.1815, -3.3992

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.0919, -8.0576, 16.7372



81.5165, -6.6322, 10.7226



50.0294, 9.5478, 6.2846



38.0947, -3.1779, 5.2281



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.0919, -8.0576, 16.7372



80.0925, -11.9544, 25.7395



58.9408, -13.7572, 15.5346



28.6433, -2.5583, 4.3987



50.2298, -12.1089, 30.7394



7.3458, -1.8502, 4.4941

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9644, 3.6809, -14.3831



60.3301, 7.3216, -25.3499



49.1930, 9.1087, -12.4321



26.2471, -0.2649, -1.6837



14.6291, 37.6083, -99.4705



2.3155, 4.6723, -12.9804

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

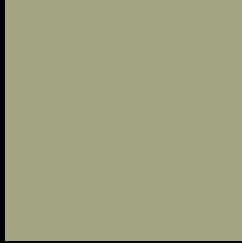
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

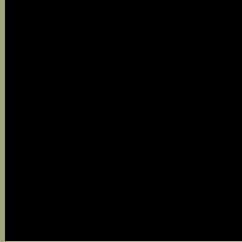
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

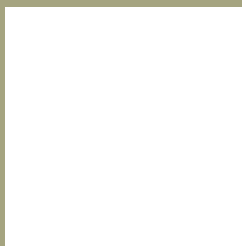
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.0906, -8.0559,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365

Protanopia

60.1196, -4.9601, 17.1569

Deuteranopia

60.1726, 4.1723, 16.3418



Tritanopia

60.0433, 3.0535, -0.9929

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365

Protanomaly

60.1346, -6.4191, 17.1456

Deuteranomaly

60.0704, -0.5766, 16.5060

Tritanomaly

59.9526, -1.1583, 6.2547

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365

Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

Achromatomaly

59.4216, -4.8858, 8.5748

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 164, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 164, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 164, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 164, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

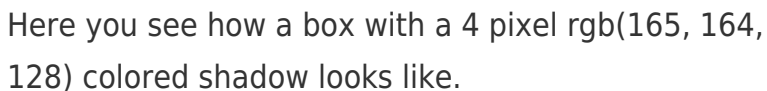
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 164, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 164, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 164, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.0906, -8.0559, 16.7365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 164, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
164, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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