

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.2121, -21.8380,
21.3464)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.2121, -21.8380,
21.3464) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.3306,
-22.0226, 21.4365)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 89AD71 |
| RGB | 137, 173, 113 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 68%, 44% |
| CMY | 0.4627, 0.3216, 0.5569 |
| CMYK | 0.21, 0.00, 0.35, 0.32 |
| HSL | 96°, 27%, 56% |
| HSV | 96°, 35%, 68% |
| XYZ | 28.2408, 36.3978, 21.1599 |
| YIQ | 155.3960, -2.1960, -26.2920 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

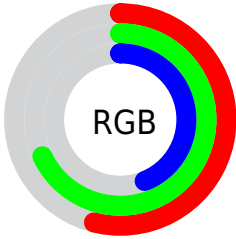
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 113, 173, 149 |
| Decimal | 9022833 |
| CIELab | 66.82, -23.35, 26.95 |
| CIElCh | 67, 35.662, 130.907 |
| Yxy | 36.3994, 0.3292, 0.4242 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287212913 (0xFF89AD71) |
| YUV | 155.3960, -20.9012, -16.1333 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 |

Details

The HunterLab color $60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $46.0631, 19.5382, -22.1643$, and the grayscale version is $57.4970, -3.0679, 3.1239$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.5653, -25.9865, 25.7811$, and $39.7260, -17.9393, 16.9257$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.3385, -26.4189, 25.1161$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.4385, -17.1754, 17.0740$.

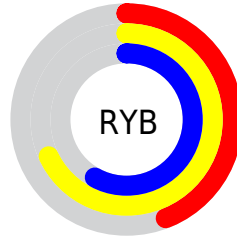
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (68%)

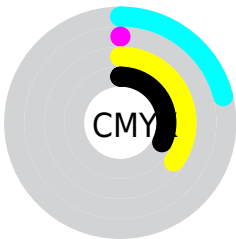
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (58%)

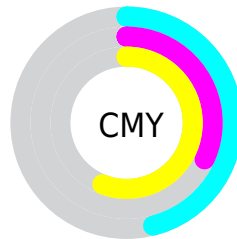


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.3306, -22.0226,
21.4365

■ 60.3306, -22.0226,
21.4365

181.8524,
-37.8287, 38.9610

■ 49.7421, -20.1255,
19.2656

■ 83.4554, -25.6800,
25.5688

■ 39.8567, -18.1578,
16.9938

■ 95.9213, -27.4597,
27.5593

■ 30.7298, -16.0940,
14.5871

■ 108.9526,
-29.2172, 29.5136

■ 22.4307, -13.8915,
11.9945

■ 122.5258,
-30.9582, 31.4395

■ 15.0522, -11.4769,
9.9708

136.6201,
-32.6867, 33.3428

■ 8.6917, -12.1718,
6.0842

151.2169,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-34.4062, 35.2283

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.2993,
-36.1194, 37.1000

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.3306, -22.0226,
21.4365

■ 60.3306, -22.0226,
21.4365

■ 59.3385, -26.4189,
25.1161

■ 61.4385, -17.1754,
17.0740

■ 58.4584, -30.3380,
28.1037

■ 62.6572, -11.9007,
12.0451

■ 57.6907, -33.7665,
30.4057

■ 63.9862, -6.2307,
6.3770

■ 57.0329, -36.6982,
32.0442

■ 65.4229, -0.1988,
0.1025

■ 56.4812, -39.1387,
33.0614

■ 66.9644, 6.1613,
-6.7415

■ 56.0297, -41.1082,
33.5260

■ 68.6072, 12.8159,
-14.1156

■ 55.8221, -42.0095,
33.6618

■ 70.3477, 19.7324,
-21.9794

■ 72.1820, 26.8800,
-30.2928

■ 73.4865, 31.1434,
-30.5037

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3319, -8.9175, 25.4850



60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365



60.3319, -29.5595, 12.0705

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.3319, -22.0240, 21.4371



60.3319, -12.9320, -31.3104



60.3319, 29.9495, 8.5485

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365



46.0631, 19.5382, -22.1643

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.3319, 28.5875, -7.0619



60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365



60.3319, 2.6921, -32.9698

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.3319, -22.0240, 21.4371



60.3319, -24.6995, -19.1192



60.3319, 18.2071, -23.1940



60.3319, 21.7552, 19.4376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365



60.3319, -30.9320, 2.8204



60.3319, 18.2071, -23.1940



60.3319, 30.6141, 3.7440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.3319, -22.0240, 21.4371



84.6335, -12.5684, 12.8034



56.1898, 0.0297, 18.1390



39.3429, -6.3354, 6.4423



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.3319, -22.0240, 21.4371



79.6558, -34.2578, 32.7244



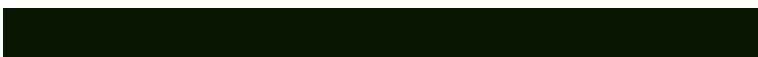
58.9334, -27.1563, 18.2800



30.1493, -4.2346, 4.3183



47.8776, -35.8692, 28.8740



8.1856, -5.1594, 4.9536

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.0631, 19.5382, -22.1643



56.5127, 33.5517, -38.8753



48.4619, 26.1152, -14.4109



28.2593, 1.2199, -1.3488



20.9858, 46.5006, -68.3123



3.9141, 8.2783, -9.6824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

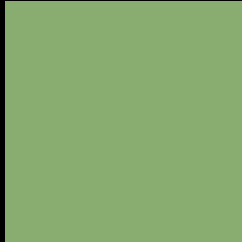
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

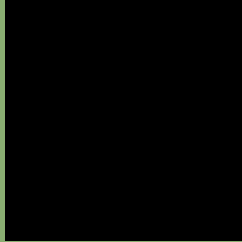
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.3306,

-22.0226, 21.4365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365

Protanopia

60.1278, -5.6790, 22.9613

Deuteranopia

59.9446, 4.2925, 20.3669



Tritanopia

60.2724, -6.1947, -4.4018

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365

Protanomaly

60.0663, -11.9498, 22.2422

Deuteranomaly

59.8935, -6.2077, 20.4409

Tritanomaly

60.1481, -12.7775, 6.7036

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365

Achromatopsia

57.2519, -3.0548, 3.1106

Achromatomaly

58.3352, -10.6976, 10.5416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 173, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 173, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 173, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 173, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 173, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 173, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 173, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 173, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 173, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 173,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.3306, -22.0226, 21.4365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 173, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
173, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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