

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073) contains.

<b>HunterLab(60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C79B56
RGB	199, 155, 86
RGB Percent	78%, 61%, 34%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3921, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.57, 0.22
HSL	37°, 50%, 56%
HSV	37°, 57%, 78%
XYZ	36.9542, 36.2567, 13.8546
YIQ	160.2900, 48.3730, -12.1310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

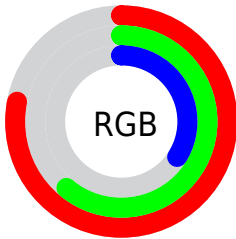
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">158, 199, 86</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13081430</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.72, 8.40, 42.02</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 42.850, 78.700</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.2584, 0.4244, 0.4164</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291271510</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC79B56</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">160.2900, -36.6250, 33.9487</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **46.9747, 1.8817, -39.2195**, and the grayscale version is **59.5410, -3.1770, 3.2350**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8656, 2.6607, 34.1744**, and **39.7303, 4.3315, 21.9455** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.8655, 6.7419, 30.4772**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6797, 1.9530, 25.7841**.

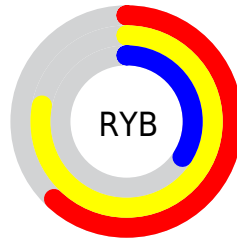
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (61%)

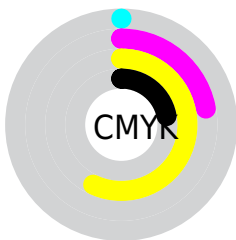
Blue (34%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (34%)

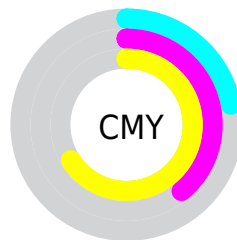


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (57%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073

60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073

181.6834, 0.8435,  
52.8629

49.6325, 4.2991,  
25.3264

83.3251, 3.7459,  
34.4582

39.7548, 4.3585,  
21.9625

95.7848, 3.4558,  
37.2758

30.6364, 4.3411,  
18.3708

108.8102, 3.1197,  
40.0122

22.3467, 4.2332,  
14.8924

122.3777, 2.7408,  
42.6808

14.9786, 4.0148,  
10.4850

136.4665, 2.3216,  
45.2921

8.6232, 3.8227,  
6.0363

151.0580, 1.8644,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

47.8550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.1353, 1.3711,  
50.3766

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073

■ 60.2135, 4.1753,  
28.5073

■ 57.8655, 6.7419,  
30.4772

■ 62.6797, 1.9530,  
25.7841

■ 55.6364, 9.6559,  
31.6751

■ 65.2540, 0.0793,  
22.3369

■ 53.5313, 12.8971,  
32.1094

■ 67.9323, -1.4583,  
18.2055

■ 51.5509, 16.4255,  
31.8415

■ 70.7085, -2.6733,  
13.4333

■ 50.9351, 17.5881,  
31.6939

■ 73.5771, -3.5818,  
8.0646

■ 76.5326, -4.2011,  
2.1433

■ 79.5698, -4.5491,  
-4.2889

■ 82.6839, -4.6432,  
-11.1924

■ 85.4807, -6.6405,  
-13.0640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.2150, 23.0734, 24.1062



60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073



60.2150, -14.5761, 27.9173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2150, 4.1727, 28.5079



60.2150, -34.2842, -9.0730



60.2150, 27.0291, -24.7370

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073



46.9747, 1.8817, -39.2195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.2150, 9.0539, -40.2529



60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073



60.2150, -25.6491, -29.4343

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2150, 4.1727, 28.5079



60.2150, -35.2460, 9.7472



60.2150, -10.2650, -42.1993



60.2150, 37.3273, -4.0003



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073



60.2150, -24.5587, 24.7121



60.2150, -10.2650, -42.1993



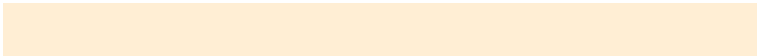
60.2150, 21.5875, -30.9809

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



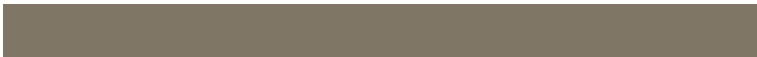
60.2150, 4.1727, 28.5079



93.3896, -3.4716, 18.0880



45.2129, 43.2308, 0.3648



42.8557, -1.4682, 8.9909

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2150, 4.1727, 28.5079



75.9023, 9.7363, 40.7677



72.2300, -20.7107, 36.9180



34.2006, -1.5847, 4.4685



41.0572, 13.6665, 25.5385



9.6743, 1.5254, 5.9880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9747, 1.8817, -39.2195



55.2504, 7.5359, -67.3481



36.5204, 26.9937, -64.7442



33.0960, -1.8822, -0.9890



25.0332, 16.3474, -66.5788



6.6100, 1.1127, -10.6639



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

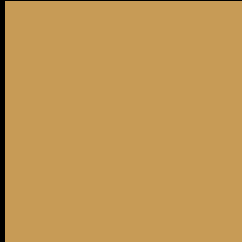
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

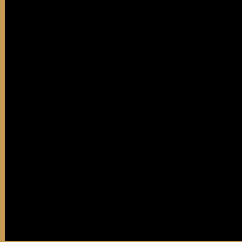
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2135, 4.1753,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073

### Protanopia

60.4147, -6.7746, 27.8334

### Deuteranopia

60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073



## Tritanopia

60.2621, 18.3025, 5.6277

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073

## Protanomaly

60.2373, -2.9392, 27.9791

## Deuteranomaly

60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073

## Tritanomaly

60.1458, 12.5656, 15.7623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073

## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

## Achromatomaly

59.2839, -1.6279, 14.3094

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 155, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 155, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 155, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 155, 86) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 155, 86) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 155, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 155, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 155, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 155, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 155,  
86) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.2135, 4.1753, 28.5073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 155, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
155, 86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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