

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.2144, -5.8238,
-56.1536)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.2144, -5.8238,
-56.1536) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.2493, -5.8803,
-56.0791)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33A9FF
RGB	51, 169, 255
RGB Percent	20%, 66%, 100%
CMY	0.7999, 0.3372, 0.0000
CMYK	0.80, 0.34, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	205°, 100%, 60%
HSV	205°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	33.6032, 36.2998, 99.8433
YIQ	143.5220, -97.9340, 1.7300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

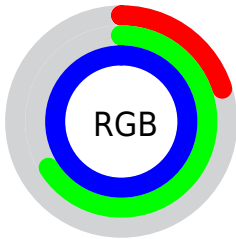
Format	Color
R _{YB}	51, 126, 255
Decimal	3385855
CIE Lab	66.75, -3.12, -51.63
CIE LCh	67, 51.728, 266.539
Yxy	36.3009, 0.1980, 0.2139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281575935 (0xFF33A9FF)
YUV	143.5220, 54.9587, -81.1418
Hunter-Lab	60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791

Details

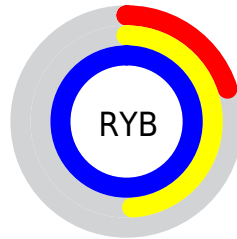
The HunterLab color **60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **62.7656, 34.5910, 36.3209**, and the grayscale version is **52.4363, -2.7979, 2.8490**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.6973, -22.6415, -20.1814**, and **40.9876, 0.3656, -52.0200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5445, -1.9330, -64.3928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.2810, -8.7946, -47.8063**.

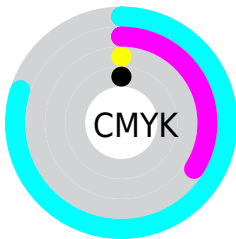
Distribution



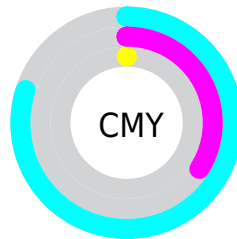
- Red (20%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.2493, -5.8803,
-56.0791

■ 60.2493, -5.8803,
-56.0791

181.7344,
-13.5701, -62.3126

■ 49.6655, -5.1454,
-55.4289

■ 83.3644, -7.4237,
-57.5672

■ 39.7855, -4.4364,
-54.9509

■ 95.8260, -8.2324,
-58.3300

■ 30.6646, -3.7524,
-54.8120

■ 108.8531, -9.0651,
-59.0771

■ 22.3720, -3.0924,
-55.3638

■ 122.4224, -9.9212,
-59.7975

■ 15.0008, -2.4533,
-57.4491

136.5128,
-10.8002, -60.4846

■ 8.6439, -2.0361,
-63.9665

151.1059,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-11.7017, -61.1342

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.1848,
-12.6251, -61.7440

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 60.2493, -5.8803,
-56.0791

■ 60.2493, -5.8803,
-56.0791

■ 56.5445, -1.9330,
-64.3928

■ 64.2810, -8.7946,
-47.8063

■ 53.1446, 2.9296,
-72.7490

■ 68.6230, -10.7001,
-39.6428

■ 53.1422, 2.9333,
-72.7552

■ 73.2556, -11.6614,
-31.6360

■ 78.1559, -11.7637,
-23.8172

■ 83.3014, -11.0975,
-16.2017

■ 88.6707, -9.7510,
-8.7921

■ 94.2442, -7.8055,
-1.5826

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.2502, -25.8313, -43.7674



60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791



60.2502, 17.9684, -48.1739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2502, -5.8798, -56.0770



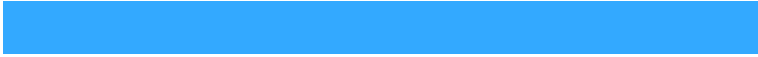
60.2502, 41.9555, 19.2855



60.2502, -36.0127, 22.2540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791



62.7656, 34.5910, 36.3209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.2502, -21.8292, 30.1792



60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791



60.2502, 23.3170, 28.9750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2502, -5.8798, -56.0770



60.2502, 47.9113, 0.6689



60.2502, -0.5093, 32.0698



60.2502, -41.4945, 5.7784

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791



60.2502, 32.5802, -33.6831



60.2502, -0.5093, 32.0698



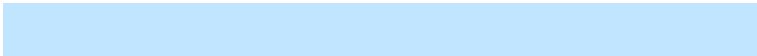
60.2502, -32.2201, 25.7265

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.2502, -5.8798, -56.0770



86.4935, -10.3669, -11.7368



86.0245, -64.2837, 35.8260



39.1334, -5.0103, -6.6540

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2502, -5.8798, -56.0770



54.4748, 0.9145, -69.3872



34.7284, 49.6525, -139.2504



43.7298, -3.5608, -0.5716



38.8054, 1.4314, -51.5934



12.9714, -1.0135, -14.0254

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4722, 81.8831, -10.0878



48.7254, 86.9144, -4.4924



90.9116, -16.9164, 53.6792



42.6184, 2.6921, 0.6371



34.9973, 63.1894, -2.6207



11.0200, 20.0769, -2.2188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

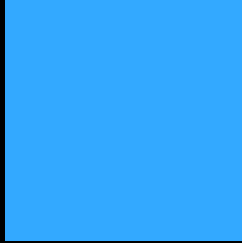
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

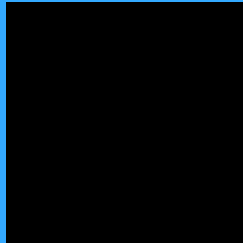
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

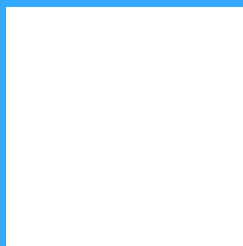
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

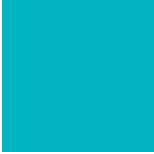
60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791

Protanopia

59.8777, 8.6957, -49.2845

Deuteranopia

59.9674, 5.4940, -56.4911



Tritanopia

60.0753, -28.6343, -13.2757

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791

Protanomaly

59.5373, 1.9013, -52.5304

Deuteranomaly

59.8712, 0.6177, -56.7861

Tritanomaly

59.7965, -21.0808, -27.9381

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791

Achromatopsia

52.8104, -2.8178, 2.8693

Achromatomaly

54.3674, -8.2252, -16.0963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 169, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 169, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 169, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 169, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

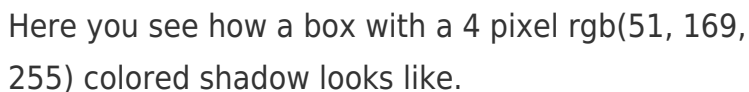
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 169, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 169, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 169, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 169, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 169, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 169,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.2493, -5.8803, -56.0791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 169, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 169,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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