

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.3442, 5.8987,
-44.9207)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.3442, 5.8987,
-44.9207) contains.

HunterLab(60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(60.4712, 5.8283,
-44.9994)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81A1F2
RGB	129, 161, 242
RGB Percent	51%, 63%, 95%
CMY	0.4941, 0.3686, 0.0510
CMYK	0.47, 0.33, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	223°, 81%, 73%
HSV	223°, 47%, 95%
XYZ	37.8251, 36.5677, 89.0690
YIQ	160.6660, -45.0730, 18.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

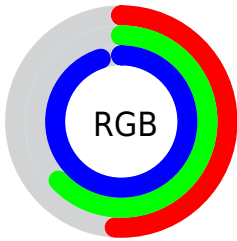
Format	Color
R _Y B	129, 154, 242
Decimal	8495602
CIE Lab	66.95, 10.23, -44.03
CIE LCh	67, 45.199, 283.078
Yxy	36.5690, 0.2314, 0.2237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286685682 (0xFF81A1F2)
YUV	160.6660, 40.0977, -27.7711
Hunter-Lab	60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994

Details

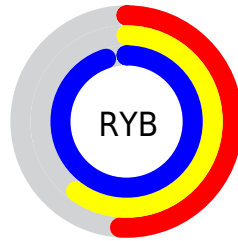
The HunterLab color $60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $81.5827, -3.5530, 35.1137$, and the grayscale version is $59.4182, -3.1704, 3.2283$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.7134, -5.6928, -18.3942$, and $39.9928, 5.5827, -43.3049$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.0782, 10.1662, -58.6003$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.2185, 2.3780, -32.6352$.

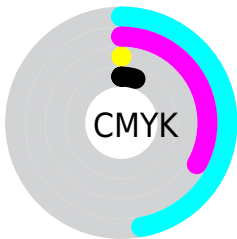
Distribution



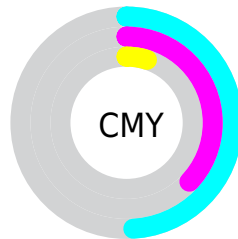
- Red (51%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.4712, 5.8283,
-44.9994

■ 60.4712, 5.8283,
-44.9994

182.0551, 3.1639,
-50.2123

■ 49.8738, 5.8639,
-44.3102

■ 83.6118, 5.5701,
-46.3988

■ 39.9790, 5.8270,
-43.6933

■ 96.0851, 5.3587,
-47.0671

■ 30.8419, 5.7067,
-43.2496

■ 109.1236, 5.0983,
-47.6996

■ 22.5317, 5.4882,
-43.1959

122.7036, 4.7922,
-48.2911

■ 15.1406, 5.1494,
-44.0559

136.8044, 4.4435,
-48.8389

■ 8.7731, 4.7707,
-47.6012

151.4075, 4.0544,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-49.3418

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.4961, 3.6273,
-49.7995

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 60.4712, 5.8283,
-44.9994

■ 60.4712, 5.8283,
-44.9994

■ 54.0782, 10.1662,
-58.6003

■ 67.2185, 2.3780,
-32.6352

■ 48.1076, 15.5743,
-73.6155

■ 74.2623, -0.3482,
-21.3145

■ 42.6523, 22.2211,
-90.1023

■ 81.5617, -2.4858,
-10.8517

■ 37.8268, 30.1762,
-107.8330

■ 89.0842, -4.1433,
-1.0889

■ 33.7575, 39.2438,
-126.0542

■ 96.8040, -5.4066,
8.1045

■ 32.5719, 42.3349,
-132.1010

■ 99.5946, -7.5612,
11.2280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.4723, -14.1435, -43.9034



60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994



60.4723, 25.7047, -30.4642

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.4723, 5.8283, -44.9979



60.4723, 27.8948, 23.5071



60.4723, -36.1333, 13.1044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994



81.5827, -3.5530, 35.1137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4723, -27.5757, 24.5661



60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994



60.4723, 8.5171, 29.0745

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.4723, 5.8283, -44.9979



60.4723, 39.5277, 11.0821



60.4723, -11.7845, 29.3848



60.4723, -36.6541, -5.6965

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994



60.4723, 35.5189, -15.9793



60.4723, -11.7845, 29.3848



60.4723, -34.1583, 17.7666

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.4723, 5.8283, -44.9979



88.6522, -3.1502, -8.7012



85.3374, -39.6572, 9.5347



40.2231, -1.2654, -5.0859

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.4723, 5.8283, -44.9979



57.7423, 10.5152, -61.3789



53.7890, 29.0102, -58.9440



39.9469, -1.7112, -1.7176



24.2880, 29.7940, -94.6747



8.0853, 5.7172, -22.4477

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.9529, 42.3998, 5.5017



59.3131, 55.0292, 7.5434



89.3986, -27.6925, 40.8270



39.7900, 1.9506, 2.0319



32.2318, 55.9668, 14.8667



9.3846, 16.4664, 3.0021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

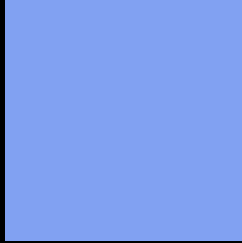
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994.

-44.9994.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994

Protanopia

60.5338, 7.4155, -44.0787

Deuteranopia

60.6329, 4.8784, -44.6967



Tritanopia

60.4656, -15.9960, -8.5726

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994

Protanomaly

60.3979, 6.9662, -44.3538

Deuteranomaly

60.6965, 5.0910, -44.5678

Tritanomaly

60.3187, -8.6384, -20.3798

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994

Achromatopsia

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

Achromatomaly

59.6632, -1.3926, -11.6706

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 161, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 161, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 161, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 161, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 161, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 161, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 161, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 161, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 161, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 161,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.4712, 5.8283, -44.9994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 161, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
161, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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