

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.4279, -7.0841,
-0.9563)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.4279, -7.0841,
-0.9563) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.5314, -7.2102,
-1.0563)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95A6AC
RGB	149, 166, 172
RGB Percent	58%, 65%, 67%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3490, 0.3255
CMYK	0.13, 0.03, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	196°, 12%, 63%
HSV	196°, 13%, 67%
XYZ	33.4770, 36.6405, 44.3376
YIQ	161.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

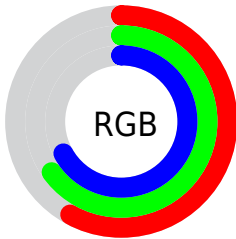
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 159, 172
Decimal	9807532
CIE _{Lab}	67.01, -4.68, -5.13
CIE _{LCh}	67, 6.941, 227.594
Yxy	36.6420, 0.2925, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287997612 (0xFF95A6AC)
YUV	161.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511
Hunter-Lab	60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563

Details

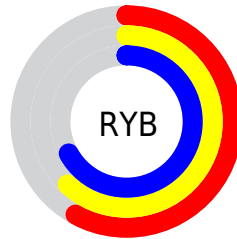
The HunterLab color $60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.6371, 1.3719, 7.4049$, and the grayscale version is $59.9296, -3.1977, 3.2561$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.6394, -9.0352, -0.1362$, and $39.9842, -5.4884, -1.8070$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.9132, -9.6009, -4.4403$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.2775, -4.4405, 2.3429$.

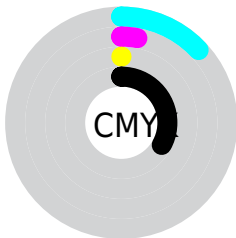
Distribution



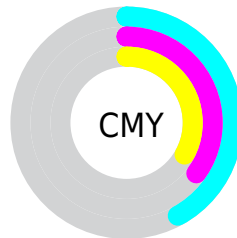
- Red (58%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.5314, -7.2102,
-1.0563

■ 60.5314, -7.2102,
-1.0563

182.1423,
-15.5110, 3.7490

■ 49.9304, -6.3910,
-1.3818

■ 83.6791, -8.9123,
-0.2580

■ 40.0315, -5.5897,
-1.6538

■ 96.1556, -9.7937,
0.2057

■ 30.8902, -4.8053,
-1.8650

109.1970,
-10.6958, 0.7089

■ 22.5752, -4.0344,
-2.0067

122.7800,
-11.6185, 1.2494

■ 15.1787, -3.2697,
-2.0667

136.8837,
-12.5616, 1.8253

■ 8.8079, -2.7862,
-2.0687

151.4895,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.5249, 2.4348

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.5807,
-14.5081, 3.0765

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5314, -7.2102,
-1.0563

■ 60.5314, -7.2102,
-1.0563

■ 57.9132, -9.6009,
-4.4403

■ 63.2775, -4.4405,
2.3429

■ 55.4271, -11.5686,
-7.7990

■ 66.1400, -1.3271,
5.7440

■ 53.0818, -13.0738,
-11.1151

■ 69.1126, 2.0927,
9.1405

■ 50.8845, -14.0778,
-14.3693

■ 72.1882, 5.7863,
12.5268

■ 48.8407, -14.5480,
-17.5399

■ 75.3601, 9.7242,
15.8995

■ 46.9540, -14.4622,
-20.6048

■ 78.6220, 13.8803,
19.2562

■ 45.2244, -13.8154,
-23.5441

■ 80.2204, 12.5775,
20.8048

■ 43.6465, -12.6287,
-26.3455

■ 81.5021, 10.1988,
22.0065

■ 42.6566, -11.6496,
-28.1688

■ 82.8009, 7.8289,
23.2107

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5327, -8.8257, 1.5511



60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563



60.5327, -4.5119, -2.5251

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5327, -7.2113, -1.0553



60.5327, 2.7155, 2.0607



60.5327, -5.0291, 8.4679

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563



58.6371, 1.3719, 7.4049

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5327, -1.9437, 8.5889



60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563



60.5327, 2.5702, 4.9884

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5327, -7.2113, -1.0553



60.5327, 1.2436, -0.6661



60.5327, 0.8506, 7.3446



60.5327, -7.5834, 7.0052

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563



60.5327, -2.4413, -2.6161



60.5327, 0.8506, 7.3446



60.5327, -4.0209, 8.6641

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5327, -7.2113, -1.0553



84.9641, -6.2577, 2.8350



61.8493, -12.8727, 8.2636



39.4795, -3.0516, 1.1646



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5327, -7.2113, -1.0553



80.4848, -10.7065, -2.7530



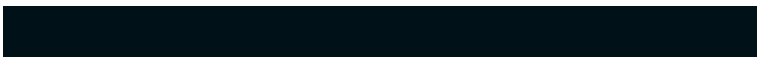
57.2087, -1.7641, -5.2294



29.5182, -2.9356, 0.1553



36.9228, -10.2301, -24.0666



6.7933, -2.5848, -2.9112

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4626, 7.0590, -1.6937



75.4972, 12.6347, -3.7663



61.8907, -4.1334, 10.8248



28.4813, 1.8409, -0.0664



27.7116, 51.6157, -14.3316



4.7110, 8.9244, -3.5973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

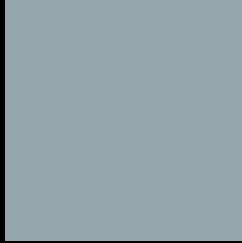
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

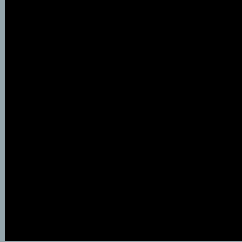
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

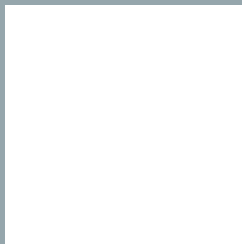
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563.

-1.0563.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563

Protanopia

60.5272, -1.2718, 0.0215

Deuteranopia

60.4222, 4.5196, -1.9831



Tritanopia

60.5051, -5.3756, -4.0848

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563

Protanomaly

60.4199, -3.0838, -0.6312

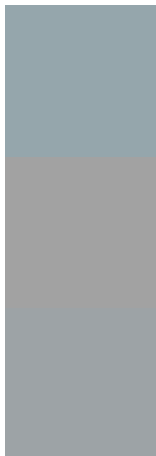
Deuteranomaly

60.4204, 0.0424, -1.5640

Tritanomaly

60.4391, -5.7395, -3.1515

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563

Achromatopsia

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658

Achromatomaly

60.0963, -4.5229, 1.3595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 166, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 166, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 166, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 166, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 166, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 166, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 166, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 166, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 166, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 166,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5314, -7.2102, -1.0563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 166, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
166, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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