

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B593E9
RGB	181, 147, 233
RGB Percent	71%, 58%, 91%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4235, 0.0863
CMYK	0.22, 0.37, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	264°, 66%, 75%
HSV	264°, 37%, 91%
XYZ	44.1978, 36.5744, 81.8209
YIQ	166.9700, -7.3420, 33.9540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

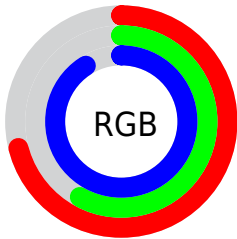
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	181, 147, 233
Decimal	11899881
CIE Lab	66.96, 29.80, -38.80
CIE LCh	67, 48.921, 307.522
Yxy	36.5759, 0.2718, 0.2249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290089961 (0xFFB593E9)
YUV	166.9700, 32.5528, 12.3043
Hunter-Lab	60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815

# Details

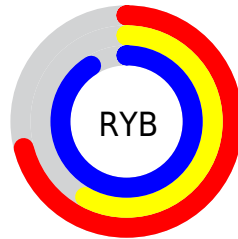
The HunterLab color  $60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be  $85.1630, -27.5532, 32.7761$ , and the grayscale version is  $62.0246, -3.3095, 3.3699$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $81.9576, 18.1711, -17.6214$ , and  $39.9696, 22.5993, -36.6763$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53.3203, 33.2221, -52.2853$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68.0889, 16.2987, -24.8878$ .

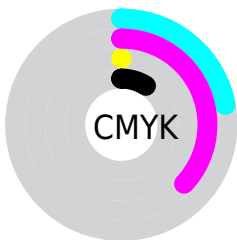
# Distribution



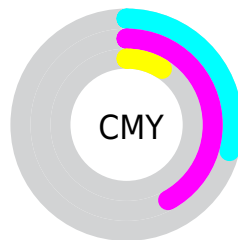
- Red (71%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815

60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815

182.0634, 28.8121,  
-42.1960

49.8792, 23.7414,  
-37.2176

83.6182, 26.0704,  
-39.1457

39.9839, 22.7528,  
-36.5759

96.0918, 26.6673,  
-39.7224

30.8465, 21.6378,  
-36.0229

109.1305, 27.1871,  
-40.2536

22.5358, 20.3836,  
-35.7067

122.7108, 27.6359,  
-40.7374

15.1442, 18.9865,  
-35.9895

136.8119, 28.0186,  
-41.1731

8.7764, 17.6483,  
-38.1341

151.4153, 28.3397,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-41.5609

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.5041, 28.6031,  
-41.9015

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815

■ 60.4768, 24.6174,  
-37.8815

■ 53.3203, 33.2221,  
-52.2853

■ 68.0889, 16.2987,  
-24.8878

■ 46.7232, 42.0455,  
-68.2995

■ 76.0738, 8.2586,  
-13.0623

■ 40.8312, 50.8333,  
-85.8926

■ 84.3741, 0.4572,  
-2.1735

■ 35.8287, 58.9837,  
-104.4625

■ 92.9459, -7.1503,  
7.9712

■ 31.9195, 65.4111,  
-122.3824

■ 98.9925, -10.2087,  
14.6473

■ 29.2440, 68.8242,  
-137.0722

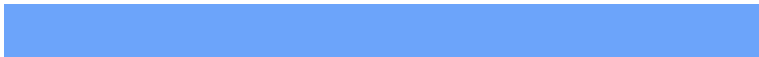
■ 99.3294, -9.0222,  
15.0322

■ 28.5738, 69.5225,  
-141.1392

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.4780, 2.3822, -51.4141



60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815



60.4780, 40.8105, -14.1147

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.4780, 24.6165, -37.8799



60.4780, 13.7277, 29.8429



60.4780, -39.5743, -2.1908

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815



85.1630, -27.5532, 32.7761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4780, -37.4320, 16.6929



60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815



60.4780, -8.6451, 31.0634

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.4780, 24.6165, -37.8799



60.4780, 33.9260, 22.9620



60.4780, -26.8021, 27.2255



60.4780, -33.1379, -26.5441



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815



60.4780, 44.8567, 1.5343



60.4780, -26.8021, 27.2255



60.4780, -39.8154, 4.9984

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.4780, 24.6165, -37.8799



89.6185, 4.0604, -7.2972



73.0832, -12.1154, -17.7204



40.8815, 2.4229, -4.1348

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.4780, 24.6165, -37.8799



61.1471, 34.2076, -53.4569



65.1419, 38.2563, -29.3562



38.5219, 1.1409, -2.2884



21.6791, 52.5241, -105.3545



6.5072, 15.1720, -27.0213



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.0507, 35.2924, -8.5470



67.4760, 47.9028, -11.5277



82.1929, -38.9052, 30.0527



38.9962, 2.4678, 0.4707



33.0819, 60.0220, -4.7333



9.3714, 17.1837, -2.7418



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

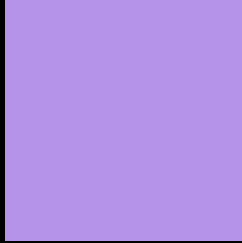
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

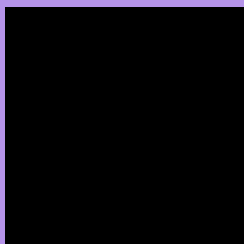
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815.

-37.8815.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815

### Protanopia

60.6148, 7.9813, -46.2270

### Deuteranopia

60.5738, 5.0179, -35.8631



## Tritanopia

60.5526, 1.9087, -0.8702

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815

## Protanomaly

60.2605, 13.6578, -43.7391

## Deuteranomaly

60.3461, 11.6432, -36.8895

## Tritanomaly

60.2797, 9.7441, -12.8863

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815

## Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

## Achromatomaly

61.3790, 5.9701, -9.6866

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 147, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 147, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 147, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 147, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 147, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 147, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 147, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 147, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 147, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 147,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.4768, 24.6174, -37.8815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 147, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
147, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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