

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.5244, 0.8662,
-21.1041)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.5244, 0.8662,
-21.1041) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.4200, 1.0920,
-21.3089)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A2D0
RGB	146, 162, 208
RGB Percent	57%, 64%, 82%
CMY	0.4274, 0.3647, 0.1843
CMYK	0.30, 0.22, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	225°, 40%, 69%
HSV	225°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	36.1596, 36.5058, 64.8151
YIQ	162.4600, -24.3020, 10.9140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

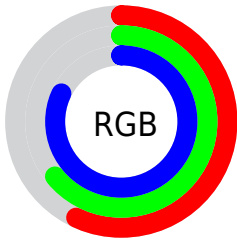
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 159, 208
Decimal	9609936
CIE _{Lab}	66.91, 4.95, -25.30
CIE _{LCh}	67, 25.782, 281.068
Yxy	36.5072, 0.2630, 0.2655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287800016 (0xFF92A2D0)
YUV	162.4600, 22.4512, -14.4354
Hunter-Lab	60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089

Details

The HunterLab color $60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $72.9281, -5.1183, 22.7388$, and the grayscale version is $60.2166, -3.2130, 3.2717$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.2245, -2.0480, -16.1528$, and $40.0605, 1.4103, -19.8932$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.4644, 3.7935, -31.3354$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.6068, -1.0893, -12.0961$.

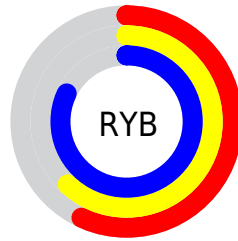
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (64%)

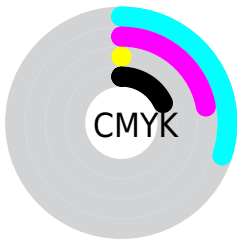
Blue (82%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (82%)

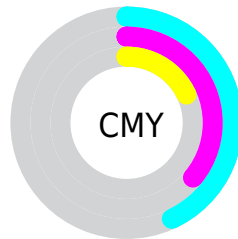


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.4200, 1.0920,
-21.3089

■ 60.4200, 1.0920,
-21.3089

181.9813, -3.5279,
-22.6186

■ 49.8259, 1.3961,
-20.8844

■ 83.5549, 0.3356,
-21.9766

■ 39.9344, 1.6453,
-20.4059

■ 96.0255, -0.1076,
-22.2236

■ 30.8011, 1.8317,
-19.8845

109.0613, -0.5906,
-22.4150

■ 22.4949, 1.9453,
-19.3546

122.6389, -1.1108,
-22.5531

■ 15.1084, 1.9711,
-18.9124

136.7373, -1.6663,
-22.6403

■ 8.7436, 1.9997,
-18.9859

151.3381, -2.2553,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-22.6789

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.4245, -2.8763,
-22.6710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.4200, 1.0920,
-21.3089

■ 60.4200, 1.0920,
-21.3089

■ 54.4644, 3.7935,
-31.3354

■ 66.6068, -1.0893,
-12.0961

■ 48.7764, 7.1406,
-42.3573

■ 72.9907, -2.8478,
-3.5472

■ 43.4097, 11.2797,
-54.5595

■ 79.5490, -4.2622,
4.4656

■ 38.4339, 16.3678,
-68.0887

■ 86.2628, -5.3940,
12.0444

■ 33.9393, 22.5288,
-82.9417

■ 93.1169, -6.2916,
19.2712

■ 30.0379, 29.7511,
-98.7592

■ 98.5273, -12.5304,
24.5824

■ 26.8200, 37.6466,
-114.7367

■ 98.6581, -12.7379,
24.7069

■ 26.7635, 37.7981,
-115.0472

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.4212, -10.2587, -20.2753



60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089



60.4212, 12.0505, -14.8858

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.4212, 1.0913, -21.3076



60.4212, 14.4270, 15.5765



60.4212, -22.8145, 9.7439

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089



72.9281, -5.1183, 22.7388

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4212, -17.1231, 17.1358



60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089



60.4212, 4.1414, 20.0408

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.4212, 1.0913, -21.3076



60.4212, 20.1256, 7.2019



60.4212, -7.4277, 20.5523



60.4212, -23.4964, -0.9047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089



60.4212, 17.4429, -7.8387



60.4212, -7.4277, 20.5523



60.4212, -21.4450, 12.6345

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.4212, 1.0913, -21.3076



92.4757, -3.7236, -3.7391



74.1659, -24.2143, 5.6566



42.2283, -1.5875, -2.4385

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.4212, 1.0913, -21.3076



71.0791, 3.5431, -35.0556



57.1269, 13.3137, -26.5005



34.5060, -1.3707, -1.5175



21.4427, 28.8687, -89.1207



6.2241, 3.7657, -15.9086

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.4793, 20.5233, 4.1146



71.4903, 33.0188, 5.6900



76.5478, -17.6594, 25.7951



34.4349, 1.5917, 1.8611



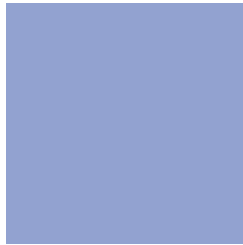
29.2154, 50.6403, 14.1654



7.0029, 12.3223, 1.9696

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

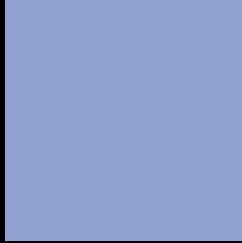
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

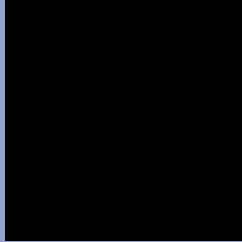
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089.

-21.3089.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089

Protanopia

60.4765, 2.6946, -20.5609

Deuteranopia

60.5104, 4.4506, -21.7409



Tritanopia

60.4220, -8.6268, -5.2903

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089

Protanomaly

60.3194, 2.1629, -20.8177

Deuteranomaly

60.5578, 3.1320, -21.6884

Tritanomaly

60.3148, -5.2108, -10.8130

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089

Achromatopsia

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658

Achromatomaly

60.1359, -2.0388, -5.0282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 162, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 162, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 162, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 162, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 162, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 162, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 162, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 162, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 162, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 162,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.4200, 1.0920, -21.3089 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 162, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
162, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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