

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.5244, 4.4177,
26.5724)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.5244, 4.4177,
26.5724) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.6330, 4.4461,
26.6184)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C79C60
RGB	199, 156, 96
RGB Percent	78%, 61%, 38%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3882, 0.6235
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.52, 0.22
HSL	35°, 48%, 58%
HSV	35°, 52%, 78%
XYZ	37.5530, 36.7636, 16.1832
YIQ	162.0170, 44.8880, -9.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

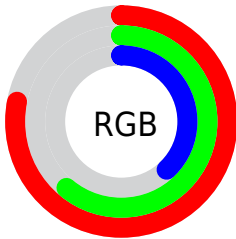
Format	Color
RYB	170, 199, 96
Decimal	13081696
CIELab	67.10, 8.70, 37.33
CIELCh	67, 38.335, 76.878
Yxy	36.7654, 0.4149, 0.4062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291271776 (0xFFC79C60)
YUV	162.0170, -32.5464, 32.4341
Hunter-Lab	60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184

Details

The HunterLab color $60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9966$. A complement of this color would be $50.0745, -0.7770, -33.1346$, and the grayscale version is $60.2331, -3.2139, 3.2726$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.3614, 3.2187, 31.4965$, and $40.1948, 4.7667, 20.7265$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.0953, 7.1129, 28.9255$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.2958, 2.1241, 23.5905$.

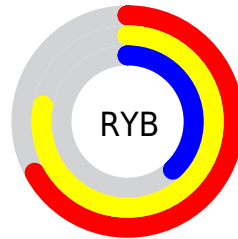
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (61%)

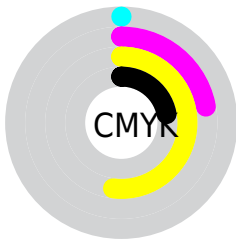
Blue (38%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (38%)

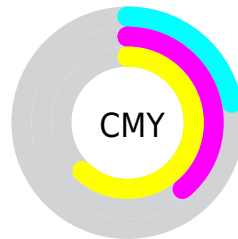


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.6330, 4.4461,
26.6184

■ 60.6330, 4.4461,
26.6184

182.2892, 1.2127,
48.7915

■ 50.0259, 4.5569,
23.7605

■ 83.7925, 4.0413,
31.9871

■ 40.1202, 4.6025,
20.7445

■ 96.2743, 3.7628,
34.5400

■ 30.9715, 4.5706,
17.5274

■ 109.3210, 3.4379,
37.0264

■ 22.6484, 4.4474,
14.1352

■ 122.9089, 3.0698,
39.4576

■ 15.2429, 4.2128,
10.6700

137.0173, 2.6611,
41.8429

■ 8.8661, 3.9160,
6.2063

151.6277, 2.2140,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

44.1898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.7234, 1.7307,
46.5043

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6330, 4.4461,
26.6184

■ 60.6330, 4.4461,
26.6184

■ 58.0953, 7.1129,
28.9255

■ 63.2958, 2.1241,
23.5905

■ 55.6852, 10.1322,
30.4792

■ 66.0721, 0.1468,
19.8805

■ 53.4104, 13.4903,
31.2677

■ 68.9564, -1.5016,
15.5347

■ 51.2753, 17.1590,
31.3108

■ 71.9419, -2.8374,
10.5997

■ 49.6156, 20.3493,
30.9291

■ 75.0220, -3.8784,
5.1218

■ 78.1906, -4.6435,
-0.8555

■ 81.4423, -5.1514,
-7.2911

■ 84.7640, -5.4621,
-14.0399

■ 87.3977, -9.7462,
-10.4979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6345, 21.0306, 22.0467



60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184



60.6345, -12.5333, 26.3259

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6345, 4.4435, 26.6191



60.6345, -31.7186, -6.5489



60.6345, 22.8019, -22.3441

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184



50.0745, -0.7770, -33.1346

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6345, 6.6522, -35.1210



60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184



60.6345, -24.2044, -24.4032

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6345, 4.4435, 26.6191



60.6345, -32.1692, 10.0090



60.6345, -10.5562, -35.9650



60.6345, 32.3976, -4.2746

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184



60.6345, -21.8141, 23.4383



60.6345, -10.5562, -35.9650



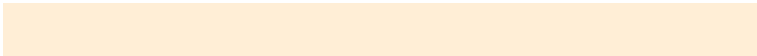
60.6345, 17.8832, -27.5956

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6345, 4.4435, 26.6191



93.4110, -3.0129, 17.0417



47.3501, 39.7183, -1.5029



42.8351, -1.2212, 8.5118

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6345, 4.4435, 26.6191



76.4972, 9.8486, 38.5632



72.7428, -18.5778, 35.4784



34.1265, -1.4609, 4.3891



40.0071, 15.8498, 24.9297



9.4796, 1.8941, 5.8744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.0745, -0.7770, -33.1346



59.9276, 2.4982, -56.6302



39.1987, 22.7967, -57.1741



33.1705, -2.0056, -0.8973



26.0784, 13.9357, -62.6789



6.8150, 0.7330, -10.1004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

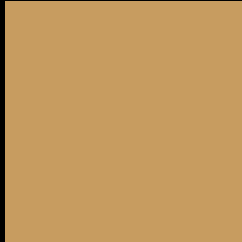
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

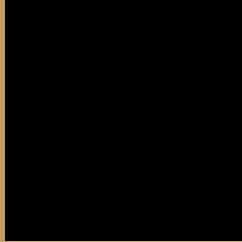
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6330, 4.4461,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184

Protanopia

60.8568, -6.4273, 25.8867

Deuteranopia

60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184



Tritanopia

60.5781, 18.0758, 5.0938

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184

Protanomaly

60.6718, -2.6176, 26.0478

Deuteranomaly

60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184

Tritanomaly

60.5276, 12.6605, 14.3354

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184

Achromatopsia

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658

Achromatomaly

60.0754, -1.6207, 13.2594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 156, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 156, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 156, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 156, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 156, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 156, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 156, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 156, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 156, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 156,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.6330, 4.4461, 26.6184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 156, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
156, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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