

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.5423, 24.5263,  
-15.1799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.5423, 24.5263,  
-15.1799) contains.

<b>HunterLab(60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(60.5423, 24.5263,  
-15.1799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C891C7
RGB	200, 145, 199
RGB Percent	78%, 57%, 78%
CMY	0.2157, 0.4314, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	301°, 33%, 68%
HSV	301°, 27%, 78%
XYZ	44.2536, 36.6537, 58.7753
YIQ	167.6010, 15.4460, 28.4540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

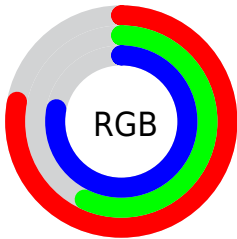
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 145, 199
Decimal	13144519
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.02, 29.70, -19.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 35.646, 326.428
Yxy	36.6553, 0.3168, 0.2624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291334599 (0xFFC891C7)
YUV	167.6010, 15.4797, 28.4139
Hunter-Lab	60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799

# Details

The HunterLab color  $60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $70.2886, -27.7189, 19.8856$ , and the grayscale version is  $62.3461, -3.3266, 3.3874$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $83.2627, 25.1811, -15.6216$ , and  $40.0868, 22.4254, -14.5268$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $55.7266, 35.1544, -22.2991$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $65.8270, 13.9504, -8.0607$ .

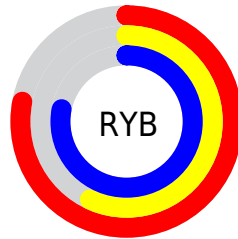
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (57%)

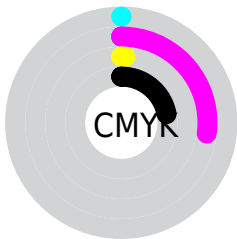
Blue (78%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (78%)

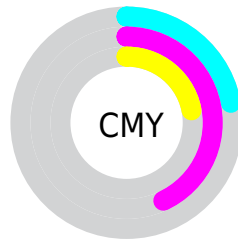


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (43%)











Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799	 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799
182.1581, 28.6842, -14.9711	 49.9407, 23.6541, -14.9209
 83.6913, 25.9695, -15.5030	 40.0411, 22.6705, -14.5964
 96.1684, 26.5621, -15.5768	 30.8989, 21.5605, -14.2056
109.2104, 27.0779, -15.5959	 22.5831, 20.3115, -13.7579
122.7939, 27.5227, -15.5636	 15.1856, 18.9191, -13.2905
136.8981, 27.9016, -15.4826	 8.8142, 17.5655, -13.0158
151.5044, 28.2190,	0.0000, INF, -NF

-15.3554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.5961, 28.4788,  
-15.1842

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5423, 24.5263,  
-15.1799

■ 60.5423, 24.5263,  
-15.1799

■ 55.7266, 35.1544,  
-22.2991

■ 65.8270, 13.9504,  
-8.0607

■ 51.4523, 45.5929,  
-29.2521

■ 71.5101, 3.5673,  
-1.0413

■ 47.8019, 55.4485,  
-35.7717

■ 77.5365, -6.5652,  
5.8349

■ 44.8518, 64.1880,  
-41.5002

■ 83.8596, -16.4329,  
12.5543

■ 42.6570, 71.2118,  
-46.0404

■ 90.4412, -26.0464,  
19.1208

41.2284, 76.0271,  
-49.0712

93.8218, -30.7360,  
22.2826

40.4900, 78.5449,  
-50.5454

93.8309, -30.6833,  
22.1504

40.3505, 79.0194,  
-50.8088

93.8401, -30.6306,  
22.0179

93.8493, -30.5778,  
21.8852

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5436, 11.0434, -29.1196



60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799



60.5436, 30.5509, 1.4477

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5436, 24.5245, -15.1785



60.5436, -1.3091, 25.7963



60.5436, -28.3437, -11.1949

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799



70.2886, -27.7189, 19.8856

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5436, -30.9262, 5.0869



60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799



60.5436, -16.2993, 24.0470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5436, 24.5245, -15.1785



60.5436, 14.6938, 22.9265



60.5436, -26.7462, 17.3218



60.5436, -19.2910, -26.4325



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799



60.5436, 29.1134, 10.9859



60.5436, -26.7462, 17.3218



60.5436, -29.9540, -5.5581

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5436, 24.5245, -15.1785



93.6184, 5.5270, -1.9344



55.2505, 7.9606, -24.4552



42.7719, 3.5137, -1.5426

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5436, 24.5245, -15.1785



75.7964, 40.6344, -25.5812



59.5772, 19.6370, -1.5796



32.8834, 2.5693, -1.0980



32.1773, 63.0173, -40.5452



7.0096, 13.7395, -8.9233



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.5436, 24.5245, -15.1785



75.7964, 40.6344, -25.5812



70.9667, -23.7926, 10.1046



32.8834, 2.5693, -1.0980



32.1773, 63.0173, -40.5452



7.0096, 13.7395, -8.9233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

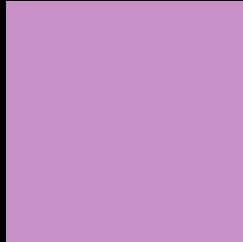
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

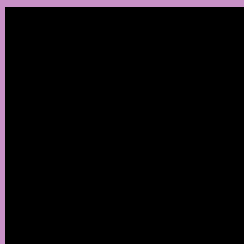
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799.

-15.1799.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799

### Protanopia

60.9287, 3.0629, -22.3728

### Deuteranopia

60.7566, 4.2571, -13.4514



## Tritanopia

60.5829, 12.8507, 3.6451

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799

## Protanomaly

60.5945, 10.3579, -20.2412

## Deuteranomaly

60.5838, 10.9590, -14.1719

## Tritanomaly

60.4151, 17.2126, -2.7806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799

## Achromatopsia

62.5758, -3.3389, 3.3999

## Achromatomaly

61.7249, 6.2966, -2.8207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 145, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 145, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 145, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 145, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

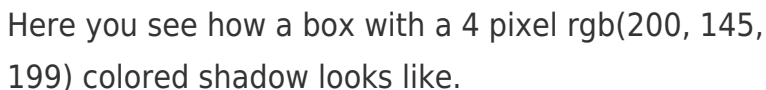
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 145, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 145, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 145, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 145, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 145, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 145, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5423, 24.5263, -15.1799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 145, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
145, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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