

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA3AF
RGB	159, 163, 175
RGB Percent	62%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.3765, 0.3608, 0.3137
CMYK	0.09, 0.07, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	225°, 9%, 65%
HSV	225°, 9%, 69%
XYZ	35.1332, 36.6605, 45.7820
YIQ	163.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

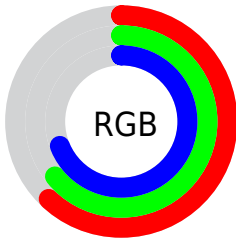
Format	Color
RYB	159, 162, 175
Decimal	10462127
CIELab	67.02, 0.98, -6.69
CIELCh	67, 6.763, 278.361
Yxy	36.6620, 0.2988, 0.3118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288652207 (0xFF9FA3AF)
YUV	163.1720, 5.8312, -3.6588
Hunter-Lab	60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473

Details

The HunterLab color $60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63.8300, -4.0369, 8.7926$, and the grayscale version is $60.5692, -3.2318, 3.2908$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.7905, -3.4193, -1.9239$, and $39.9839, -1.0254, -3.1670$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.2963, -0.9100, -9.4299$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.9425, -3.5873, 4.1042$.

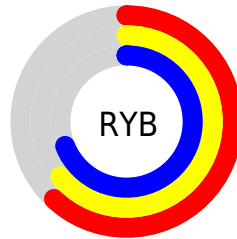
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (64%)

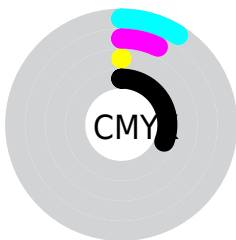
Blue (69%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (69%)

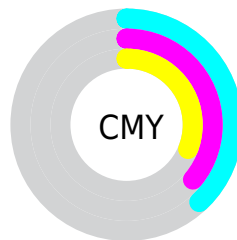


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473

■ 60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473

182.1661, -8.5054,
1.8232

■ 49.9459, -1.8709,
-2.7005

■ 83.6975, -3.5248,
-1.7836

■ 40.0459, -1.3983,
-2.8965

■ 96.1748, -4.1466,
-1.3831

■ 30.9034, -0.9708,
-3.0272

109.2172, -4.8005,
-0.9408

■ 22.5870, -0.5935,
-3.0834

122.8009, -5.4851,
-0.4590

■ 15.1891, -0.2734,
-3.0528

136.9054, -6.1989,
0.0601

■ 8.8173, 0.0151,
-2.9620

151.5119, -6.9409,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.6145

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.6039, -7.7100,
1.2027

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473

■ 60.5479, -2.3835,
-2.4473

■ 55.2963, -0.9100,
-9.4299

■ 65.9425, -3.5873,
4.1042

■ 50.2028, 0.8986,
-16.9490

■ 71.4612, -4.5662,
10.3039

■ 45.2930, 3.1193,
-25.1280

■ 77.0933, -5.3594,
16.2188

■ 40.5983, 5.8496,
-34.1124

■ 82.8289, -5.9973,
21.9018

■ 36.1604, 9.2064,
-44.0576

■ 88.6597, -6.5040,
27.3951

■ 32.0343, 13.3164,
-55.0934

■ 93.6504, -10.1627,
31.8517

■ 28.2922, 18.2850,
-67.2411

■ 97.8706, -16.8061,
35.4431

■ 25.0244, 24.1198,
-80.2516

■ 97.9159, -16.8760,
35.4812

■ 22.3028, 30.5315,
-93.5425

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5492, -5.3669, -2.0839



60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473



60.5492, 0.4234, -1.2117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5492, -2.3847, -2.4463



60.5492, 1.4012, 6.6347



60.5492, -8.5535, 5.3037

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473



63.8300, -4.0369, 8.7926

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5492, -6.8065, 7.4815



60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473



60.5492, -1.0711, 8.2232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5492, -2.3847, -2.4463



60.5492, 2.6371, 4.0960



60.5492, -4.0786, 8.5254



60.5492, -8.8896, 2.4847

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473



60.5492, 1.8051, 0.3167



60.5492, -4.0786, 8.5254



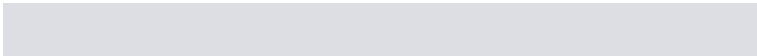
60.5492, -8.1135, 6.1309

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5492, -2.3847, -2.4463



85.4056, -4.2105, 2.1270



64.0013, -8.9374, 3.7116



39.9920, -1.9254, 0.6744



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5492, -2.3847, -2.4463



79.5751, -2.8194, -5.1360



59.7081, 0.7021, -3.4700



28.4089, -1.1107, -1.1984



18.9197, 25.6007, -78.9125



4.3161, 1.3992, -8.4152

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.4610, 2.5108, 3.3188



79.4496, 5.1870, 4.4037



64.6929, -7.1456, 9.6763



28.3672, 1.2280, 1.5581



25.8155, 44.7428, 12.5497



4.4062, 7.8313, 0.6339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

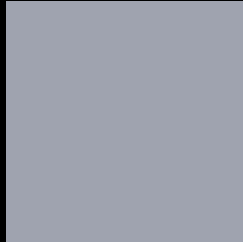
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

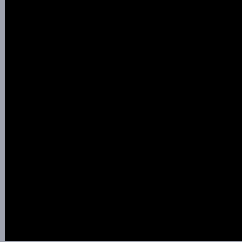
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473.

-2.4473.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473

Protanopia

60.5666, -0.8822, -1.8949

Deuteranopia

60.3925, 4.5503, -3.0312



Tritanopia

60.5804, -2.2056, -2.9086

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473

Protanomaly

60.4798, -1.1812, -2.0100

Deuteranomaly

60.4988, 1.9838, -2.9398

Tritanomaly

60.5804, -2.2056, -2.9086

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473

Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881

Achromatomaly

60.5523, -2.8722, 1.4647

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 163, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 163, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 163, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 163, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 163, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 163, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 163, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 163, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 163, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 163,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5479, -2.3835, -2.4473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 163, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
163, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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