

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.5717,  
-27.1201, 3.8445)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5CB2A1
RGB	92, 178, 161
RGB Percent	36%, 70%, 63%
CMY	0.6392, 0.3019, 0.3686
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.10, 0.30
HSL	168°, 36%, 53%
HSV	168°, 48%, 70%
XYZ	26.7670, 36.6893, 39.3892
YIQ	150.3480, -45.7990, -23.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

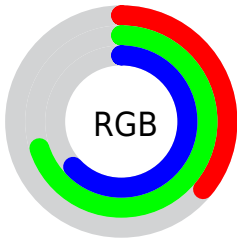
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	92, 140, 178
Decimal	6075041
CIELab	67.04, -30.21, 0.67
CIELCh	67, 30.217, 178.725
Yxy	36.6908, 0.2603, 0.3567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284265121 (0xFF5CB2A1)
YUV	150.3480, 5.2514, -51.1712
Hunter-Lab	60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445

# Details

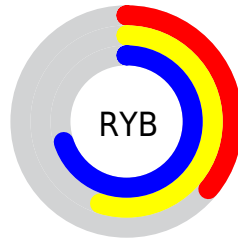
The HunterLab color **60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **42.6901, 29.6109, 6.7280**, and the grayscale version is **55.3602, -2.9539, 3.0078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.7254, -31.3286, 5.0373**, and **40.1452, -22.3432, 2.5593** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.7970, -30.3522, 4.4729**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.5172, -23.2904, 3.4105**.

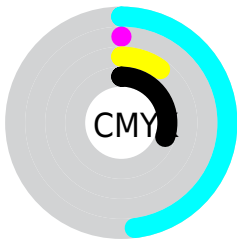
# Distribution



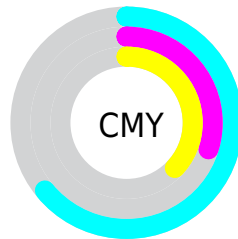
- Red (36%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445

■ 60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445

182.2004,  
-45.7907, 10.7108

■ 49.9681, -24.8050,  
3.2336

■ 83.7239, -31.5291,  
5.1684

■ 40.0666, -22.3840,  
2.6578

■ 96.2025, -33.6528,  
5.8769

■ 30.9223, -19.8203,  
2.1201

■ 109.2460,  
-35.7372, 6.6148

■ 22.6041, -17.0555,  
1.6233

■ 122.8309,  
-37.7900, 7.3810

■ 15.2041, -13.9902,  
1.1709

136.9365,  
-39.8173, 8.1746

■ 8.8309, -15.3782,  
0.7962

151.5441,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-41.8239, 8.9947

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.6371,  
-43.8140, 9.8403

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445

■ 60.5717, -27.1201,  
3.8445

■ 59.7970, -30.3522,  
4.4729

■ 61.5172, -23.2904,  
3.4105

■ 59.1830, -32.9817,  
5.2799

■ 62.6332, -18.8802,  
3.1772

■ 58.7214, -35.0252,  
6.2474


■ 63.9220, -13.9220,  
3.1490

■ 58.3982, -36.5207,  
7.3513


■ 65.3822, -8.4565,  
3.3256


■ 58.1867, -37.5663,  
8.5527


■ 67.0110, -2.5310,  
3.7026

 58.1546, -37.7280,  
8.7559

 68.8038, 3.8046,  
4.2727

 70.7552, 10.4995,  
5.0264

 72.8588, 17.5046,  
5.9524

 75.1077, 24.7740,  
7.0388

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5729, -23.9131, 14.7932



60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



60.5729, -24.4105, -9.8495

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5729, -27.1207, 3.8453



60.5729, 9.7875, -22.6798



60.5729, 10.8767, 20.8701

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



42.6901, 29.6109, 6.7280

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5729, 21.3191, 14.0300



60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



60.5729, 20.6524, -11.0152

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5729, -27.1207, 3.8453



60.5729, -3.8131, -27.0443



60.5729, 25.0421, 2.7439



60.5729, -2.6553, 23.1938



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



60.5729, -19.4655, -18.4171



60.5729, 25.0421, 2.7439



60.5729, 14.9071, 19.1088

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5729, -27.1207, 3.8453



86.8511, -15.8299, 4.3043



59.8990, -32.7527, 26.3131



40.6867, -8.1789, 2.0076



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5729, -27.1207, 3.8453



80.4595, -41.1429, 6.0908



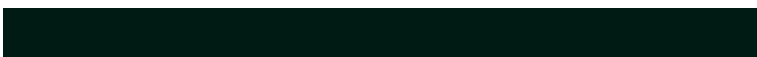
52.9268, -12.6532, -14.7935



30.9874, -4.2897, 1.5671



49.1999, -31.8572, 7.2749



8.7692, -5.3963, 0.6882



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.6901, 29.6109, 6.7280



52.2073, 49.6901, 11.3582



48.1130, 15.0376, 17.4321



29.2093, 1.2114, 1.7802



26.2056, 45.2403, 14.1231

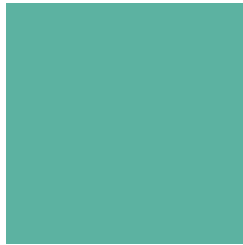


4.7343, 8.3409, 1.2503



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

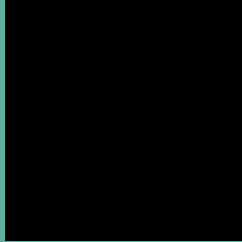
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5717,

-27.1201, 3.8445.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445

### Protanopia

60.3593, -2.9036, 7.9628

### Deuteranopia

60.0505, 4.1597, 1.9292



## Tritanopia

60.5081, -18.9559, -9.6663

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



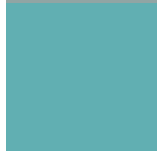
## Protanomaly

59.9560, -13.4217, 6.0438



## Deuteranomaly

59.6744, -9.2102, 1.7141



## Tritanomaly

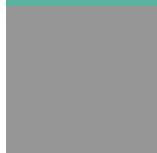
60.3454, -21.9068, -4.5818

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445



## Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005



## Achromatomaly

56.6938, -12.7665, 2.7391

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 178, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 178, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 178, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 178, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 178, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 178, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 178, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 178, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 178, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 178,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5717, -27.1201, 3.8445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 178, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 178,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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