

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795) contains.

<b>HunterLab(60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF7F38
RGB	255, 127, 56
RGB Percent	100%, 50%, 22%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5019, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.78, 0.00
HSL	21°, 100%, 61%
HSV	21°, 78%, 100%
XYZ	49.5433, 36.7243, 8.2187
YIQ	157.1780, 99.0790, 5.0550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

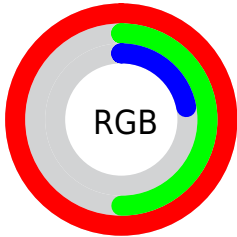
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 166, 56
Decimal	16744248
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.07, 44.33, 58.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 73.560, 52.940
Yxy	36.7263, 0.5243, 0.3887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294934328 (0xFFFF7F38)
YUV	157.1780, -49.8808, 85.7899
Hunter-Lab	60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795

# Details

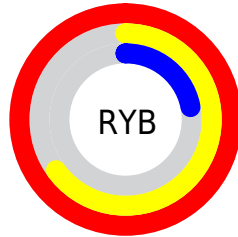
The HunterLab color **60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **65.0684, -12.8626, -46.3360**, and the grayscale version is **58.3083, -3.1112, 3.1680**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.6985, 14.2664, 35.0178**, and **39.9674, 36.9525, 25.2746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.1311, 47.2492, 34.7212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.5210, 32.6855, 33.0852**.

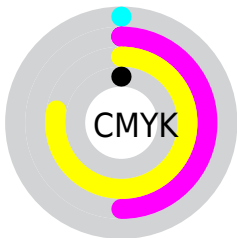
# Distribution



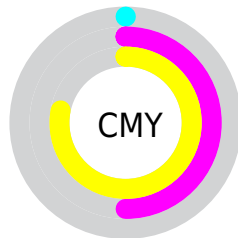
- Red (100%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795

60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795

182.2427, 48.7282,  
66.5889

49.9957, 38.4238,  
30.0804

83.7566, 42.4503,  
42.3904

40.0922, 36.8552,  
25.5421

96.2368, 43.5891,  
46.1569

30.9458, 35.1683,  
20.9635

109.2818, 44.6380,  
49.7946

22.6253, 33.3784,  
15.8377

122.8681, 45.6031,  
53.3217

15.2226, 31.5526,  
10.6558

136.9750, 46.4900,  
56.7532

8.8477, 30.1090,  
6.1934

151.5840, 47.3036,

0.0000, INF, NaN

60.1014

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.6783, 48.0484,  
63.3771

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795

■ 60.6006, 39.8794,  
34.3795

■ 57.1311, 47.2492,  
34.7212

■ 64.5210, 32.6855,  
33.0852

■ 54.1415, 54.5641,  
34.1596

■ 68.8458, 25.8333,  
30.8950

■ 53.6098, 55.9484,  
34.0136

■ 73.5345, 19.4022,  
27.9046

■ 78.5477, 13.4265,  
24.2181

■ 83.8495, 7.9073,  
19.9341

89.4082, 2.8253,  
15.1401

95.1966, -1.8495,  
9.9104

99.9999, -5.3360,  
5.4331

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6023, 66.8555, 22.4040



60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795



60.6023, 4.7503, 37.8102

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6023, 39.8749, 34.3803



60.6023, -54.1735, 10.2501



60.6023, 23.4915, -82.6088

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795



65.0684, -12.8626, -46.3360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6023, -10.8306, -92.1951



60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795



60.6023, -51.2485, -25.2126

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6023, 39.8749, 34.3803



60.6023, -45.9669, 29.5425



60.6023, -36.8925, -67.2123



60.6023, 56.0730, -45.4333



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795



60.6023, -16.7835, 37.5473



60.6023, -36.8925, -67.2123



60.6023, 11.6153, -89.7630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6023, 39.8749, 34.3803



86.6201, 5.2939, 17.5776



52.5415, 82.8378, -18.1874



39.1524, 3.3110, 8.9198

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6023, 39.8749, 34.3803



55.2899, 51.6398, 34.4766



86.8774, -10.4325, 50.7973



43.6436, -0.5497, 4.9512



39.0799, 39.5445, 24.7731



12.9785, 10.2894, 8.1775



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.0684, -12.8626, -46.3360



59.8960, -7.8806, -56.8808



38.3311, 40.0124, -122.0173



43.9624, -3.9398, -0.2897



42.3563, -4.5231, -43.1776



13.9764, -2.6021, -11.8520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6006, 39.8794,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795

### Protanopia

60.7366, -7.6876, 32.2595

### Deuteranopia

60.5203, 4.4312, 34.7352



## Tritanopia

60.6334, 47.4525, 17.8840

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795

## Protanomaly

60.0303, 8.6257, 32.6401

## Deuteranomaly

60.1407, 16.8367, 34.3783

## Tritanomaly

60.5265, 44.0293, 25.7534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795

## Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

## Achromatomaly

57.6639, 9.4787, 17.4278

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 127, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 127, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 127, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 127, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 127, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 127, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 127, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 127, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 127, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 127,  
56) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.6006, 39.8794, 34.3795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 127, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
127, 56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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