

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.6139, -6.8583,
-4.5222)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.6139, -6.8583,
-4.5222) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.5294, -6.7613,
-4.5950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A6B3
RGB	146, 166, 179
RGB Percent	57%, 65%, 70%
CMY	0.4274, 0.3490, 0.2980
CMYK	0.18, 0.07, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	204°, 18%, 64%
HSV	204°, 18%, 70%
XYZ	33.6269, 36.6381, 47.9473
YIQ	161.5020, -16.0930, -0.1970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

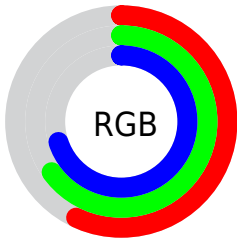
Format	Color
RYB	146, 158, 179
Decimal	9610931
CIELab	67.01, -4.15, -9.05
CIELCh	67, 9.952, 245.376
Yxy	36.6396, 0.2845, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287801011 (0xFF92A6B3)
YUV	161.5020, 8.6265, -13.5953
Hunter-Lab	60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Details

The HunterLab color $60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.3782, 1.2910, 10.5226$, and the grayscale version is $59.8764, -3.1949, 3.2532$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.6603, -8.4210, -4.2982$, and $39.9673, -5.1724, -4.7444$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.1244, -7.9615, -9.2048$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.0661, -5.1810, -0.0825$.

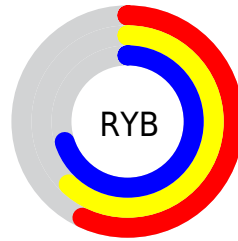
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (65%)

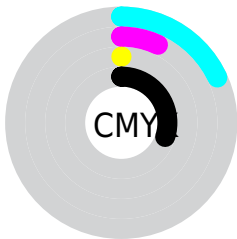
Blue (70%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (70%)

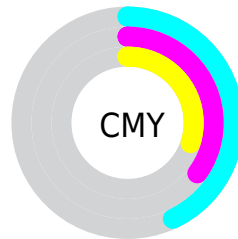


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.5294, -6.7613,
-4.5950

■ 60.5294, -6.7613,
-4.5950

182.1394,
-14.8544, -1.1119

■ 49.9285, -5.9713,
-4.7435

■ 83.6768, -8.4097,
-4.1280

■ 40.0298, -5.2015,
-4.8300

■ 96.1532, -9.2664,
-3.8204

■ 30.8885, -4.4516,
-4.8460

109.1946,
-10.1448, -3.4676

■ 22.5737, -3.7187,
-4.7826

122.7775,
-11.0448, -3.0724

■ 15.1774, -2.9972,
-4.6290

136.8810,
-11.9661, -2.6373

■ 8.8067, -2.5220,
-4.4264

151.4868,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.9083, -2.1643

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.5779,
-13.8712, -1.6553

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5294, -6.7613,
-4.5950

■ 60.5294, -6.7613,
-4.5950

■ 57.1244, -7.9615,
-9.2048

■ 64.0661, -5.1810,
-0.0825

■ 53.8587, -8.7298,
-13.9146

■ 67.7203, -3.2615,
4.3326

■ 50.7457, -9.0152,
-18.7178

■ 71.4838, -1.0427,
8.6564

■ 47.7983, -8.7641,
-23.6024

■ 75.3484, 1.4410,
12.8954

■ 45.0288, -7.9265,
-28.5479

■ 79.3063, 4.1601,
17.0568

■ 42.4486, -6.4624,
-33.5256

■ 83.3510, 7.0890,
21.1476

■ 40.0653, -4.3531,
-38.5007

■ 85.6138, 3.9782,
23.2892

■ 37.8664, -1.6627,
-43.4735

■ 87.7345, 0.2889,
25.2453

■ 37.5301, -1.2219,
-44.2715

■ 89.8924, -3.3745,
27.2028

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5306, -10.0629, -1.6171



60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950



60.5306, -2.4280, -5.3959

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5306, -6.7623, -4.5940



60.5306, 5.5371, 4.0536



60.5306, -8.1147, 9.5718

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950



60.3782, 1.2910, 10.5226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5306, -4.0338, 10.8619



60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950



60.5306, 3.9139, 7.8268

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5306, -6.7623, -4.5940



60.5306, 4.7557, -0.2010



60.5306, 0.3790, 10.2468



60.5306, -10.8278, 6.5939

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950



60.5306, 0.4834, -4.5429



60.5306, 0.3790, 10.2468



60.5306, -6.8619, 10.2071

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5306, -6.7623, -4.5940



86.8649, -6.3724, 1.2799



63.9085, -16.3103, 8.8110



40.7404, -3.0731, 0.4231



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5306, -6.7623, -4.5940



79.1902, -9.7460, -8.5609



55.7954, 1.1294, -10.9190



30.0972, -2.5188, -0.2253



31.7531, -1.3704, -36.7303



6.5349, -1.6503, -4.6054

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.3545, 10.9010, -1.7631



74.1364, 18.8058, -3.7716



65.0984, -6.6043, 15.2294



29.3068, 1.7355, 0.3909



27.4918, 49.9382, -4.3882



4.9889, 9.2613, -2.3396

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

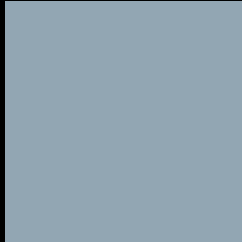
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

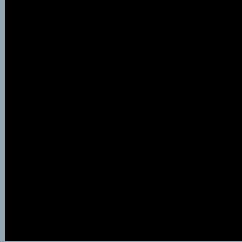
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5294, -6.7613,

-4.5950.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Protanopia

60.5447, -0.8278, -2.9302

Deuteranopia

60.2793, 4.5053, -5.7759



Tritanopia

60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Protanomaly

60.3628, -2.8947, -3.7112

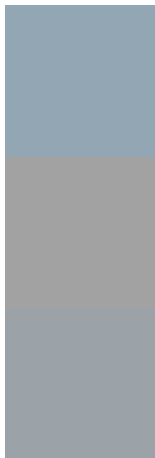
Deuteranomaly

60.3010, 0.0945, -5.2972

Tritanomaly

60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950

Achromatopsia

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658

Achromatomaly

60.0745, -4.4761, 0.3773

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 166, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 166, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 166, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 166, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 166, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 166, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 166, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 166, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 166, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 166,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5294, -6.7613, -4.5950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 166, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
166, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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