

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.6256, 12.3495,  
-12.9189)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.6256, 12.3495,  
-12.9189) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.6256, 12.3495,  
-12.9189)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B49AC3
RGB	180, 154, 195
RGB Percent	71%, 60%, 76%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3961, 0.2353
CMYK	0.08, 0.21, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	278°, 25%, 68%
HSV	278°, 21%, 76%
XYZ	40.2283, 36.7546, 56.6038
YIQ	166.4480, 2.3350, 18.2630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

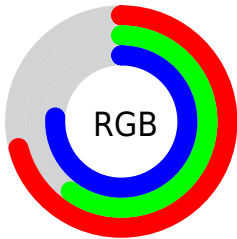
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">180, 154, 195</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11836099</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.09, 17.25, -17.55</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 24.606, 314.501</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.7562, 0.3011, 0.2751</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290026179 (0xFFB49AC3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.4480, 14.0761, 11.8851</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $70.5686, -17.9882, 17.4819$ , and the grayscale version is  $61.8804, -3.3018, 3.3621$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $83.6498, 13.0547, -13.5030$ , and  $40.1692, 11.5143, -12.2408$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $54.7715, 20.3319, -21.7838$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.7855, 4.5149, -4.6038$ .

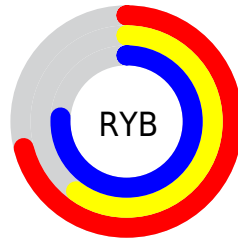
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (60%)

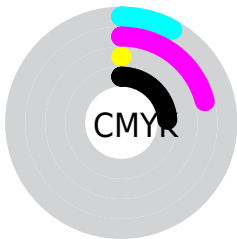
Blue (76%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (76%)

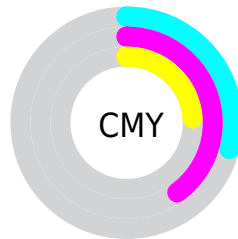


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189

■ 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189

182.2783, 12.2102, -12.0829

■ 50.0188, 12.0417, -12.7337

■ 83.7840, 12.7268, -13.0949

■ 40.1136, 11.6441, -12.4811

■ 96.2655, 12.8142, -13.0962

■ 30.9655, 11.1415, -12.1573

109.3117, 12.8413, -13.0442

■ 22.6430, 10.5158, -11.7653

122.8993, 12.8126, -12.9420

■ 15.2381, 9.7431, -11.3262

137.0073, 12.7321, -12.7923

■ 8.8618, 8.8895, -10.9883

151.6174, 12.6030,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-12.5978

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.7128, 12.4282,  
-12.3607

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6256, 12.3495,  
-12.9189

■ 60.6256, 12.3495,  
-12.9189

■ 54.7715, 20.3319,  
-21.7838

■ 66.7855, 4.5149,  
-4.6038

■ 49.2754, 28.4256,  
-31.2625

■ 73.2032, -3.1637,  
3.2348

■ 44.2104, 36.5169,  
-41.3592

■ 79.8457, -10.7011,  
10.6747

■ 39.6653, 44.3674,  
-51.9564

■ 86.6857, -18.1167,  
17.7848

■ 35.7444, 51.5476,  
-62.7123

■ 93.7013, -25.4314,  
24.6238

■ 32.5552, 57.4074,  
-72.9644

■ 95.4556, -24.9611,  
26.3133

■ 30.1787, 61.1891,  
-81.7674

■ 96.0591, -22.7435,  
26.9256

■ 28.6352, 62.7982,  
-88.1576

■ 96.6840, -20.4634,  
27.5564

■ 97.3299, -18.1227,  
28.2055

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6269, 2.1619, -19.6506



60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189



60.6269, 18.5728, -2.3401

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6269, 12.3481, -12.9176



60.6269, 2.5316, 19.6944



60.6269, -22.4276, -1.9697

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189



70.5686, -17.9882, 17.4819

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6269, -22.3443, 8.4456



60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189



60.6269, -8.4556, 19.7577

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6269, 12.3481, -12.9176



60.6269, 12.6354, 15.8019



60.6269, -17.3933, 15.9937



60.6269, -17.6298, -12.6050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189



60.6269, 19.3767, 4.8613



60.6269, -17.3933, 15.9937



60.6269, -22.9580, 1.6962

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6269, 12.3481, -12.9176



93.5726, 0.9501, -0.9156



62.6099, -3.0193, -10.3655



43.5209, 0.7655, -0.7564

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6269, 12.3481, -12.9176



77.6625, 21.1645, -22.3686



61.9775, 16.2629, -7.8731



31.7133, 1.5100, -1.5296



23.1912, 50.7577, -70.6111



5.1992, 11.0319, -13.1372



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3021, 12.7576, 1.6917



78.8005, 21.8331, 1.8601



69.5849, -21.3676, 14.3731



31.8394, 1.5890, 1.3192



28.0253, 49.1127, 9.4396

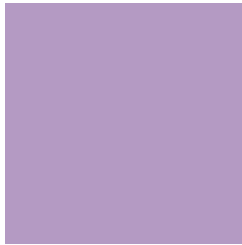


5.9386, 10.6224, 0.3315



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

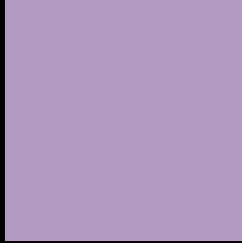
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189.

-12.9189.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189

### Protanopia

60.8107, 1.7875, -15.7746

### Deuteranopia

60.7694, 4.1510, -12.2780



## Tritanopia

60.5178, 4.6487, -0.3742

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189

## Protanomaly

60.6350, 5.4635, -14.7824

## Deuteranomaly

60.7411, 6.9666, -12.2693

## Tritanomaly

60.6270, 7.0397, -4.7464

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189

## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

## Achromatomaly

61.3783, 2.0837, -2.3223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 154, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 154, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 154, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 154, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 154, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 154, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 154, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 154, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 154, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 154,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.6256, 12.3495, -12.9189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 154, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
154, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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