

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.6769, 32.8321,
-55.9629)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.6769, 32.8321,
-55.9629) contains.

HunterLab(60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(60.5712, 32.2962,
-54.7176)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B58FFF
RGB	181, 143, 255
RGB Percent	71%, 56%, 100%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.29, 0.44, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	260°, 100%, 78%
HSV	260°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	46.9285, 36.6887, 99.2161
YIQ	167.1300, -13.3040, 42.8880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

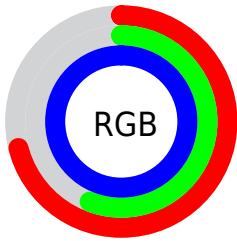
Format	Color
RYB	181, 143, 255
Decimal	11898879
CIELab	67.04, 37.24, -50.72
CIELCh	67, 62.923, 306.291
Yxy	36.6900, 0.2567, 0.2007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290088959 (0xFFB58FFF)
YUV	167.1300, 43.3199, 12.1640
Hunter-Lab	60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176

Details

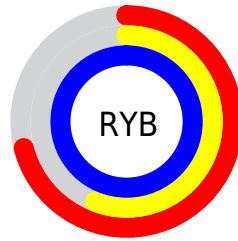
The HunterLab color $60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99FF$. A complement of this color would be $93.9441, -32.6642, 40.9146$, and the grayscale version is $62.0493, -3.3108, 3.3713$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.9341, 20.7185, -19.0730$, and $40.1142, 29.8211, -53.7251$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.8859, 41.8227, -72.7437$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.8455, 23.1471, -38.6491$.

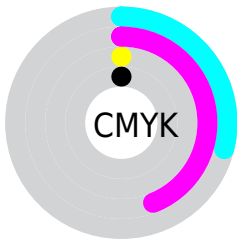
Distribution



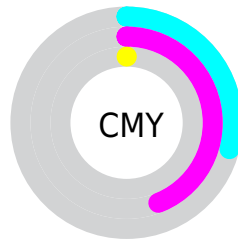
- Red (71%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.5712, 32.2962,
-54.7176

60.5712, 32.2962,
-54.7176

182.1995, 38.9236,
-60.8422

49.9676, 31.1142,
-54.0544

83.7232, 34.3401,
-56.2031

40.0661, 29.8145,
-53.5471

96.2018, 35.2208,
-56.9569

30.9218, 28.3879,
-53.3502

109.2453, 36.0170,
-57.6917

22.6037, 26.8328,
-53.7898

122.8302, 36.7349,
-58.3976

15.2037, 25.1745,
-55.6444

136.9357, 37.3801,
-59.0685

8.8306, 23.6974,
-61.4372

151.5433, 37.9571,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-59.7008

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.6363, 38.4704,
-60.2924

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 60.5712, 32.2962,
-54.7176

■ 60.5712, 32.2962,
-54.7176

■ 52.8859, 41.8227,
-72.7437

■ 68.8455, 23.1471,
-38.6491

■ 45.9417, 51.5695,
-92.8842

■ 77.5929, 14.3837,
-24.2271

■ 39.9471, 61.0361,
-114.7341

■ 86.7330, 5.9555,
-11.1244

■ 35.1533, 69.1432,
-136.6951

■ 96.2058, -2.1999,
0.9379

■ 31.7875, 74.2711,
-155.5746

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 30.3698, 75.7821,
-164.6594

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5723, 2.8182, -73.5917



60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176



60.5723, 54.8013, -21.3120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5723, 32.2954, -54.7151



60.5723, 20.1334, 34.0544



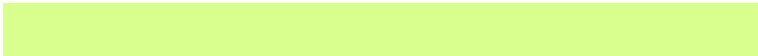
60.5723, -48.2402, -2.6282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176



93.9441, -32.6642, 40.9146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5723, -45.2984, 20.5798



60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176



60.5723, -9.0599, 35.4160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5723, 32.2954, -54.7151



60.5723, 46.9297, 26.5624



60.5723, -32.0908, 31.8699



60.5723, -41.0212, -35.8426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176



60.5723, 60.8888, -0.1340



60.5723, -32.0908, 31.8699



60.5723, -48.3849, 6.5386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5723, 32.2954, -54.7151



87.5917, 5.1945, -9.9746



79.3918, -16.7077, -22.0249



39.5733, 3.2494, -5.8973

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5723, 32.2954, -54.7151



53.5650, 40.9325, -70.9962



66.8999, 49.8883, -41.7493



42.0443, 1.0753, -2.6297



22.1194, 54.9353, -117.9153



7.3057, 17.5390, -34.2540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.7611, 48.9234, -14.8284



62.6638, 59.7264, -17.5037



90.0833, -47.5709, 37.5717



42.6491, 2.8568, 0.2003



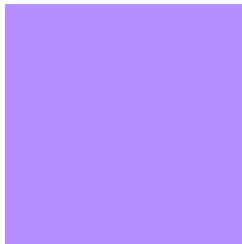
35.5309, 65.1134, -10.1071



11.1788, 20.6471, -4.4279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

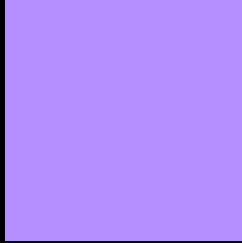
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

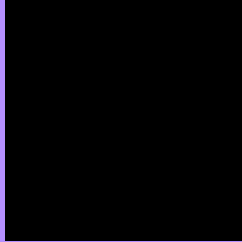
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176.

-54.7176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176

Protanopia

60.7237, 9.4729, -54.7906

Deuteranopia

60.8945, 5.1686, -51.2487



Tritanopia

60.4525, 0.2168, -2.0200

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176

Protanomaly

60.4436, 17.1884, -55.2562

Deuteranomaly

60.4616, 14.0980, -52.8080

Tritanomaly

60.0674, 11.1622, -18.5600

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176

Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

Achromatomaly

61.1129, 8.5678, -14.6136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 143, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 143, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 143, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 143, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 143, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 143, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 143, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 143, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 143, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 143,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.5712, 32.2962, -54.7176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 143, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
143, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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