

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.7473, 51.0497,  
9.6087)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.7473, 51.0497,  
9.6087) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.7678, 50.9322,  
9.7704)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7897
RGB	255, 120, 151
RGB Percent	100%, 47%, 59%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5294, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.41, 0.00
HSL	346°, 100%, 74%
HSV	346°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	53.5423, 36.9273, 33.5838
YIQ	163.8990, 70.5090, 38.2610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

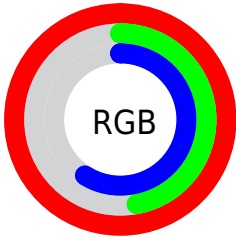
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 120, 151</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16742551</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.22, 54.22, 8.36</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 54.862, 8.763</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.9292, 0.4316, 0.2977</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294932631 (0xFFFF7897)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">163.8990, -6.3592, 79.8956</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **89.9420, -44.3507, 8.1546**, and the grayscale version is **60.8942, -3.2492, 3.3085**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.3116, 28.8648, 1.4416**, and **40.2120, 46.9897, 7.8244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.6815, 60.9486, 12.3788**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.7781, 40.2061, 7.8012**.

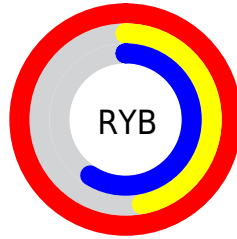
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (47%)

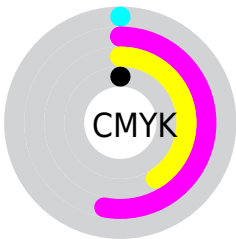
Blue (59%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (59%)

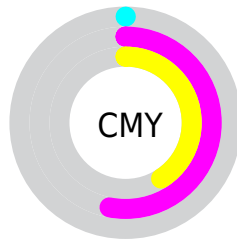


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60.7678, 50.9322,  
9.7704


 60.7678, 50.9322,  
9.7704


182.4839, 62.7189,  
19.5493


 50.1524, 49.1391,  
8.7440


 83.9427, 54.1862,  
11.8511

 40.2378, 47.2446,  
7.7190


 96.4317, 55.6628,  
12.9077

 31.0794, 45.2599,  
6.6899


 109.4852, 57.0450,  
13.9775

 22.7456, 43.2343,  
5.6452

123.0796, 58.3381,  
15.0614

 15.3281, 41.3161,  
4.5646

137.1943, 59.5475,  
16.1602

 8.9427, 40.1329,  
4.3609

151.8108, 60.6778,

0.0000, INF, NaN

17.2742

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.9124, 61.7336,  
18.4039

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7678, 50.9322,  
9.7704

■ 60.7678, 50.9322,  
9.7704

■ 55.6815, 60.9486,  
12.3788

■ 66.7781, 40.2061,  
7.8012

■ 51.6532, 69.5281,  
15.5472

■ 73.5657, 29.2926,  
6.4471

■ 48.7839, 75.8323,  
19.0643

■ 81.0057, 18.4811,  
5.6416

■ 47.0810, 79.2701,  
22.5875

■ 88.9923, 7.9111,  
5.3033

■ 46.4446, 80.2076,  
24.8196

■ 97.4404, -2.3703,  
5.3543

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7694, 47.4293, -15.3535



60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704



60.7694, 38.2122, 25.2753

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7694, 50.9282, 9.7717



60.7694, -30.1171, 28.9742



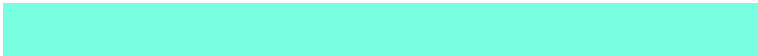
60.7694, -19.4487, -55.3580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704



89.9420, -44.3507, 8.1546

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7694, -35.9067, -32.1483



60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704



60.7694, -41.3504, 17.4543

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7694, 50.9282, 9.7717



60.7694, -10.2857, 33.0925



60.7694, -43.2867, -3.9547



60.7694, 4.1300, -60.0878



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704



60.7694, 23.2819, 30.5756



60.7694, -43.2867, -3.9547



60.7694, -25.8823, -49.1160

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7694, 50.9282, 9.7717



86.4944, 11.1178, 5.3621



60.3511, 58.1044, -54.7388



39.2510, 6.1480, 2.5090

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7694, 50.9282, 9.7717



55.2013, 61.9428, 12.6911



68.1139, 28.9175, 27.0082



42.4916, 2.0115, 2.4430



33.6006, 58.0811, 17.5324



10.5598, 18.4008, 4.3671



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7694, 50.9282, 9.7717



55.2013, 61.9428, 12.6911



78.6624, -21.6380, -23.2158



42.4916, 2.0115, 2.4430



33.6006, 58.0811, 17.5324

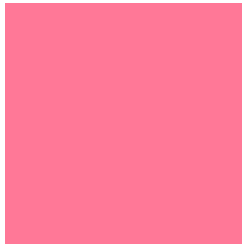


10.5598, 18.4008, 4.3671



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

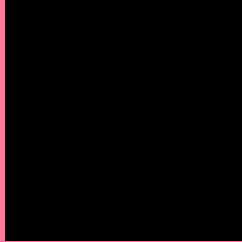
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704

### Protanopia

60.9771, -0.9019, -1.8773

### Deuteranopia

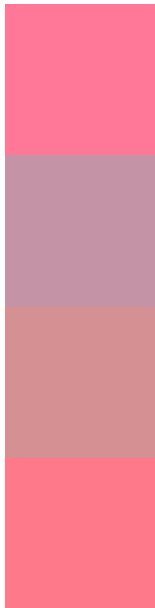
60.8793, 4.3836, 11.5015



## Tritanopia

60.7476, 46.8431, 16.9464

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704

## Protanomaly

59.5743, 16.6220, 1.0961

## Deuteranomaly

60.0418, 20.9527, 10.1061

## Tritanomaly

60.7075, 48.1080, 14.3941

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704

## Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

## Achromatomaly

59.6266, 15.0210, 4.3889

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 120, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 120, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 120, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 120, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 120, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 120, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 120, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 120, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 120, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 120,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.7678, 50.9322, 9.7704 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 120, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
120, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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