

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.7503, -2.3387,
-10.1843)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.7503, -2.3387,
-10.1843) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.7025, -2.3325,
-10.2179)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97A4BE
RGB	151, 164, 190
RGB Percent	59%, 64%, 75%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3568, 0.2549
CMYK	0.21, 0.14, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	220°, 23%, 67%
HSV	220°, 21%, 75%
XYZ	35.3322, 36.8479, 53.9654
YIQ	163.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

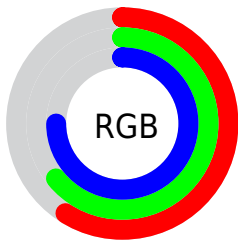
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 161, 190
Decimal	9938110
CIE Lab	67.16, 1.05, -14.89
CIE LCh	67, 14.928, 274.038
Yxy	36.8494, 0.2801, 0.2921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288128190 (0xFF97A4BE)
YUV	163.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915
Hunter-Lab	60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179

Details

The HunterLab color $60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $66.8026, -3.2257, 15.1206$, and the grayscale version is $60.5035, -3.2283, 3.2873$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83.9277, -3.4834, -9.9388$, and $40.1296, -0.9919, -10.2568$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.5567, -1.0566, -17.7741$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.0135, -3.2288, -3.1334$.

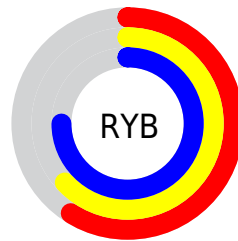
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (64%)

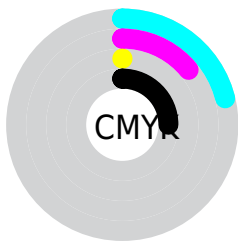
Blue (75%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (75%)

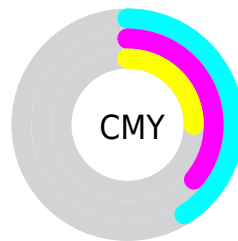


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.7025, -2.3325,
-10.2179

■ 60.7025, -2.3325,
-10.2179

■ 182.3892, -8.4322,
-8.5831

■ 50.0909, -1.8227,
-10.1301

■ 83.8696, -3.4680,
-10.2032

■ 40.1806, -1.3533,
-9.9744

■ 96.3552, -4.0871,
-10.1118

■ 31.0269, -0.9294,
-9.7446

■ 109.4053, -4.7385,
-9.9691

■ 22.6984, -0.5558,
-9.4377

■ 122.9965, -5.4207,
-9.7781

■ 15.2866, -0.2400,
-9.0600

■ 137.1082, -6.1322,
-9.5417

■ 8.9056, 0.0387,
-8.7013

151.7217, -6.8720,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-9.2623

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.8204, -7.6389,
-8.9421

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7025, -2.3325,
-10.2179

■ 60.7025, -2.3325,
-10.2179

■ 55.5567, -1.0566,
-17.7741

■ 66.0135, -3.2288,
-3.1334

■ 50.5954, 0.6804,
-25.8989

■ 71.4678, -3.8063,
3.5566

■ 45.8484, 2.9732,
-34.6944

■ 77.0516, -4.1171,
9.9207

■ 41.3521, 5.9337,
-44.2631

■ 82.7529, -4.2025,
16.0149

■ 37.1521, 9.6828,
-54.6817

■ 88.5615, -4.0957,
21.8853

■ 33.3046, 14.3282,
-65.9528

■ 93.4329, -7.4342,
26.5290

■ 29.8750, 19.9151,
-77.9243

■ 97.4765, -13.9167,
30.1895

■ 27.0386, 25.9012,
-89.7092

■ 98.2333, -15.1024,
30.8634

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7037, -8.7728, -8.7624



60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179



60.7037, 4.1290, -7.7384

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7037, -2.3335, -10.2168



60.7037, 7.7919, 9.7639



60.7037, -14.3827, 8.4219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179



66.8026, -3.2257, 15.1206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7037, -10.2777, 12.5969



60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179



60.7037, 2.4936, 13.3108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7037, -2.3335, -10.2168



60.7037, 10.1329, 4.1599



60.7037, -4.1457, 14.2894



60.7037, -15.5511, 2.4360

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179



60.7037, 7.5271, -4.3317



60.7037, -4.1457, 14.2894



60.7037, -13.3095, 10.0614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7037, -2.3335, -10.2168



92.0931, -4.7390, -0.1702



68.2315, -17.2523, 5.8917



42.9284, -2.1956, -0.3599



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7037, -2.3335, -10.2168



78.3067, -2.3728, -18.6299



57.4498, 5.8394, -14.7737



31.1948, -1.5503, -1.0891



22.3421, 20.3424, -71.8390



5.6417, 1.2897, -9.8357

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8010, 11.7699, 2.2317



76.9500, 20.9742, 2.7292



70.1932, -11.4474, 18.3213



30.9636, 1.4896, 1.4018



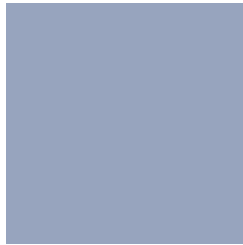
27.4474, 47.9312, 10.5524



5.5452, 9.8994, 0.4580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

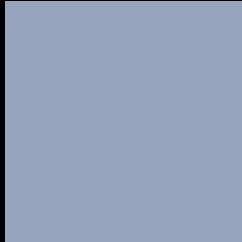
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

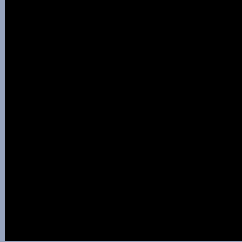
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179.

-10.2179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179

Protanopia

60.6497, 0.4225, -9.6853

Deuteranopia

60.5515, 4.6638, -10.8701



Tritanopia

60.7591, -5.9505, -4.2814

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179

Protanomaly

60.6936, -0.9256, -9.6479

Deuteranomaly

60.6864, 2.1781, -10.7232

Tritanomaly

60.6739, -4.4462, -6.4688

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179

Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881

Achromatomaly

60.4834, -2.7359, -1.5334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 164, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 164, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 164, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 164, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 164, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 164, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 164, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 164, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 164, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 164,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.7025, -2.3325, -10.2179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 164, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
164, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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