

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.8367, 28.6012,  
-18.0611)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(60.8367, 28.6012,  
-18.0611) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(60.8538, 28.4908,  
-18.2768)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD8FCD
RGB	205, 143, 205
RGB Percent	80%, 56%, 80%
CMY	0.1961, 0.4392, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	300°, 38%, 68%
HSV	300°, 30%, 80%
XYZ	46.0188, 37.0318, 62.4801
YIQ	168.6060, 17.0500, 32.4260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

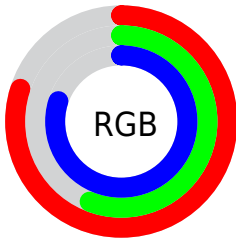
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 143, 205
Decimal	13471693
CIE Lab	67.30, 33.56, -22.57
CIE LCh	67, 40.445, 326.073
Yxy	37.0335, 0.3162, 0.2545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291661773 (0xFFCD8FCD)
YUV	168.6060, 17.9422, 31.9175
Hunter-Lab	60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768

# Details

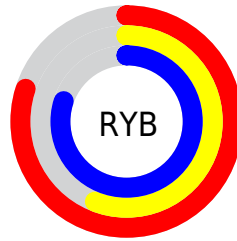
The HunterLab color  $60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC99CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $71.7542, -30.7441, 22.2022$ , and the grayscale version is  $62.7504, -3.3482, 3.4093$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82.9868, 25.7388, -16.0058$ , and  $40.2499, 26.7053, -17.8587$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56.0629, 39.4942, -25.8457$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.1522, 17.4870, -10.6979$ .

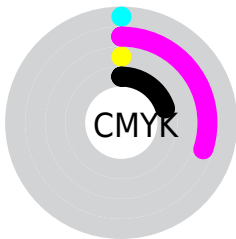
# Distribution



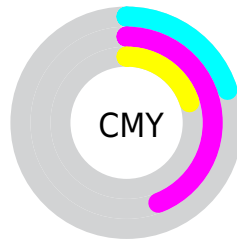
- Red (80%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.8538, 28.4908,  
-18.2768

60.8538, 28.4908,  
-18.2768

182.6076, 33.9060,  
-18.8476

50.2329, 27.4596,  
-17.9306

84.0382, 30.2399,  
-18.7785

40.3126, 26.3139,  
-17.5235

96.5317, 30.9793,  
-18.9415

31.1480, 25.0405,  
-17.0597

109.5895, 31.6379,  
-19.0491

22.8075, 23.6315,  
-16.5590

123.1881, 32.2218,  
-19.1041

15.3823, 22.0952,  
-16.0830

137.3068, 32.7362,  
-19.1091

8.9911, 20.5872,  
-15.8818

151.9271, 33.1857,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-19.0666

0.0000, NaN, -NF

167.0324, 33.5745,  
-18.9787

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8538, 28.4908,  
-18.2768

■ 60.8538, 28.4908,  
-18.2768

■ 56.0629, 39.4942,  
-25.8457

■ 66.1522, 17.4870,  
-10.6979

■ 51.8563, 50.2048,  
-33.2052

■ 71.8820, 6.6582,  
-3.2306

■ 48.3190, 60.1687,  
-40.0448

■ 77.9829, -3.9165,  
4.0707

■ 45.5248, 68.8007,  
-45.9653

■ 84.4040, -14.2119,  
11.1878

■ 43.5188, 75.4913,  
-50.5513

■ 91.1033, -24.2336,  
18.1239

42.2937, 79.8097,  
-53.5100

94.2906, -28.7882,  
21.2787

41.6978, 81.9793,  
-54.9960

94.2906, -28.7882,  
21.2787

94.2906, -28.7882,  
21.2786

94.2906, -28.7881,  
21.2786

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.8551, 12.8558, -34.6753



60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768



60.8551, 35.6148, 0.9956

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.8551, 28.4889, -18.2753



60.8551, -0.8426, 27.9925



60.8551, -31.5250, -13.1547

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768



71.7542, -30.7441, 22.2022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8551, -34.2925, 5.5418



60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768



60.8551, -17.8381, 26.2191

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.8551, 28.4889, -18.2753



60.8551, 17.4723, 24.9177



60.8551, -29.5782, 19.0775



60.8551, -21.5245, -31.1620



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768



60.8551, 34.0345, 11.8036



60.8551, -29.5782, 19.0775



60.8551, -33.2778, -6.6114

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.8551, 28.4889, -18.2753



92.8555, 6.9779, -3.0695



54.6756, 9.3475, -28.7785



42.4410, 4.1618, -2.0642

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.8551, 28.4889, -18.2753



73.9902, 45.2356, -29.4266



59.7342, 22.8855, -2.5395



33.7695, 2.6822, -1.2146



32.8998, 64.6820, -43.3921



7.4726, 14.6913, -9.8558



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.8551, 28.4889, -18.2753



73.9902, 45.2356, -29.4266



72.4979, -26.4150, 11.4602



33.7695, 2.6822, -1.2146



32.8998, 64.6820, -43.3921



7.4726, 14.6913, -9.8558



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

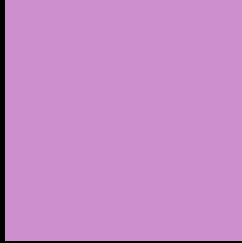
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

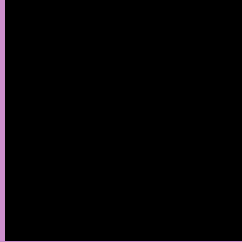
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768.

-18.2768.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768

### Protanopia

61.0336, 4.0905, -27.4230

### Deuteranopia

61.0992, 4.3950, -16.4966



## Tritanopia

60.7616, 14.7911, 3.8888

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768

## Protanomaly

60.6075, 12.3952, -24.6722

## Deuteranomaly

60.6384, 13.0035, -17.6508

## Tritanomaly

60.6726, 19.4859, -3.4323

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768

## Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

## Achromatomaly

62.0194, 7.4711, -3.9614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 143, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 143, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 143, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 143, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 143, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 143, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 143, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 143, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 143, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 143,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.8538, 28.4908, -18.2768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 143, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
143, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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