

Converting Colors

HunterLab(60.8525, 2.3661,
-44.1864)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(60.8525, 2.3661,
-44.1864) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.7905, 2.4019,
-44.4301)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 78A4F2 |
| RGB | 120, 164, 242 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 64%, 95% |
| CMY | 0.5294, 0.3569, 0.0510 |
| CMYK | 0.50, 0.32, 0.00, 0.05 |
| HSL | 218°, 82%, 71% |
| HSV | 218°, 50%, 95% |
| XYZ | 37.0482, 36.9548, 89.1848 |
| YIQ | 159.7360, -51.2620, 14.9300 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

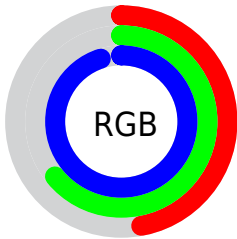
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 120, 152, 242 |
| Decimal | 7906546 |
| CIE Lab | 67.24, 6.43, -43.60 |
| CIE LCh | 67, 44.077, 278.394 |
| Yxy | 36.9562, 0.2270, 0.2265 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286096626 (0xFF78A4F2) |
| YUV | 159.7360, 40.5562, -34.8485 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 |

Details

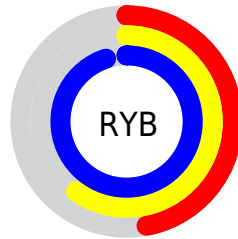
The HunterLab color $60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $77.8612, 1.7626, 34.4762$, and the grayscale version is $59.0381, -3.1501, 3.2077$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82.0658, -9.3221, -17.9458$, and $40.3407, 2.5264, -42.5572$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.9851, 6.0481, -56.5947$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.9251, -0.3499, -33.1888$.

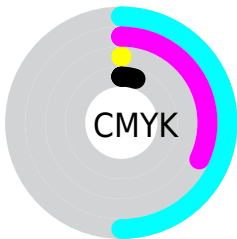
Distribution



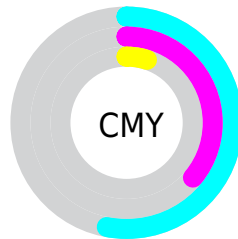
- Red (47%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.7905, 2.4019,
-44.4301

■ 60.7905, 2.4019,
-44.4301

182.5159, -1.6743,
-49.5671

■ 50.1733, 2.6319,
-43.7405

■ 83.9675, 1.7846,
-45.8201

■ 40.2572, 2.8015,
-43.1166

■ 96.4576, 1.4057,
-46.4808

■ 31.0972, 2.9024,
-42.6543

■ 109.5122, 0.9846,
-47.1046

■ 22.7617, 2.9233,
-42.5594

123.1077, 0.5239,
-47.6868

■ 15.3421, 2.8470,
-43.3270

137.2234, 0.0258,
-48.2247

■ 8.9553, 2.7006,
-46.5336

151.8409, -0.5077,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-48.7174

0.0000, NaN, -NF

166.9434, -1.0749,
-49.1648

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 60.7905, 2.4019,
-44.4301

■ 60.7905, 2.4019,
-44.4301

■ 54.9851, 6.0481,
-56.5947

■ 66.9251, -0.3499,
-33.1888

■ 49.5624, 10.7437,
-69.7647

■ 73.3396, -2.3532,
-22.7620

■ 44.5917, 16.6266,
-83.9265

■ 79.9984, -3.7330,
-13.0303

■ 40.1501, 23.7558,
-98.8948

■ 86.8718, -4.5933,
-3.8839

■ 36.4308, 31.5831,
-113.7143

■ 93.9359, -5.0187,
4.7731

99.5946, -7.5612,
11.2280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7916, -16.6190, -40.8198



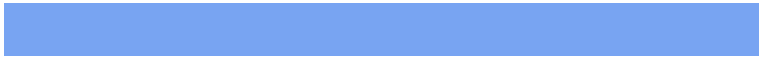
60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301



60.7916, 22.2064, -32.3974

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7916, 2.4020, -44.4287



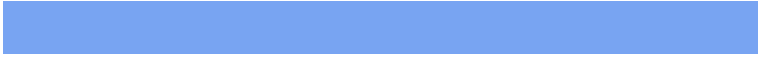
60.7916, 29.5031, 21.7544



60.7916, -34.7032, 15.1739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301



77.8612, 1.7626, 34.4762

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7916, -25.0982, 25.3737



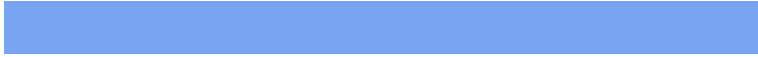
60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301



60.7916, 11.3912, 28.2408

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7916, 2.4020, -44.4287



60.7916, 39.1098, 8.3544



60.7916, -8.6969, 29.3120



60.7916, -36.4644, -2.2096

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301



60.7916, 32.6295, -18.8531



60.7916, -8.6969, 29.3120



60.7916, -32.3498, 19.3718

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7916, 2.4020, -44.4287



88.7866, -4.5141, -8.5463



84.5825, -43.3284, 14.2195



40.3647, -1.9961, -4.9067

0.0000, NaN, NaN



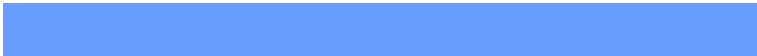
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7916, 2.4020, -44.4287



58.4971, 6.3118, -59.7339



50.1021, 29.6841, -68.0180



40.2018, -2.1360, -1.4012



27.1393, 22.0307, -81.4798



8.9165, 3.8251, -19.4022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.1542, 47.4673, 2.0777



57.6222, 60.5313, 3.6624



89.9928, -25.7360, 43.2944



39.8159, 2.0898, 1.6626



32.4606, 56.8093, 11.5217



9.4603, 16.7437, 1.9065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

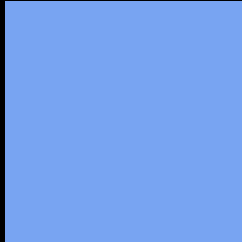
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

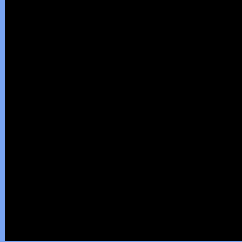
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

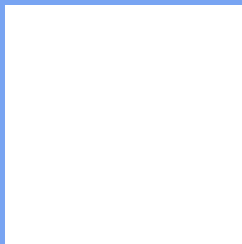
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301.

-44.4301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301

Protanopia

60.5739, 7.3517, -42.4764

Deuteranopia

60.6965, 5.0910, -44.5678



Tritanopia

60.6876, -18.2147, -9.9589

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301

Protanomaly

60.5031, 5.7370, -43.4029

Deuteranomaly

60.7990, 3.9379, -44.3865

Tritanomaly

60.4605, -11.1345, -21.4587

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301

Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

Achromatomaly

59.3525, -2.4669, -12.1344

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 164, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 164, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 164, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 164, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 164, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 164, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 164, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 164, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 164, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 164,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.7905, 2.4019, -44.4301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 164, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
164, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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