

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.0620, -13.1090,  
-0.0398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(61.0620, -13.1090,  
-0.0398) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(61.0740,  
-13.1580, 0.0005)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88ABAB
RGB	136, 171, 171
RGB Percent	53%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.4667, 0.3294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	180°, 17%, 60%
HSV	180°, 20%, 67%
XYZ	32.0669, 37.3003, 44.0377
YIQ	160.5350, -20.8600, -7.4200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

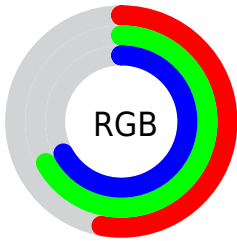
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	136, 154, 171
Decimal	8956843
CIELab	67.50, -11.84, -3.94
CIElCh	68, 12.481, 198.382
Yxy	37.3019, 0.2828, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287146923 (0xFF88ABAB)
YUV	160.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172
Hunter-Lab	61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005

# Details

The HunterLab color **61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **52.9574, 8.5919, 6.7029**, and the grayscale version is **59.4958, -3.1745, 3.2325**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.1611, -15.4467, 0.9007**, and **40.5671, -10.8298, -0.7001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.9853, -17.1651, -1.4193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.3296, -8.6411, 1.6056**.

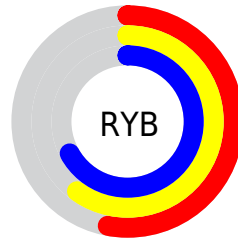
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (67%)

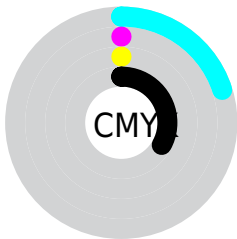
Blue (67%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (67%)

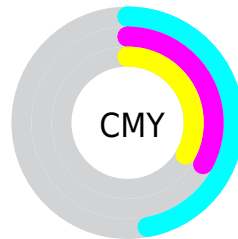


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



61.0740, -13.1580,  
0.0005

61.0740, -13.1580,  
0.0005

182.9250,  
-24.2838, 5.2340

50.4394, -11.9374,  
-0.3837

84.2833, -15.5911,  
0.9074

40.5045, -10.7039,  
-0.7179

96.7884, -16.8098,  
1.4219

31.3241, -9.4482,  
-0.9955

109.8572,  
-18.0338, 1.9738

22.9663, -8.1538,  
-1.2087

123.4665,  
-19.2649, 2.5613

15.5216, -6.7918,  
-1.3462

137.5954,  
-20.5045, 3.1826

9.1138, -6.1499,  
-1.4009

152.2257,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.7537, 3.8360

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.3405,  
-23.0132, 4.5202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.0740, -13.1580,  
0.0005

■ 61.0740, -13.1580,  
0.0005

■ 59.9853, -17.1651,  
-1.4193

■ 62.3296, -8.6411,  
1.6056

■ 59.0598, -20.6291,  
-2.6466

■ 63.7465, -3.6498,  
3.3802

■ 58.2964, -23.5311,  
-3.6737

■ 65.3228, 1.7719,  
5.3106

■ 57.6905, -25.8644,  
-4.4988

■ 67.0538, 7.5785,  
7.3812

■ 57.2347, -27.6376,  
-5.1254

■ 68.9340, 13.7240,  
9.5762

■ 56.9185, -28.8773,  
-5.5631

■ 70.9574, 20.1642,  
11.8804

■ 56.7274, -29.6304,  
-5.8286

■ 73.0259, 26.5773,  
14.1787

■ 56.6278, -30.0238,  
-5.9671

■ 73.0259, 26.5774,  
14.1783

■ 73.0259, 26.5776,  
14.1778

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.0753, -13.4665, 5.3537



61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005



61.0753, -10.2580, -4.8494

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0753, -13.1589, 0.0014



61.0753, 5.0076, -3.8858



61.0753, -1.0760, 12.5402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005



52.9574, 8.5919, 6.7029

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.0753, 4.0636, 10.5046



61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005



61.0753, 7.6596, 1.2232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0753, -13.1589, 0.0014



61.0753, 0.1747, -7.2294



61.0753, 7.3080, 6.4707



61.0753, -6.6245, 12.2772



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005



61.0753, -7.1830, -6.9978



61.0753, 7.3080, 6.4707



61.0753, 0.7603, 12.1101

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0753, -13.1589, 0.0014



84.2122, -8.7246, 3.1577



60.1566, -18.4631, 13.7873



39.7123, -4.3160, 1.4215



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0753, -13.1589, 0.0014



80.9800, -20.3646, -0.9753



55.9593, -5.1865, -6.4321



30.1199, -3.8987, 0.8687



49.1658, -26.0675, -5.1808



8.2004, -4.3477, -0.8644



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9574, 8.5919, 6.7029



67.5922, 15.6146, 10.1128



57.6125, 0.2363, 11.5332



28.3114, 0.9274, 2.3551



25.5477, 43.7512, 16.5076



4.2611, 7.2974, 2.7528



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

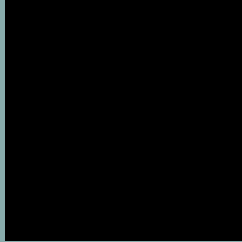
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005.



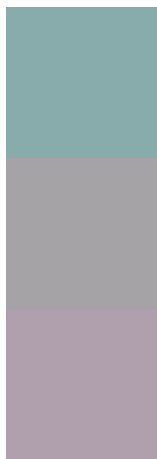
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005.

-13.1580, 0.0005.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005

### Protanopia

60.8724, -1.8239, 2.3388

### Deuteranopia

60.8634, 4.4822, -0.9309



## Tritanopia

60.9902, -9.5185, -6.1356

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005

## Protanomaly

60.8836, -6.2145, 1.3313

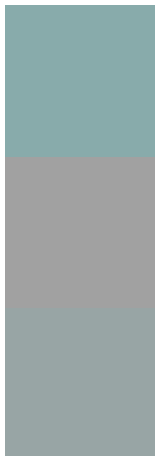
## Deuteranomaly

60.6218, -2.3199, -0.8580

## Tritanomaly

61.0921, -10.9940, -3.9376

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005

## Achromatopsia

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

## Achromatomaly

60.2514, -7.0951, 1.9731

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 171, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 171, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 171,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.0740, -13.1580, 0.0005 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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