

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.0766, -53.8761,  
-8.5427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(61.0766, -53.8761,  
-8.5427) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.2498,  
-36.5551, -2.6446)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C3BA
RGB	0, 195, 186
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 73%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2353, 0.2706
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.24
HSL	177°, 100%, 38%
HSV	177°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	28.3780, 42.5754, 53.1765
YIQ	135.6690, -113.3310, -44.1390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

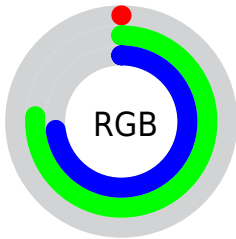
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 100, 195</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">50106</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">71.27, -41.96, -7.04</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 42.549, 189.526</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">42.5770, 0.2286, 0.3430</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278240186 (0xFF00C3BA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">135.6690, 24.8132, -118.9817</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446</a>

# Details

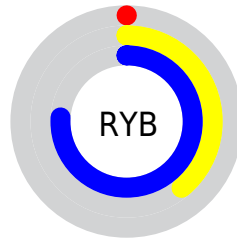
The HunterLab color **65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **34.0927, 58.4367, 21.5794**, and the grayscale version is **49.4295, -2.6374, 2.6856**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.8342, -42.0698, -2.0637**, and **45.2213, -25.4082, -1.6736** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.2508, -36.5563, -2.6432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.3904, -35.9417, -2.9136**.

# Distribution



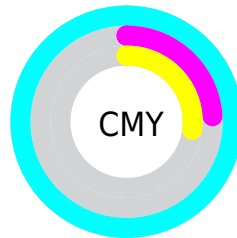
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.2498, -36.5551,  
-2.6446


 65.2498, -36.5551,  
-2.6446


188.9098,  
-60.0476, 1.6577


 54.3630, -33.5578,  
-2.9055


 88.9225, -42.2105,  
-1.9698

 44.1586, -30.4061,  
-3.1106


 101.6427,  
-44.9103, -1.5650


 34.6871, -27.0527,  
-3.2529


 114.9175,  
-47.5447, -1.1188

 26.0105, -23.4258,  
-3.3239

 128.7247,  
-50.1244, -0.6338

 18.2095, -19.4100,  
-3.3129

 143.0444,  
-52.6581, -0.1119

 11.3964, -17.4194,  
-3.2056

157.8589,

 3.7450, -6.5538,

-55.1528, 0.4450

-7.5903

173.1522,  
-57.6144, 1.0353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.2498, -36.5551,  
-2.6446

■ 65.2498, -36.5551,  
-2.6446

■ 65.2508, -36.5563,  
-2.6432

■ 65.3904, -35.9417,  
-2.9136

■ 65.6398, -34.8935,  
-3.0374

■ 66.0367, -33.2697,  
-2.9644

■ 66.5982, -31.0154,  
-2.6724

■ 67.3367, -28.1011,

-2.1473

■ 68.2609, -24.5187,  
-1.3820

■ 69.3760, -20.2785,  
-0.3759

■ 70.6843, -15.4067,  
0.8663

■ 72.1857, -9.9414,  
2.3350

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2510, -35.0818, 14.8562



65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



65.2510, -30.0075, -23.5314

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2510, -36.5552, -2.6438



65.2510, 22.1866, -30.4633



65.2510, 10.1820, 28.9449

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



34.0927, 58.4367, 21.5794

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.2510, 28.0939, 22.4481



65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



65.2510, 35.5708, -10.2255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2510, -36.5552, -2.6438



65.2510, 2.8494, -42.4356



65.2510, 37.8513, 9.1937



65.2510, -9.5868, 29.8804



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



65.2510, -21.4653, -35.3654



65.2510, 37.8513, 9.1937



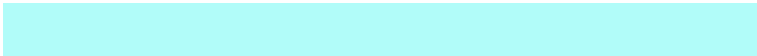
65.2510, 16.6809, 27.4551

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2510, -36.5552, -2.6438



92.7654, -27.4328, -0.5756



62.5258, -53.3558, 37.5930



43.0983, -14.0206, -0.5556

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2510, -36.5552, -2.6438



87.3169, -48.9585, -3.4511



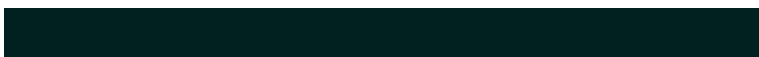
38.0946, 4.2613, -56.8104



33.7937, -4.4815, 1.1373



52.6072, -29.4509, -2.1783



10.9466, -6.0528, -0.6160



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0927, 58.4367, 21.5794



45.6128, 78.1697, 29.0370



43.0635, 32.3174, 27.0998



31.7573, 1.1473, 2.4905



27.4900, 47.1366, 17.3050

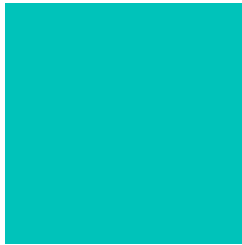


5.7373, 9.8838, 3.2541



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

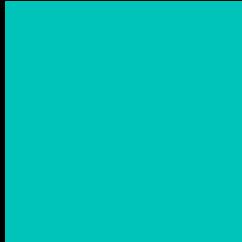
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

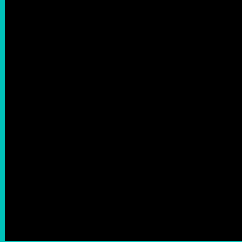
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

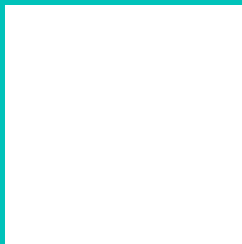
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446.



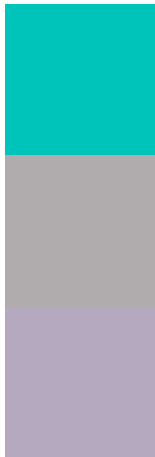
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2498,

-36.5551, -2.6446.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446

### Protanopia

64.6160, -2.0270, 3.5041

### Deuteranopia

64.8116, 4.3422, -5.6079



## Tritanopia

65.3589, -29.4188, -13.7913

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



## Protanomaly

62.6910, -21.3313, -1.5780



## Deuteranomaly

62.6126, -17.5321, -7.8555



## Tritanomaly

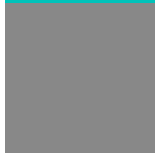
65.1893, -32.3993, -9.5410

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446



## Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959



## Achromatomaly

53.3604, -20.3882, -1.4457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 195, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 195, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 195, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 195, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 195, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 195, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 195, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 195, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.2498, -36.5551, -2.6446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 195, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 195,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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