

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.1346, -3.3639,
3.5655)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.1346, -3.3639, 3.5655)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.3106, -3.4350,
3.7548)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A5A4
RGB	165, 165, 164
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 64%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3529, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.35
HSL	60°, 1%, 65%
HSV	60°, 1%, 65%
XYZ	35.6730, 37.5899, 40.4973
YIQ	164.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

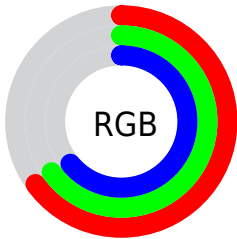
Format	Color
RYB	164, 165, 164
Decimal	10855844
CIELab	67.72, -0.19, 0.51
CIElCh	68, 0.544, 110.131
Yxy	37.5915, 0.3136, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289045924 (0xFFA5A5A4)
YUV	164.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000
Hunter-Lab	61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548

Details

The HunterLab color $61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.9598, -3.0867, 2.8850$, and the grayscale version is $61.2961, -3.2706, 3.3303$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.5674, -4.6851, 5.0420$, and $40.6089, -2.3194, 2.6013$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.8511, -5.9639, 10.2950$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.8319, -0.6064, -3.5722$.

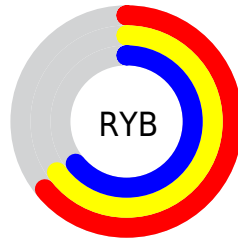
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

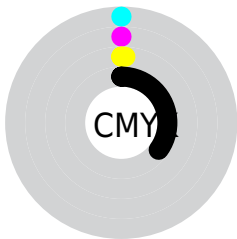
Blue (64%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (64%)

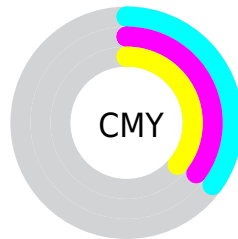


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.3106, -3.4350,
3.7548

■ 61.3106, -3.4350,
3.7548

183.2660,
-10.0214, 10.5795

■ 50.6614, -2.8576,
3.1501

■ 84.5468, -4.6957,
5.0681

■ 40.7109, -2.3155,
2.5806

■ 97.0643, -5.3728,
5.7716

■ 31.5136, -1.8127,
2.0499

110.1450, -6.0796,
6.5047

■ 23.1372, -1.3526,
1.5608

123.7656, -6.8149,
7.2664

■ 15.6716, -0.9396,
1.1172

137.9056, -7.5776,
8.0556

■ 9.2438, -0.5819,
0.7320

152.5464, -8.3668,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.8714

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.6716, -9.1817,
9.7129

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.3106, -3.4350,
3.7548

■ 61.3106, -3.4350,
3.7548

■ 60.8511, -5.9639,
10.2950

■ 61.8319, -0.6064,
-3.5722

■ 60.4483, -8.1879,
16.0432

■ 62.4118, 2.5226,
-11.6801

■ 60.1021, -10.1103,
21.0056

■ 63.0521, 5.9449,
-20.5530

■ 59.8107, -11.7360,
25.1951

■ 63.7529, 9.6527,
-30.1709

■ 59.5718, -13.0733,
28.6332

■ 64.5141, 13.6364,
-40.5091

■ 59.3827, -14.1339,
31.3509

■ 64.9314, 15.7978,
-46.1010

■ 59.2402, -14.9336,
33.3892

■ 64.9352, 15.8100,
-46.0933

■ 59.1404, -15.4926,
34.8010

■ 64.9391, 15.8221,
-46.0856

■ 59.0784, -15.8370,
35.6541

■ 64.9429, 15.8343,
-46.0780

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3119, -3.1941, 3.7763



61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548



61.3119, -3.6351, 3.6234

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3119, -3.4364, 3.7558



61.3119, -3.5758, 2.9931



61.3119, -2.8109, 3.2607

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548



60.9598, -3.0867, 2.8850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.3119, -2.9135, 3.0500



61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548



61.3119, -3.3553, 2.8951

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3119, -3.4364, 3.7558



61.3119, -3.7155, 3.1833



61.3119, -3.1129, 2.9160



61.3119, -2.8327, 3.4911

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548



61.3119, -3.7162, 3.4892



61.3119, -3.1129, 2.9160



61.3119, -2.8320, 3.1852

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3119, -3.4364, 3.7558



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



61.0175, -2.9457, 3.4191



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3119, -3.4364, 3.7558



82.0221, -4.7456, 5.4061



61.2684, -3.5881, 3.7022



28.8810, -1.6592, 1.8733



51.3542, -13.9361, 31.4002



7.4461, -2.0127, 4.5530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.9598, -3.0867, 2.8850



81.2329, -3.9618, 3.4546



61.0034, -2.9353, 2.9393



28.6284, -1.4083, 1.2486



14.3449, 38.8924, -101.7850



2.0858, 5.6423, -14.7007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

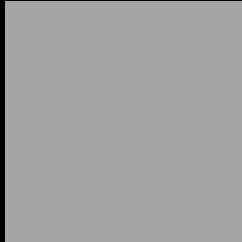
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

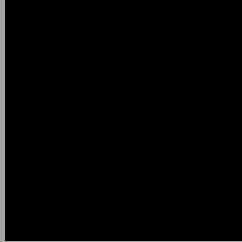
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

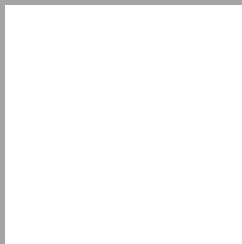
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3106, -3.4350,

3.7548.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548

Protanopia

61.2536, -2.1845, 4.1664

Deuteranopia

61.3857, 4.2899, 3.5186



Tritanopia

61.2735, 0.1798, -1.9850

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548

Protanomaly

61.1643, -2.4939, 4.0570

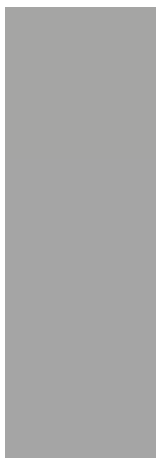
Deuteranomaly

61.3769, 1.3334, 3.4565

Tritanomaly

61.3486, -1.3115, 0.0597

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 165, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 165, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 165, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 165, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 165, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 165, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 165, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 165, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 165, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 165,  
164) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.3106, -3.4350, 3.7548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 165, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
165, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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