

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.1735, 2.5053,  
7.3971)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(61.1735, 2.5053, 7.3971)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(61.1275, 2.9044,  
7.2103)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5A09C
RGB	181, 160, 156
RGB Percent	71%, 63%, 61%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3725, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.14, 0.29
HSL	10°, 14%, 66%
HSV	10°, 14%, 71%
XYZ	37.6277, 37.3657, 36.6816
YIQ	165.8230, 13.8000, 3.2080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

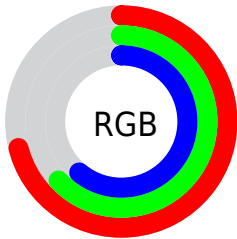
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 161, 156</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11903132</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.55, 7.00, 4.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 8.540, 34.930</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.3674, 0.3369, 0.3346</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290093212 (0xFFB5A09C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">165.8230, -4.8427, 13.3102</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103</a>

# Details

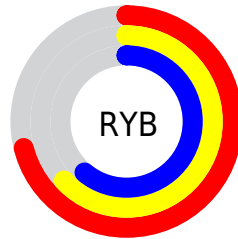
The HunterLab color  $61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64.6897, -8.9796, -0.3632$ , and the grayscale version is  $61.6952, -3.2919, 3.3520$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $84.4148, 2.1083, 9.2278$ , and  $40.6773, 3.0655, 5.6389$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56.4328, 7.9384, 9.6899$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.0485, -1.8714, 4.6727$ .

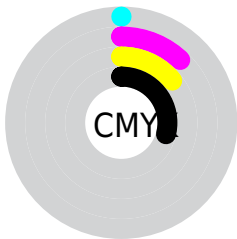
# Distribution



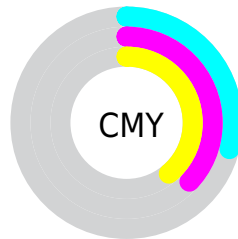
- Red (71%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.1275, 2.9044,  
7.2103

■ 61.1275, 2.9044,  
7.2103

183.0023, -0.9742,  
15.6591

■ 50.4897, 3.1052,  
6.3753

■ 84.3430, 2.3357,  
8.9435

■ 40.5512, 3.2458,  
5.5581

■ 96.8509, 1.9805,  
9.8408

■ 31.3670, 3.3159,  
4.7574

109.9224, 1.5821,  
10.7590

■ 23.0050, 3.3036,  
3.9688

123.5342, 1.1432,  
11.6980

■ 15.5556, 3.1911,  
3.1842

137.6657, 0.6663,  
12.6578

■ 9.1434, 2.9688,  
2.7146

152.2983, 0.1532,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.6380

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.4155, -0.3941,  
14.6386

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.1275, 2.9044,  
7.2103

■ 61.1275, 2.9044,  
7.2103

■ 56.4328, 7.9384,  
9.6899

■ 66.0485, -1.8714,  
4.6727

■ 51.9947, 13.2504,  
12.0805

■ 71.1635, -6.4074,  
2.0923

■ 47.8563, 18.8325,  
14.3410

■ 76.4505, -10.7326,  
-0.5188

■ 44.0669, 24.6414,  
16.4102

■ 81.8907, -14.8737,  
-3.1534

■ 40.6834, 30.5729,  
18.2046

■ 87.4681, -18.8556,  
-5.8073

■ 37.7669, 36.4369,  
19.6209

■ 92.8290, -24.6363,  
-3.6566

■ 35.3761, 41.9445,  
20.5519

■ 94.1084, -26.4806,  
-2.0791

■ 33.5557, 46.7288,  
20.9247

■ 32.7137, 49.1257,  
21.0180

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1289, 4.2611, 3.9275



61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103



61.1289, -0.1070, 9.3497

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.1289, 2.9026, 7.2113



61.1289, -9.8056, 6.2274



61.1289, -2.6296, -4.0866

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103



64.6897, -8.9796, -0.3632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.1289, -6.3601, -3.3776



61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103



61.1289, -10.4437, 2.7212

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.1289, 2.9026, 7.2113



61.1289, -7.4325, 8.8066



61.1289, -9.1973, -0.8293



61.1289, 1.0173, -2.7112



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103



61.1289, -2.6115, 9.9140



61.1289, -9.1973, -0.8293



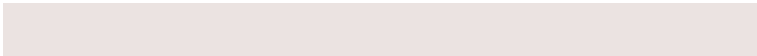
61.1289, -3.9157, -4.0849

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.1289, 2.9026, 7.2113



88.2194, -2.3456, 6.3408



60.6511, 8.3628, -3.2705



40.7813, -0.8742, 3.0665



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.1289, 2.9026, 7.2113



79.5887, 6.1833, 10.8130



64.6722, -3.1667, 10.9598



29.5260, 0.3372, 2.8329



27.2881, 40.3829, 17.5218



5.4930, 5.2595, 3.4768



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.6897, -8.9796, -0.3632



85.5243, -13.6437, -1.8172



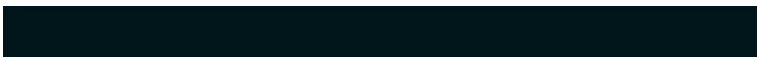
61.0121, -3.0238, -4.9401



30.6516, -3.4154, 0.4393



42.2716, -16.8242, -16.5171



7.9002, -3.5044, -2.3097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

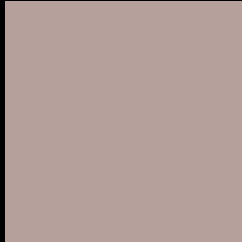
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.1275, 2.9044,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103

### Protanopia

61.2001, -2.6569, 6.3266

### Deuteranopia

61.1448, 4.4146, 7.2561



## Tritanopia

61.1746, 6.7739, 0.9554

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103

## Protanomaly

61.2478, -1.0516, 6.8436

## Deuteranomaly

61.0441, 4.0766, 7.1378

## Tritanomaly

61.2029, 5.1260, 3.3180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103

## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

## Achromatomaly

61.4959, -1.4058, 4.9126

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 160, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 160, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 160, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 160, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 160, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 160, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 160, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 160, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 160, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 160,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.1275, 2.9044, 7.2103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 160, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
160, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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