

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.2048, 23.5645,
-39.5403)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.2048, 23.5645,
-39.5403) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.2461, 23.3376,
-39.4138)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | B396ED |
| RGB | 179, 150, 237 |
| RGB Percent | 70%, 59%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.2980, 0.4118, 0.0706 |
| CMYK | 0.24, 0.37, 0.00, 0.07 |
| HSL | 260°, 71%, 76% |
| HSV | 260°, 37%, 93% |
| XYZ | 44.7828, 37.5108, 85.0009 |
| YIQ | 168.5890, -10.6430, 33.2050 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

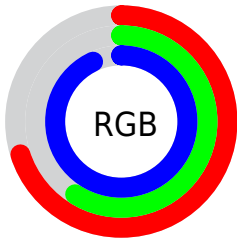
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 179, 150, 237 |
| Decimal | 11769581 |
| CIELab | 67.66, 28.47, -39.92 |
| CIElCh | 68, 49.029, 305.501 |
| Yxy | 37.5123, 0.2677, 0.2242 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289959661 (0xFFB396ED) |
| YUV | 168.5890, 33.7266, 9.1304 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 |

Details

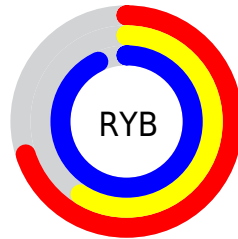
The HunterLab color $61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99FF$. A complement of this color would be $87.2818, -26.3506, 33.7199$, and the grayscale version is $62.6884, -3.3449, 3.4060$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82.6067, 15.8484, -16.7244$, and $40.6755, 21.4766, -38.2820$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.7790, 31.7872, -54.6370$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.1723, 15.2508, -25.7843$.

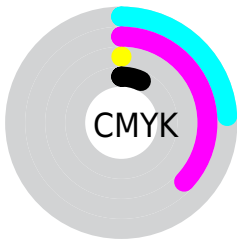
Distribution



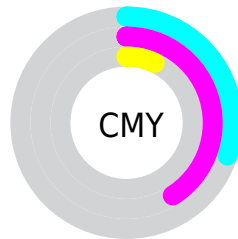
- Red (70%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.2461, 23.3376,
-39.4138

61.2461, 23.3376,
-39.4138

183.1730, 27.0446,
-43.9067

50.6008, 22.5260,
-38.7407

84.4749, 24.6692,
-40.7078

40.6546, 21.6043,
-38.0959

96.9890, 25.2085,
-41.3028

31.4619, 20.5581,
-37.5490

110.0665, 25.6728,
-41.8540

23.0905, 19.3735,
-37.2522

123.6840, 26.0679,
-42.3587

15.6307, 18.0418,
-37.5735

137.8209, 26.3985,
-42.8161

9.2085, 16.6071,
-39.6228

152.4589, 26.6692,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-43.2261

0.0000, NaN, -NF

167.5812, 26.8834,
-43.5894

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 61.2461, 23.3376,
-39.4138

■ 61.2461, 23.3376,
-39.4138

■ 53.7790, 31.7872,
-54.6370

■ 69.1723, 15.2508,
-25.7843

■ 46.8792, 40.5759,
-71.7358

■ 77.4731, 7.4894,
-13.4471

■ 40.7014, 49.5032,
-90.7668

■ 86.0908, -0.0048,
-2.1304

■ 35.4481, 58.0043,
-111.1516

■ 94.9810, -7.2881,
8.3850

■ 31.3535, 64.9451,
-131.0543

■ 99.4457, -8.3809,
13.3624

■ 28.5973, 68.8321,
-147.2872

■ 27.8869, 69.6825,
-151.9419

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.2473, 0.8448, -51.9110



61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138



61.2473, 40.2664, -15.8536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2473, 23.3368, -39.4122



61.2473, 15.3147, 29.8451



61.2473, -40.0088, -0.6583

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138



87.2818, -26.3506, 33.7199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2473, -37.2651, 17.8077



61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138



61.2473, -7.2814, 31.4202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2473, 23.3368, -39.4122



61.2473, 35.1952, 22.4303



61.2473, -25.9925, 27.9130



61.2473, -34.0988, -25.0061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138



61.2473, 44.9694, 0.0857



61.2473, -25.9925, 27.9130



61.2473, -40.0571, 6.4133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2473, 23.3368, -39.4122



89.4512, 3.4942, -7.5273



75.9681, -14.4717, -15.9738



40.7944, 2.1293, -4.2564

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2473, 23.3368, -39.4122



60.4419, 32.1772, -54.9973



65.9827, 37.2990, -30.6835



38.4614, 0.9352, -2.3703



20.7602, 51.6320, -111.2314



6.2393, 14.8862, -28.5351

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.6128, 36.7517, -11.4255



67.7392, 49.1416, -15.2154



84.0935, -38.4769, 30.7998



39.0172, 2.5804, 0.1720



33.4708, 61.4220, -10.1725



9.4733, 17.5485, -4.1518

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

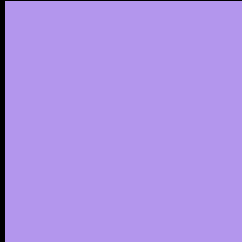
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

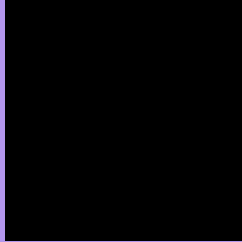
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138.

-39.4138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138

Protanopia

61.4738, 8.1676, -46.8468

Deuteranopia

61.3383, 4.9757, -37.3590



Tritanopia

61.3627, 0.4847, -1.8670

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138

Protanomaly

61.3190, 13.0718, -43.9749

Deuteranomaly

61.0917, 11.5663, -38.4325

Tritanomaly

61.0750, 8.3674, -14.0840

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

62.1449, 5.8274, -10.2988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 150, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 150, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 150, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 150, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 150, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 150, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 150, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 150, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 150, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 150,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.2461, 23.3376, -39.4138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 150, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
150, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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