

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.2259, 1.8026,
-15.5646)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.2259, 1.8026,
-15.5646) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.2204, 1.7659,
-15.7613)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9CA3C9 |
| RGB | 156, 163, 201 |
| RGB Percent | 61%, 64%, 79% |
| CMY | 0.3882, 0.3608, 0.2118 |
| CMYK | 0.22, 0.19, 0.00, 0.21 |
| HSL | 231°, 29%, 70% |
| HSV | 231°, 22%, 79% |
| XYZ | 37.3501, 37.4794, 60.5240 |
| YIQ | 165.2390, -16.3700, 10.3340 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

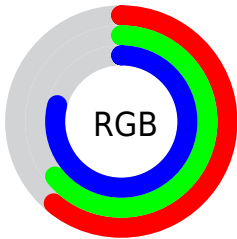
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 156, 162, 201 |
| Decimal | 10265545 |
| CIE Lab | 67.64, 5.73, -20.24 |
| CIE LCh | 68, 21.041, 285.812 |
| Yxy | 37.4809, 0.2759, 0.2769 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288455625 (0xFF9CA3C9) |
| YUV | 165.2390, 17.6302, -8.1026 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 |

Details

The HunterLab color $61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $73.0764, -7.2646, 19.3825$, and the grayscale version is $61.3743, -3.2748, 3.3346$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.3870, 0.3596, -14.4659$, and $40.5198, 2.4812, -15.3793$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.7817, 5.0240, -25.9623$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.8912, -1.0555, -6.4424$.

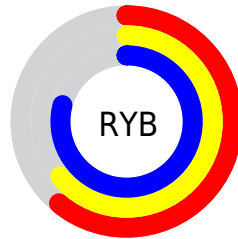
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (64%)

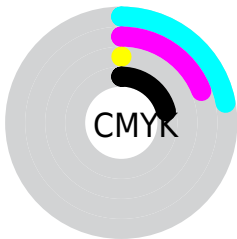
Blue (79%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (79%)

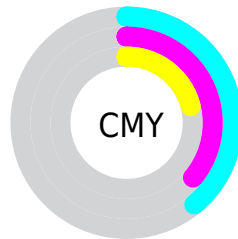


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.2204, 1.7659,
-15.7613

■ 61.2204, 1.7659,
-15.7613

183.1360, -2.5862,
-15.6748

■ 50.5767, 2.0331,
-15.4893

■ 84.4463, 1.0772,
-16.1120

■ 40.6322, 2.2435,
-15.1523

■ 96.9591, 0.6657,
-16.1995

■ 31.4413, 2.3885,
-14.7503

110.0352, 0.2132,
-16.2325

■ 23.0720, 2.4575,
-14.2935

123.6515, -0.2776,
-16.2139

■ 15.6144, 2.4347,
-13.8205

137.7873, -0.8047,
-16.1464

■ 9.1945, 2.3065,
-13.4820

152.4241, -1.3662,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-16.0326

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.5453, -1.9605,
-15.8747

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.2204, 1.7659,
-15.7613

■ 61.2204, 1.7659,
-15.7613

■ 54.7817, 5.0240,
-25.9623

■ 67.8912, -1.0555,
-6.4424

■ 48.6131, 8.8413,
-37.2856

■ 74.7593, -3.5301,
2.1798

■ 42.7725, 13.3657,
-50.0081

■ 81.8021, -5.7297,
10.2542

■ 37.3390, 18.7655,
-64.4083

■ 89.0011, -7.7087,
17.8952

■ 32.4225, 25.1828,
-80.6309

■ 96.1928, -10.0330,
25.0381

■ 28.1723, 32.6055,
-98.3648

■ 98.4871, -13.6882,
27.1813

■ 24.7730, 40.6090,
-116.2768

■ 22.8284, 46.3732,
-128.6399

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.2216, -7.6641, -15.9253



61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613



61.2216, 10.3246, -9.9945

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2216, 1.7650, -15.7601



61.2216, 9.9294, 14.4854



61.2216, -19.9233, 7.4231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613



73.0764, -7.2646, 19.3825

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2216, -15.7729, 14.2065



61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613



61.2216, 1.2519, 17.8446

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2216, 1.7650, -15.7601



61.2216, 15.2300, 7.8617



61.2216, -8.1472, 17.7510



61.2216, -19.8045, -1.5716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613



61.2216, 14.2194, -4.1885



61.2216, -8.1472, 17.7510



61.2216, -18.9926, 10.0058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2216, 1.7650, -15.7601



93.5562, -3.1436, -2.3625



72.6048, -18.1971, 2.9806



43.0289, -1.3628, -1.4123

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2216, 1.7650, -15.7601



75.8603, 4.3571, -27.1214



60.5417, 9.7070, -16.6410



32.4800, -0.8515, -1.7554



18.3402, 35.8862, -100.3916



4.9611, 4.7804, -16.5204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.3216, 12.9158, 5.6621



77.7599, 22.0656, 8.0882



73.9009, -15.4699, 20.0317



32.6549, 1.3432, 2.1533



28.0705, 48.3277, 16.1533



6.1795, 10.7796, 2.4662

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

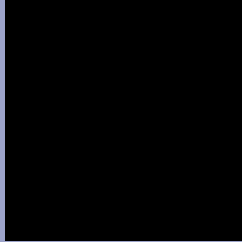
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613.

-15.7613.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613

Protanopia

61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613

Deuteranopia

61.1459, 4.4744, -15.8250



Tritanopia

61.3255, -5.4281, -4.0534

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613

Protanomaly

61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613

Deuteranomaly

61.2628, 3.3938, -15.6697

Tritanomaly

61.3804, -3.1601, -8.1896

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

61.1937, -1.4607, -3.1275

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 163, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 163, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 163, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 163, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 163, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 163, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 163, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 163, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 163, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 163,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.2204, 1.7659, -15.7613 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 163, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
163, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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