

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.2836, -5.1414,
6.5315)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.2836, -5.1414, 6.5315)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.3462, -5.1736,
6.4472)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4A69E
RGB	164, 166, 158
RGB Percent	64%, 65%, 62%
CMY	0.3569, 0.3490, 0.3804
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.05, 0.35
HSL	75°, 4%, 64%
HSV	75°, 5%, 65%
XYZ	35.1176, 37.6336, 37.7608
YIQ	164.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

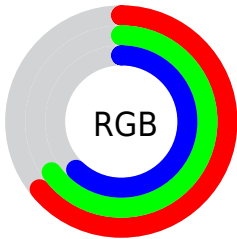
Format	Color
RYB	158, 166, 160
Decimal	10790558
CIELab	67.75, -2.21, 3.88
CIELCh	68, 4.466, 119.636
Yxy	37.6352, 0.3178, 0.3405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288980638 (0xFFA4A69E)
YUV	164.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297
Hunter-Lab	61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472

Details

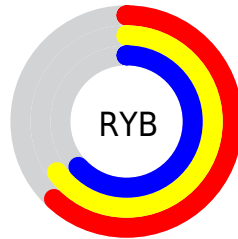
The HunterLab color $61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.8909, -1.1912, -0.0553$, and the grayscale version is $61.1441, -3.2625, 3.3221$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.6032, -6.5268, 7.9019$, and $40.6705, -3.7891, 4.7166$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.5530, -8.8633, 12.3303$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.2056, -1.2030, -0.1515$.

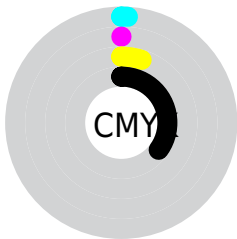
Distribution



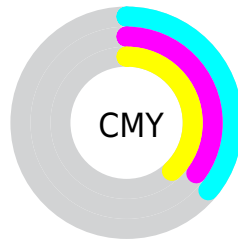
- Red (64%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.3462, -5.1736,
6.4472

■ 61.3462, -5.1736,
6.4472

183.3173,
-12.5343, 14.5195

■ 50.6948, -4.4877,
5.6661

■ 84.5864, -6.6333,
8.0826

■ 40.7420, -3.8292,
4.9070

■ 97.1058, -7.4026,
8.9348

■ 31.5422, -3.2004,
4.1700

110.1883, -8.1975,
9.8101

■ 23.1629, -2.6016,
3.4525

123.8106, -9.0175,
10.7080

■ 15.6943, -2.0325,
2.7496

137.9522, -9.8617,
11.6283

■ 9.2632, -1.5336,
2.2412

152.5947,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.7297, 12.5706

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.7214,
-11.6207, 13.5344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.3462, -5.1736,
6.4472

■ 61.3462, -5.1736,
6.4472

■ 60.5530, -8.8633,
12.3303

■ 62.2056, -1.2030,
-0.1515

■ 59.8219, -12.2590,
17.4841

■ 63.1271, 3.0421,
-7.4518

■ 59.1537, -15.3560,
21.9054

■ 64.1114, 7.5480,
-15.4316

■ 58.5474, -18.1511,
25.5979

■ 65.1579, 12.3012,
-24.0656

■ 58.0015, -20.6447,
28.5745

■ 66.2657, 17.2875,
-33.3257

■ 57.5140, -22.8416,
30.8583

■ 67.3081, 21.8536,
-41.4800

■ 57.0821, -24.7514,
32.4848

■ 67.7072, 23.0874,
-40.7214

■ 56.7021, -26.3902,
33.5041

■ 68.1151, 24.3423,
-39.9518

■ 56.3690, -27.7828,
33.9882

■ 68.5319, 25.6175,
-39.1718

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3475, -3.2521, 6.9014



61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472



61.3475, -6.5741, 5.1679

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3475, -5.1751, 6.4481



61.3475, -5.2171, 0.0834



61.3475, 0.6341, 3.3159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472



58.8909, -1.1912, -0.0553

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.3475, 0.0920, 1.4526



61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472



61.3475, -3.3012, -0.4500

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3475, -5.1751, 6.4481



61.3475, -6.5982, 1.4943



61.3475, -1.3548, 0.0588



61.3475, 0.1171, 5.1287

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472



61.3475, -7.0304, 3.9967



61.3475, -1.3548, 0.0588



61.3475, 0.5696, 2.6746

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3475, -5.1751, 6.4481



83.0737, -4.9813, 5.4189



59.7648, -1.6381, 4.7069



39.3015, -2.3421, 2.5397



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3475, -5.1751, 6.4481



82.5013, -7.6346, 9.7639



61.0052, -6.3799, 6.0407



29.5669, -2.8099, 3.6183



49.5180, -24.9614, 30.0758



7.8650, -3.3444, 4.7879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8909, -1.1912, -0.0553



78.3114, -0.8387, -1.3313



59.2455, 0.0266, 0.4018



27.9680, -0.2163, -0.6163



15.9016, 40.6576, -93.7981



2.9136, 6.7724, -11.9367

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

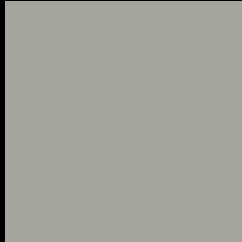
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

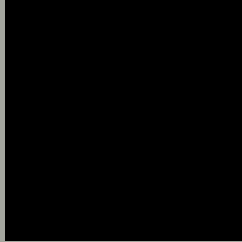
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472

Protanopia

61.2628, -2.4957, 6.8350

Deuteranopia

61.1284, 4.5276, 5.9318



Tritanopia

61.2735, 0.1798, -1.9850

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472

Protanomaly

61.3754, -3.6105, 6.9416

Deuteranomaly

61.2976, 0.7152, 6.0572

Tritanomaly

61.2556, -1.8183, 1.3819

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472

Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

Achromatomaly

61.1649, -4.0603, 4.4838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 166, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 166, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 166, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 166, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 166, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 166, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 166, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 166, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 166, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 166,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.3462, -5.1736, 6.4472 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 166, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
166, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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