

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3171, 3.7652,
-17.9998)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3171, 3.7652,
-17.9998) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.3346, 3.9467,
-17.9690)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA2CD
RGB	159, 162, 205
RGB Percent	62%, 64%, 80%
CMY	0.3765, 0.3647, 0.1961
CMYK	0.22, 0.21, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	236°, 32%, 71%
HSV	236°, 22%, 80%
XYZ	38.2378, 37.6193, 63.0035
YIQ	166.0050, -15.5910, 12.7370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

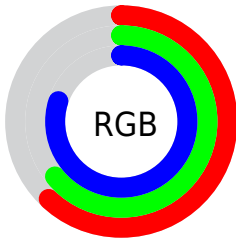
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 162, 205
Decimal	10461901
CIE _{Lab}	67.74, 8.16, -22.28
CIE _{LCh}	68, 23.730, 290.123
Yxy	37.6209, 0.2754, 0.2709
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288651981 (0xFF9FA2CD)
YUV	166.0050, 19.2245, -6.1434
Hunter-Lab	61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690

Details

The HunterLab color $61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $75.9760, -9.4821, 21.0521$, and the grayscale version is $61.6828, -3.2912, 3.3513$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.3456, 1.7936, -14.4989$, and $40.6350, 4.5552, -17.6005$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.2689, 8.2524, -29.5173$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.6781, 0.1091, -7.5418$.

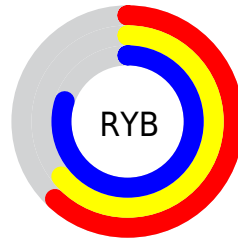
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (64%)

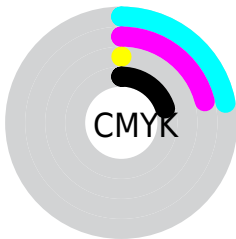
Blue (80%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (80%)

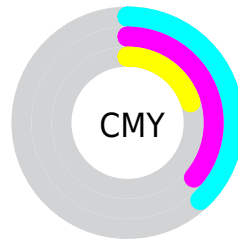


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.3346, 3.9467,
-17.9690

■ 61.3346, 3.9467,
-17.9690

183.3005, 0.4915,
-18.4404

■ 50.6839, 4.0905,
-17.6345

■ 84.5734, 3.4862,
-18.4476

■ 40.7318, 4.1696,
-17.2382

■ 97.0922, 3.1810,
-18.5991

■ 31.5328, 4.1739,
-16.7836

110.1741, 2.8307,
-18.6953

■ 23.1545, 4.0905,
-16.2884

123.7959, 2.4381,
-18.7392

■ 15.6868, 3.9004,
-15.8083

137.9369, 2.0059,
-18.7333

■ 9.2568, 3.5794,
-15.5392

152.5789, 1.5362,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-18.6801

0.0000, NaN, -NF

167.7051, 1.0308,
-18.5818

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.3346, 3.9467,
-17.9690

■ 61.3346, 3.9467,
-17.9690

■ 54.2689, 8.2524,
-29.5173

■ 68.6781, 0.1091,
-7.5418

■ 47.5334, 13.1703,
-42.5232

■ 76.2552, -3.3666,
2.0209

■ 41.2088, 18.8716,
-57.3778

■ 84.0368, -6.5634,
10.9183

■ 35.4096, 25.5281,
-74.4444

■ 91.9998, -9.5432,
19.3001

■ 30.3015, 33.2018,
-93.7607

■ 98.5839, -13.1500,
25.7800

■ 26.1116, 41.5653,
-114.3303

■ 23.1036, 49.4761,
-133.1204

■ 21.6918, 53.9425,
-143.5592

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3358, -6.7570, -19.1781



61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690



61.3358, 13.2823, -10.5441

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3358, 3.9458, -17.9677



61.3358, 10.4450, 16.5112



61.3358, -22.2142, 6.5941

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690



75.9760, -9.4821, 21.0521

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.3358, -18.2451, 14.5834



61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690



61.3358, 0.2844, 19.6266

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3358, 3.9458, -17.9677



61.3358, 17.2089, 9.6829



61.3358, -10.1784, 18.9870



61.3358, -21.3818, -3.7651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690



61.3358, 17.2429, -3.6773



61.3358, -10.1784, 18.9870



61.3358, -21.4083, 9.6127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3358, 3.9458, -17.9677



93.0499, -2.2899, -2.9859



74.3609, -17.8311, 0.9888



42.7748, -0.9338, -1.7271

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3358, 3.9458, -17.9677



74.0159, 7.6682, -30.0425



62.2743, 11.3881, -16.4178



33.1052, -0.4588, -2.1218



17.2601, 41.9554, -112.1432



4.4242, 7.6292, -21.9990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5493, 12.6518, 7.4874



77.5802, 21.1410, 10.6628



75.1592, -17.2605, 20.1345



33.5042, 1.2588, 2.5600



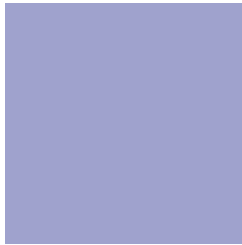
28.4671, 48.8341, 17.7485



6.4985, 11.2130, 3.5468

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

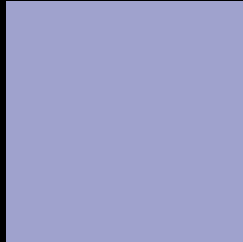
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

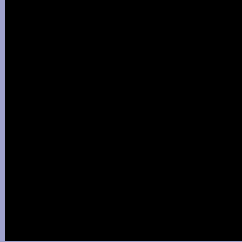
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690.

-17.9690.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690

Protanopia

61.3345, 2.5430, -18.6076

Deuteranopia

61.4183, 4.2275, -17.8365



Tritanopia

61.4839, -4.8720, -3.8384

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690

Protanomaly

61.4154, 2.8167, -18.4785

Deuteranomaly

61.4183, 4.2275, -17.8365

Tritanomaly

61.3615, -1.6386, -8.7369

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

61.6377, -1.3018, -3.5772

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 162, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 162, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 162, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 162, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 162, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 162, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 162, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 162, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 162, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 162,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.3346, 3.9467, -17.9690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 162, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
162, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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