

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3488, -1.6897,
-0.5290)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3488, -1.6897,
-0.5290) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.2922, -1.4428,
-0.5009)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A4AD
RGB	165, 164, 173
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 68%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3568, 0.3216
CMYK	0.05, 0.05, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	247°, 5%, 66%
HSV	247°, 5%, 68%
XYZ	36.3353, 37.5673, 44.8712
YIQ	165.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

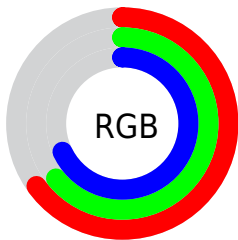
Format	Color
R _{YB}	165, 164, 173
Decimal	10855597
CIE Lab	67.70, 2.10, -4.52
CIE LCh	68, 4.986, 294.954
Yxy	37.5689, 0.3059, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289045677 (0xFFA5A4AD)
YUV	165.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850
Hunter-Lab	61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Details

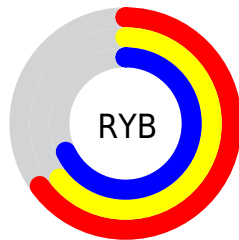
The HunterLab color $61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.2954, -5.1902, 7.1383$, and the grayscale version is $61.4606, -3.2794, 3.3393$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.5459, -2.5931, 0.5786$, and $40.5950, -0.4440, -1.4130$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.9914, 2.5667, -8.6957$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.7776, -5.2589, 7.0875$.

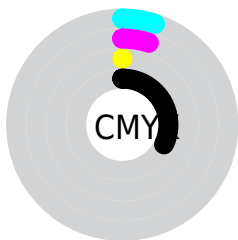
Distribution



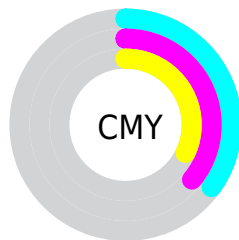
- Red (65%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.2922, -1.4428,
-0.5009

■ 61.2922, -1.4428,
-0.5009

183.2395, -7.1593,
4.5361

■ 50.6442, -0.9868,
-0.8582

■ 84.5263, -2.4805,
0.3564

■ 40.6949, -0.5745,
-1.1642

■ 97.0428, -3.0540,
0.8476

■ 31.4989, -0.2121,
-1.4117

110.1226, -3.6618,
1.3772

■ 23.1239, 0.0940,
-1.5926

123.7424, -4.3019,
1.9431

■ 15.6600, 0.3346,
-1.6955

137.8815, -4.9729,
2.5435

■ 9.2338, 0.5025,
-1.7065

152.5215, -5.6736,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

3.1767

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.6459, -6.4028,
3.8414

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.2922, -1.4428,
-0.5009

■ 61.2922, -1.4428,
-0.5009

■ 54.9914, 2.5667,
-8.6957

■ 67.7776, -5.2589,
7.0875

■ 48.9000, 6.8356,
-17.6844

■ 74.4220, -8.9248,
14.2053

■ 43.0582, 11.4411,
-27.7070

■ 81.2099, -12.4777,
20.9584

■ 37.5204, 16.4776,
-39.0661

■ 88.1279, -15.9450,
27.4263

■ 32.3648, 22.0382,
-52.0977

■ 95.1651, -19.3477,
33.6699

■ 27.7044, 28.1575,
-67.0457

■ 97.8760, -17.0991,
36.0620

■ 23.7010, 34.6597,
-83.6904

■ 20.5659, 40.8759,
-100.5901

■ 18.5054, 45.4916,
-114.4700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.2935, -3.6525, -0.8914



61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009



61.2935, 0.2961, 0.9342

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2935, -1.4442, -0.4999



61.2935, -0.7782, 6.6001



61.2935, -7.5097, 3.6960

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009



64.2954, -5.1902, 7.1383

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2935, -6.7637, 5.6451



61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009



61.2935, -2.8940, 7.2829

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2935, -1.4442, -0.4999



61.2935, 0.6844, 5.0416



61.2935, -5.0821, 6.9396



61.2935, -7.1340, 1.5807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009



61.2935, 0.9457, 2.2621



61.2935, -5.0821, 6.9396



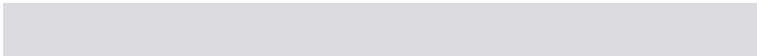
61.2935, -7.3821, 4.3916

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2935, -1.4442, -0.4999



84.7487, -3.5738, 2.6236



63.6032, -5.7115, 2.2375



39.5535, -1.6932, 1.2772



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2935, -1.4442, -0.4999



81.2534, -1.4592, -1.6240



61.6839, -0.1022, 0.0062



28.7683, -0.4425, -0.7319



15.2734, 40.6681, -102.6247



2.7943, 6.9919, -15.2998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.9801, 0.8484, 0.8693



82.3351, 2.1425, 0.5472



63.9134, -6.5335, 6.6858



29.1793, 0.9240, 0.0954



28.7082, 55.1368, -27.7518



4.8325, 9.3511, -5.2126

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

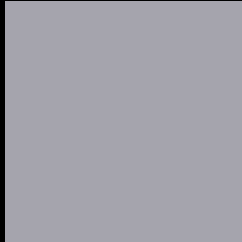
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

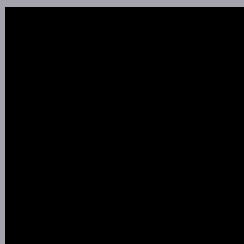
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

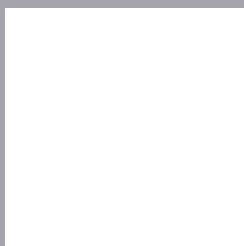
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009.

-0.5009.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Protanopia

61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Deuteranopia

61.2737, 4.4679, -0.9131



Tritanopia

61.1849, -0.1236, -2.1025

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Protanomaly

61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Deuteranomaly

61.1800, 2.6912, -1.0613

Tritanomaly

61.1527, -0.2987, -1.6453

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

61.4302, -2.7801, 2.0493

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 164, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 164, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 164, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 164, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 164, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 164, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 164, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 164, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.2922, -1.4428, -0.5009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 164, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
164, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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