

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3626, -0.3435,
-2.3545)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3626, -0.3435,
-2.3545) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.5079, -0.4448,
-2.2020)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6A4B1
RGB	166, 164, 177
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.3490, 0.3568, 0.3059
CMYK	0.06, 0.07, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	249°, 8%, 67%
HSV	249°, 7%, 69%
XYZ	36.9371, 37.8322, 46.9505
YIQ	166.0800, -2.9810, 4.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

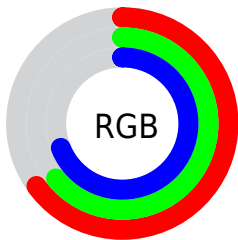
Format	Color
RYB	166, 164, 177
Decimal	10921137
CIELab	67.90, 3.25, -6.45
CIELCh	68, 7.220, 296.756
Yxy	37.8338, 0.3035, 0.3108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289111217 (0xFFA6A4B1)
YUV	166.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702
Hunter-Lab	61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Details

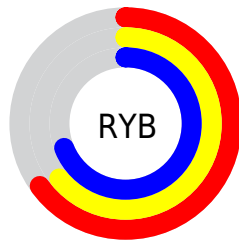
The HunterLab color $61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65.7568, -6.2113, 8.7407$, and the grayscale version is $61.7651, -3.2956, 3.3558$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.8047, -1.3680, -1.6646$, and $40.7688, 0.3354, -2.6042$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.1428, 3.9398, -10.6762$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.0666, -4.6344, 5.6291$.

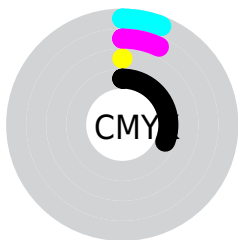
Distribution



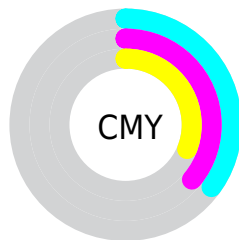
- Red (65%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.5079, -0.4448,
-2.2020

■ 61.5079, -0.4448,
-2.2020

183.5502, -5.7351,
2.1824

■ 50.8466, -0.0480,
-2.4711

■ 84.7664, -1.3735,
-1.5090

■ 40.8831, 0.3011,
-2.6842

■ 97.2942, -1.8964,
-1.0950

■ 31.6717, 0.5953,
-2.8332

110.3848, -2.4556,
-0.6396

■ 23.2798, 0.8271,
-2.9094

124.0149, -3.0491,
-0.1454

■ 15.7970, 0.9849,
-2.9006

138.1640, -3.6751,
0.3856

■ 9.3507, 1.0510,
-2.7913

152.8137, -4.3323,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.9516

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.9474, -5.0194,
1.5510

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5079, -0.4448,
-2.2020

■ 61.5079, -0.4448,
-2.2020

■ 55.1428, 3.9398,
-10.6762

■ 68.0666, -4.6344,
5.6291

■ 48.9984, 8.5848,
-19.9894

■ 74.7917, -8.6727,
12.9602

■ 43.1180, 13.5643,
-30.3899

■ 81.6664, -12.5975,
19.9035

■ 37.5606, 18.9633,
-42.1825

■ 88.6764, -16.4369,
26.5430

■ 32.4105, 24.8512,
-55.6864

■ 95.8101, -20.2125,
32.9434

■ 27.7888, 31.2083,
-71.0783

■ 97.9563, -16.6498,
34.8922

■ 23.8653, 37.7531,
-87.9717

■ 20.8526, 43.6696,
-104.6541

■ 18.8960, 47.7701,
-118.0342

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5092, -3.6385, -2.8886



61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020



61.5092, 2.0297, -0.0012

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.5092, -0.4461, -2.2009



61.5092, 0.1787, 8.1159



61.5092, -9.4018, 3.6836

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020



65.7568, -6.2113, 8.7407

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.5092, -8.4257, 6.5191



61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020



61.5092, -2.9312, 8.9932

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.5092, -0.4461, -2.2009



61.5092, 2.3957, 5.9651



61.5092, -6.0738, 8.4240



61.5092, -8.7672, 0.6109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020



61.5092, 2.9176, 1.9704



61.5092, -6.0738, 8.4240



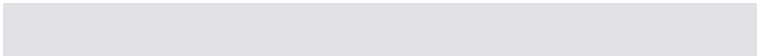
61.5092, -9.2517, 4.6947

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.5092, -0.4461, -2.2009



86.9445, -3.6012, 2.7113



64.6121, -6.4705, 1.5311



40.5204, -1.7053, 1.3160



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.5092, -0.4461, -2.2009



80.7527, 0.4440, -4.9285



62.0875, 1.5295, -1.4365



28.7937, 0.1943, -1.8288



15.7740, 41.5934, -102.8285



3.1250, 7.6672, -15.9312

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4459, 2.6179, 0.0151



82.3251, 5.5556, -1.1624



65.2003, -8.1784, 8.0931



29.3664, 2.0548, -0.4556



28.9314, 55.0690, -24.1192



5.1905, 9.9739, -5.0576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

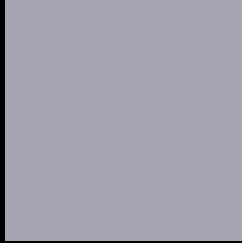
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

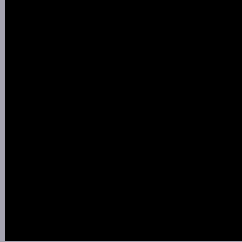
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Protanopia

61.4203, -0.7456, -2.3184

Deuteranopia

61.5907, 4.3323, -2.5183



Tritanopia

61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Protanomaly

61.4203, -0.7456, -2.3184

Deuteranomaly

61.5026, 2.5699, -2.6616

Tritanomaly

61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

61.5788, -2.1430, 1.2904

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 164, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 164, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 164, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 164, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 164, 177) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 164, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 164, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 164, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 164, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 164,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.5079, -0.4448, -2.2020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 164, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
164, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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