

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3704, 15.8063,
-9.6661)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3704, 15.8063,
-9.6661) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.3355, 15.7103,
-9.5768)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF99BF
RGB	191, 153, 191
RGB Percent	75%, 60%, 75%
CMY	0.2510, 0.4000, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	300°, 23%, 67%
HSV	300°, 20%, 75%
XYZ	42.2811, 37.6204, 54.3233
YIQ	168.6940, 10.4500, 19.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

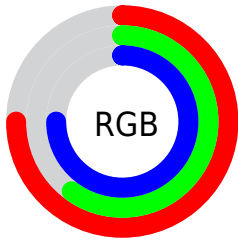
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 153, 191
Decimal	12556735
CIE _{Lab}	67.74, 20.74, -14.24
CIE _{LCh}	68, 25.157, 325.513
Yxy	37.6221, 0.3150, 0.2803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290746815 (0xFFBF99BF)
YUV	168.6940, 10.9969, 19.5624
Hunter-Lab	61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768

Details

The HunterLab color $61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $68.0698, -20.7359, 15.3297$, and the grayscale version is $62.8164, -3.3517, 3.4129$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.7252, 16.1797, -9.0881$, and $40.8119, 14.5464, -9.5286$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.4463, 25.8201, -16.5399$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.6206, 5.7605, -2.7151$.

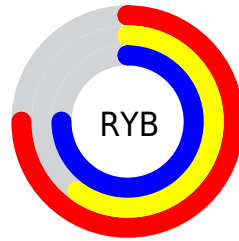
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (60%)

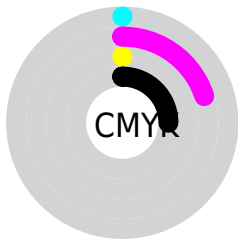
Blue (75%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (75%)

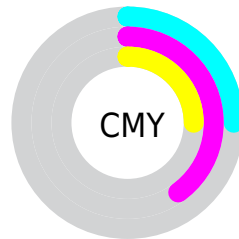


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61.3355, 15.7103,
-9.5768


 61.3355, 15.7103,
-9.5768


183.3019, 16.7645,
-7.7192

 50.6848, 15.2445,
-9.5172


 84.5745, 16.3845,
-9.5074

 40.7327, 14.6821,
-9.3904


 97.0933, 16.6124,
-9.3900

 31.5336, 14.0076,
-9.1897


110.1753, 16.7752,
-9.2219

 23.1552, 13.2030,
-8.9105

123.7971, 16.8779,
-9.0063

 15.6875, 12.2466,
-8.5557

137.9382, 16.9248,
-8.7460

 9.2574, 11.1283,
-8.1636

152.5802, 16.9195,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-8.4433

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.7064, 16.8652,
-8.1004

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.3355, 15.7103,
-9.5768

■ 61.3355, 15.7103,
-9.5768

■ 56.4463, 25.8201,
-16.5399

■ 66.6206, 5.7605,
-2.7151

■ 52.0144, 35.9446,
-23.5050

■ 72.2420, -3.9534,
3.9922

■ 48.1144, 45.8177,
-30.2894

■ 78.1550, -13.4114,
10.5307

■ 44.8226, 55.0354,
-36.6171

■ 84.3215, -22.6195,
16.9038

■ 42.2072, 63.0700,
-42.1281

■ 90.7105, -31.5976,
23.1246

■ 40.3117, 69.3628,
-46.4416

■ 92.9291, -34.6027,
25.2082

■ 39.1334, 73.5025,
-49.2779

■ 92.9291, -34.6026,
25.2082

■ 38.5260, 75.7110,
-50.7906

■ 92.9291, -34.6026,
25.2081

■ 38.5203, 75.7321,
-50.8051

■ 92.9291, -34.6026,
25.2081

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3368, 6.3798, -18.4328



61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768



61.3368, 19.9581, 1.6972

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3368, 15.7086, -9.5755



61.3368, -1.5644, 20.5968



61.3368, -21.7038, -6.2621

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768



68.0698, -20.7359, 15.3297

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.3368, -23.4957, 4.9361



61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768



61.3368, -12.3693, 19.2353

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3368, 15.7086, -9.5755



61.3368, 9.5368, 18.0665



61.3368, -20.2001, 13.9404



61.3368, -15.1165, -16.2895

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768



61.3368, 19.1295, 8.6206



61.3368, -20.2001, 13.9404



61.3368, -22.8656, -2.4591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3368, 15.7086, -9.5755



91.9647, 2.7314, -0.1978



57.7220, 3.9236, -14.9933



42.8641, 1.6841, -0.3717



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3368, 15.7086, -9.5755



79.0793, 27.0753, -16.9851



60.6952, 12.3755, -0.5107



31.1389, 2.4295, -1.0902



31.2270, 61.3933, -41.1859



6.1803, 12.1507, -8.1514

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3368, 15.7086, -9.5755



79.0793, 27.0753, -16.9851



68.5665, -17.9012, 8.1864



31.1389, 2.4295, -1.0902



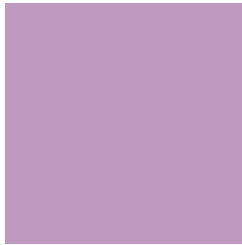
31.2270, 61.3933, -41.1859



6.1803, 12.1507, -8.1514

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

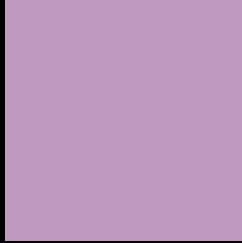
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

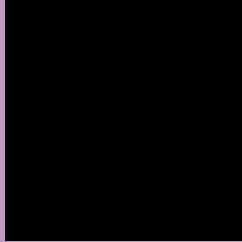
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768.

-9.5768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768

Protanopia

61.5607, 1.2030, -13.5009

Deuteranopia

61.4084, 4.4684, -8.5655



Tritanopia

61.3758, 8.8011, 1.7131

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768

Protanomaly

61.3415, 6.1362, -11.9973

Deuteranomaly

61.3485, 8.6787, -9.1260

Tritanomaly

61.4574, 10.9819, -2.0661

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

62.2220, 3.4648, -1.2333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 153, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 153, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 153, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 153, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 153, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 153, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 153, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 153, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 153, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 153,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.3355, 15.7103, -9.5768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 153, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
153, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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