

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3854, -23.9904,
31.1652)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3854, -23.9904,
31.1652) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.4395,
-23.8640, 31.1890)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93B04A
RGB	147, 176, 74
RGB Percent	58%, 69%, 29%
CMY	0.4235, 0.3098, 0.7098
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.58, 0.31
HSL	77°, 41%, 49%
HSV	77°, 58%, 69%
XYZ	28.7940, 37.7481, 12.2471
YIQ	155.7010, 15.4580, -37.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

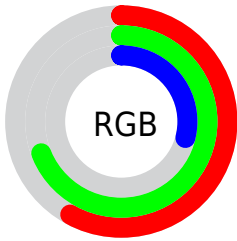
Format	Color
RYB	74, 176, 103
Decimal	9678922
CIELab	67.84, -25.55, 48.00
CIELCh	68, 54.376, 118.026
Yxy	37.7498, 0.3655, 0.4791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287869002 (0xFF93B04A)
YUV	155.7010, -40.2786, -7.6308
Hunter-Lab	61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890

Details

The HunterLab color $61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC66$. A complement of this color would be $33.0405, 27.9716, -52.8611$, and the grayscale version is $57.6923, -3.0783, 3.1345$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.8034, -27.8998, 37.9668$, and $40.7383, -19.4780, 23.7986$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.9033, -26.2621, 33.3758$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.0435, -21.1425, 28.2715$.

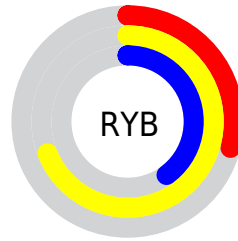
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (69%)

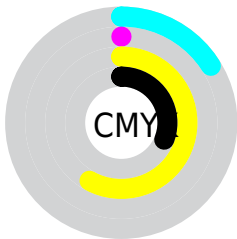
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (40%)

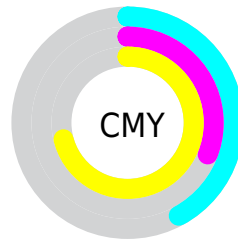


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.4395, -23.8640,
31.1890

61.4395, -23.8640,
31.1890

183.4518,
-40.5636, 58.2593

50.7824, -21.8411,
27.6223

84.6903, -27.7524,
37.8489

40.8234, -19.7381,
23.8511

97.2146, -29.6386,
40.9935

31.6169, -17.5276,
19.8337

110.3017,
-31.4980, 44.0411

23.2304, -15.1644,
16.2613

123.9286,
-33.3365, 47.0064

15.7535, -12.5710,
11.0275

138.0745,
-35.1588, 49.9017

9.3138, -12.4509,
6.5197

152.7212,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-36.9688, 52.7370

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.8519,
-38.7696, 55.5206

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.4395, -23.8640,
31.1890

■ 61.4395, -23.8640,
31.1890

■ 60.9033, -26.2621,
33.3758

■ 62.0435, -21.1425,
28.2715

■ 60.4277, -28.3431,
34.8725

■ 62.7135, -18.0875,
24.5944

■ 60.0097, -30.1278,
35.7395

■ 63.4527, -14.7002,
20.1428

■ 59.6412, -31.6584,
36.0936

■ 64.2619, -10.9847,
14.9115

■ 59.5690, -31.9577,
36.1467

■ 65.1417, -6.9485,
8.9044

■ 66.0924, -2.6017,
2.1330

■ 67.1134, 2.0430,
-5.3845

■ 68.2043, 6.9713,
-13.6249

■ 69.3640, 12.1676,
-22.5608

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.4409, -1.6523, 33.3697



61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890



61.4409, -38.3205, 22.6398

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.4409, -23.8657, 31.1895



61.4409, -26.2668, -48.0344



61.4409, 51.1737, 1.7824

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890



33.0405, 27.9716, -52.8611

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.4409, 41.9479, -25.3948



61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890



61.4409, -4.8941, -60.3197

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.4409, -23.8657, 31.1895



61.4409, -39.5467, -21.6256



61.4409, 20.4290, -50.7438



61.4409, 44.0184, 20.8787

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890



61.4409, -42.8706, 11.9254



61.4409, 20.4290, -50.7438



61.4409, 49.8594, -6.6862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.4409, -23.8657, 31.1895



86.6157, -14.4495, 19.5822



44.0527, 20.0832, 18.7764



40.2193, -7.1980, 9.7982



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.4409, -23.8657, 31.1895



81.7994, -36.3295, 45.7052



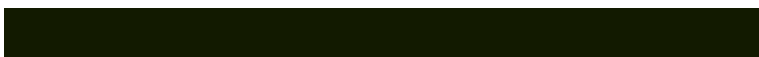
58.3431, -36.0245, 28.7358



31.2775, -3.6191, 4.7035



51.0540, -27.2542, 30.9821



9.2078, -4.2390, 5.5996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0405, 27.9716, -52.8611



36.7914, 48.8554, -96.5245



38.5919, 41.5942, -38.5988



28.8847, 0.5050, -1.7056



16.8063, 42.4657, -95.2194



3.4519, 8.0078, -14.0198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

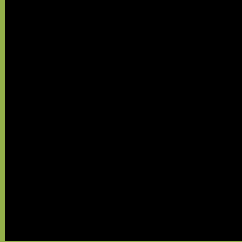
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.4395,

-23.8640, 31.1890.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890

Protanopia

61.1821, -7.5202, 31.7916

Deuteranopia

61.1351, 4.2475, 30.5716



Tritanopia

61.2336, -2.8313, -3.1003

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890

Protanomaly

61.1472, -13.7829, 31.4927

Deuteranomaly

60.9541, -6.6829, 30.6131

Tritanomaly

61.0229, -11.9013, 13.2873

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890

Achromatopsia

57.6586, -3.0765, 3.1327

Achromatomaly

58.7138, -11.5440, 16.0447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 176, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 176, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 176, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 176, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 176, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 176, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 176, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 176, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 176, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 176,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.4395, -23.8640, 31.1890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 176, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
176, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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