

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.3928, -56.2377,
38.1121)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.3928, -56.2377,
38.1121) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(62.1157,
-53.2642, 37.3429)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C200
RGB	0, 194, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2392, 0.9999
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	120°, 100%, 38%
HSV	120°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	19.2918, 38.5836, 6.4306
YIQ	113.8780, -53.3500, -101.4620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

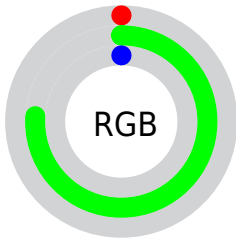
Format	Color
RYB	0, 194, 194
Decimal	49664
CIELab	68.45, -70.16, 67.71
CIELCh	68, 97.507, 136.017
Yxy	38.5852, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239744 (0xFF00C200)
YUV	113.8780, -56.1419, -99.8710
Hunter-Lab	62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429

Details

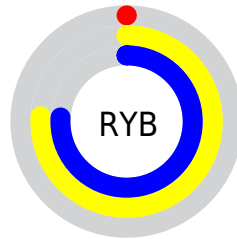
The HunterLab color **62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **39.1970, 77.0607, -51.6839**, and the grayscale version is **41.1993, -2.1983, 2.2384**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.4459, -62.4150, 46.4259**, and **42.9712, -36.8478, 25.8336** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.1170, -53.2650, 37.3431**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.2705, -52.5309, 36.8465**.

Distribution



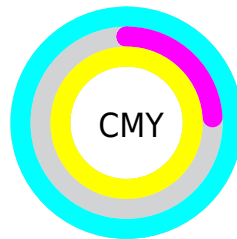
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62.1157, -53.2642,
37.3429


 62.1157, -53.2642,
37.3429


184.4244,
-89.5165, 73.7049


 51.4171, -48.3650,
32.4909


 85.4425, -62.3219,
46.4081


 41.4138, -43.1343,
27.3960


 98.0021, -66.5644,
50.6718


 32.1593, -37.4791,
22.5115


 111.1230,
-70.6569, 54.7867

 23.7201, -31.2640,
16.6041

 124.7823,
-74.6217, 58.7718

 16.1842, -25.8011,
11.3290

 138.9595,
-78.4768, 62.6434

 9.6766, -16.9341,
6.7736

 153.6363,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-82.2366, 66.4152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.7962,
-85.9131, 70.0990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.1157, -53.2642,
37.3429

■ 62.1157, -53.2642,
37.3429

■ 62.1170, -53.2650,
37.3431

■ 62.2705, -52.5309,
36.8465

■ 62.5763, -51.0747,
35.8613

■ 63.0860, -48.6658,
34.2320

■ 63.8221, -45.2267,
31.9063

■ 64.7997, -40.7297,
28.8656

■ 66.0275, -35.1891,
25.1200

■ 67.5093, -28.6543,
20.7030

■ 69.2440, -21.2008,
15.6659

■ 71.2271, -12.9217,
10.0721

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.1170, -25.0008, 41.6677



62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



62.1170, -65.9876, 19.8680

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.1170, -53.2650, 37.3431



62.1170, -22.4859, -136.5997



62.1170, 100.8422, 21.7558

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



39.1970, 77.0607, -51.6839

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.1170, 102.0747, -19.4059



62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



62.1170, 21.8196, -134.5928

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.1170, -53.2650, 37.3431



62.1170, -51.8684, -87.0070



62.1170, 70.1205, -82.6173



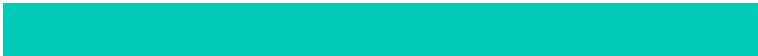
62.1170, 67.1138, 37.9037

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



62.1170, -67.0969, -5.6701



62.1170, 70.1205, -82.6173



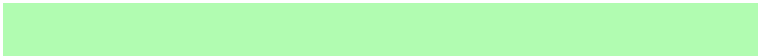
62.1170, 105.3347, 11.2470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.1170, -53.2650, 37.3431



90.7639, -39.0156, 28.1683



70.7495, -19.0028, 43.2629



42.0564, -20.0903, 14.4202

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.1170, -53.2650, 37.3431



83.6085, -71.6940, 50.2635



62.8078, -48.9519, 27.1687



33.5542, -5.8176, 4.5614



50.3663, -43.1888, 30.2788



10.4693, -8.9772, 6.2934

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1970, 77.0607, -51.6839



52.7585, 103.7224, -69.5654



35.1182, 62.5987, 3.6415



32.0118, 2.5131, -1.1310



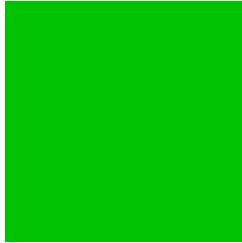
31.7821, 62.4831, -41.9070



6.6064, 12.9881, -8.7116

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

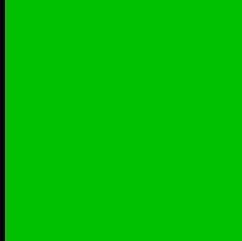
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429.

-53.2642, 37.3429.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429

Protanopia

61.5120, -8.6058, 37.7527

Deuteranopia

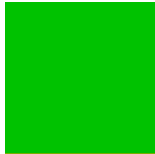
61.3930, 4.4640, 35.7928



Tritanopia

61.9128, -23.1092, -11.6967

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



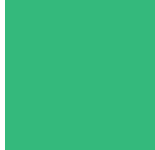
Protanomaly

59.1376, -33.6664, 35.8510



Deuteranomaly

58.0811, -27.6116, 34.2474



Tritanomaly

60.7316, -40.4335, 18.0985

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429



Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287



Achromatomaly

46.4138, -28.2566, 20.0533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 194, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 194, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 194, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 194, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 194, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 194, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 194, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 194, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 194, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.1157, -53.2642, 37.3429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 194, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 194,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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