

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541) contains.

HunterLab(61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(61.4017,
-47.1764, 36.9541)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46BD02
RGB	70, 189, 2
RGB Percent	27%, 74%, 1%
CMY	0.7255, 0.2588, 0.9921
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.99, 0.26
HSL	98°, 98%, 37%
HSV	98°, 99%, 74%
XYZ	20.7344, 37.7017, 6.2418
YIQ	132.1010, -10.8970, -83.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

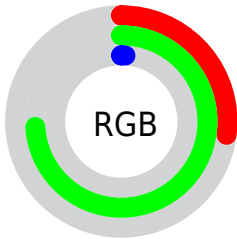
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 189, 121
Decimal	4635906
CIE _{Lab}	67.80, -60.22, 67.37
CIE _{LCh}	68, 90.356, 131.793
Yxy	37.7033, 0.3206, 0.5829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282825986 (0xFF46BD02)
YUV	132.1010, -64.1398, -54.4626
Hunter-Lab	61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541

Details

The HunterLab color **61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC00**. A complement of this color would be **27.9011, 60.5463, -84.0583**, and the grayscale version is **48.3254, -2.5785, 2.6256**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.5356, -54.9453, 45.9404**, and **41.2919, -35.4078, 24.8240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.3609, -47.3613, 36.9811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.8431, -45.2596, 36.6387**.

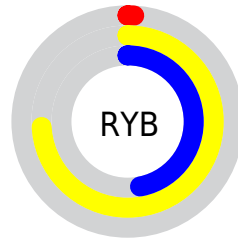
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (74%)

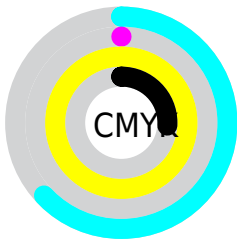
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (47%)

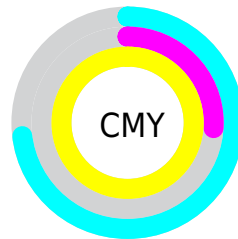


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541

■ 61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541

183.3972,
-78.9577, 73.2260

■ 50.7469, -42.9325,
32.1089

■ 84.6482, -55.0527,
46.0025

■ 40.7904, -38.4113,
27.0199

■ 97.1704, -58.7561,
50.2567

■ 31.5866, -33.5314,
22.1106

■ 110.2557,
-62.3376, 54.3615

■ 23.2030, -28.1698,
16.2421

■ 123.8807,
-65.8159, 58.3362

■ 15.7295, -22.9521,
11.0106

■ 138.0249,
-69.2059, 62.1971

■ 9.2933, -16.2633,
6.5053

■ 152.6698,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-72.5199, 65.9581

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.7990,
-75.7677, 69.6310

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541

■ 61.4017, -47.1764,
36.9541

■ 61.3609, -47.3613,
36.9811

■ 61.8431, -45.2596,
36.6387

■ 62.3951, -42.8198,
35.8056

■ 63.0707, -39.8045,
34.3130

■ 63.8757, -36.2002,
32.1018

■ 64.8137, -32.0092,
29.1389

■ 65.8866, -27.2462,
25.4116

■ 67.0946, -21.9360,
20.9245

■ 68.4368, -16.1105,
15.6959

■ 69.9112, -9.8072,
9.7547

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.4030, -18.4544, 40.6697



61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



61.4030, -61.2941, 22.3340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.4030, -47.1774, 36.9543



61.4030, -25.8467, -117.5796



61.4030, 93.5161, 16.6817

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



27.9011, 60.5463, -84.0583

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.4030, 90.0283, -24.7298



61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



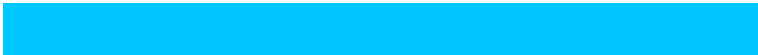
61.4030, 13.5290, -123.1141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.4030, -47.1774, 36.9543



61.4030, -51.3709, -69.7453



61.4030, 57.9895, -81.9721



61.4030, 66.5520, 35.1180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



61.4030, -63.5103, 0.9695



61.4030, 57.9895, -81.9721



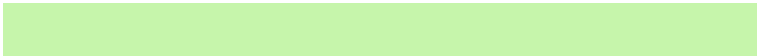
61.4030, 96.0244, 5.6241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.4030, -47.1774, 36.9543



89.5276, -30.5025, 28.9978



49.3593, 14.0401, 30.5911



41.1958, -15.5532, 14.6477



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.4030, -47.1774, 36.9543



82.0413, -63.6972, 49.4383



60.4059, -51.2763, 35.3093



32.8845, -4.7463, 4.7167



50.3705, -38.6822, 30.3609



10.1549, -6.8855, 6.1368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.9011, 60.5463, -84.0583



36.9165, 81.0451, -114.3174



36.8050, 70.0130, -32.7293



30.8515, 1.4632, -1.4735



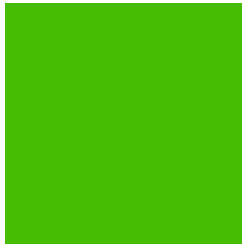
22.8406, 49.9380, -69.1376



4.9001, 10.3676, -12.1520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

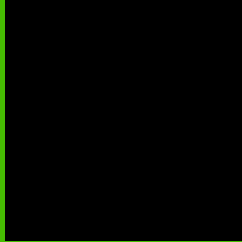
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541.

-47.1764, 36.9541.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541

Protanopia

60.7167, -8.4061, 37.2662

Deuteranopia

60.8703, 4.1044, 35.6245



Tritanopia

61.3612, -18.9101, -9.5915

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



Protanomaly

59.7737, -26.1348, 36.3463



Deuteranomaly

59.3700, -19.4317, 35.2674



Tritanomaly

60.5616, -34.2099, 18.6931

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541



Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099



Achromatomaly

51.6619, -23.5940, 21.5575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 189, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 189, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 189, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 189, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 189, 2) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 189, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 189, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 189, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 189, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 189, 2)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.4017, -47.1764, 36.9541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 189, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 189,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor