

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.5472, -1.2102,
6.8320)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.5472, -1.2102, 6.8320)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.5660, -1.3916,
6.7605)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA49E
RGB	173, 164, 158
RGB Percent	68%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3568, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.09, 0.32
HSL	24°, 8%, 65%
HSV	24°, 9%, 68%
XYZ	36.6805, 37.9037, 37.7305
YIQ	166.0070, 7.2900, 0.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

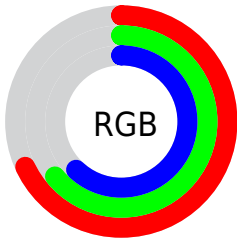
Format	Color
RYB	173, 168, 158
Decimal	11379870
CIELab	67.95, 2.18, 4.26
CIELCh	68, 4.787, 62.971
Yxy	37.9054, 0.3266, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289569950 (0xFFADA49E)
YUV	166.0070, -3.9475, 6.1329
Hunter-Lab	61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605

Details

The HunterLab color $61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61.5816, -4.9781, -0.2052$, and the grayscale version is $61.7692, -3.2959, 3.3560$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.8299, -2.5533, 8.2290$, and $40.8838, -0.2354, 5.0160$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.1266, 1.1944, 10.2535$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.1234, -3.7501, 2.9973$.

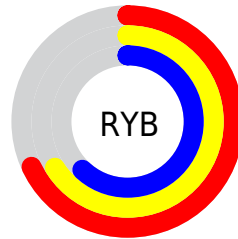
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (64%)

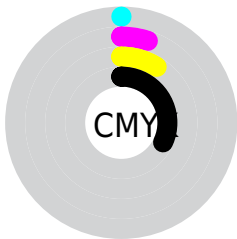
Blue (62%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (62%)

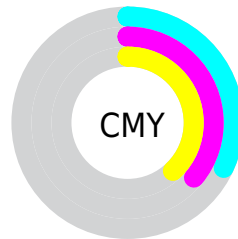


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.5660, -1.3916,
6.7605

■ 61.5660, -1.3916,
6.7605

183.6339, -7.0886,
14.9805

■ 50.9011, -0.9386,
5.9585

■ 84.8311, -2.4245,
8.4341

■ 40.9338, -0.5292,
5.1769

■ 97.3619, -2.9958,
9.3039

■ 31.7183, -0.1698,
4.4153

110.4554, -3.6012,
10.1960

■ 23.3219, 0.1331,
3.6707

124.0884, -4.2392,
11.1101

■ 15.8339, 0.3702,
2.9369

138.2402, -4.9081,
12.0459

■ 9.3819, 0.5266,
2.3946

152.8924, -5.6068,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.0031

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.0287, -6.3339,
13.9814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5660, -1.3916,
6.7605

■ 61.5660, -1.3916,
6.7605

■ 58.1266, 1.1944,
10.2535

■ 65.1234, -3.7501,
2.9973

■ 54.8133, 4.0330,
13.4344

■ 68.7845, -5.8967,
-1.0058

■ 51.6410, 7.1410,
16.2590

■ 72.5413, -7.8529,
-5.2199

■ 48.6253, 10.5318,
18.6764

■ 76.3860, -9.6373,
-9.6212

■ 45.7833, 14.2103,
20.6308

■ 80.3117, -11.2668,
-14.1899

■ 43.1341, 18.1674,
22.0658

■ 84.0474, -14.2361,
-15.1993

■ 40.6975, 22.3722,
22.9313

■ 87.4434, -19.3943,
-10.6051

■ 38.4933, 26.7641,
23.1971

■ 90.9037, -24.4775,
-6.1200

■ 36.5340, 31.2192,
22.9514

■ 93.6079, -28.3411,
-2.7387

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5673, 0.2281, 5.4589



61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605



61.5673, -3.5031, 7.1607

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.5673, -1.3932, 6.7615



61.5673, -7.3737, 3.1465



61.5673, -1.0161, -0.0496

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605



61.5816, -4.9781, -0.2052

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.5673, -3.0733, -0.7183



61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605



61.5673, -6.7276, 1.1664

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.5673, -1.3932, 6.7615



61.5673, -6.9376, 5.1165



61.5673, -5.1609, -0.2659



61.5673, 0.4479, 1.5322

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605



61.5673, -4.8978, 6.8725



61.5673, -5.1609, -0.2659



61.5673, -1.6622, -0.3910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.5673, -1.3932, 6.7615



85.0486, -3.6727, 6.2604



60.1069, 3.0168, 1.0277



39.4721, -1.5961, 3.1047



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.5673, -1.3932, 6.7615



81.6901, -1.3640, 9.7761



63.7717, -5.0603, 9.1324



29.1920, -0.5882, 3.3271



31.2743, 26.8176, 19.7406



6.1722, 2.2677, 3.8430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.5816, -4.9781, -0.2052



81.7124, -6.9848, -1.1477



59.3762, -1.3104, -2.9138



29.1993, -2.4178, -0.2286



30.9338, -0.9452, -36.6242



6.0783, -1.5905, -4.1639

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

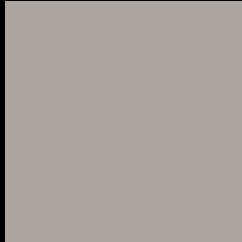
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

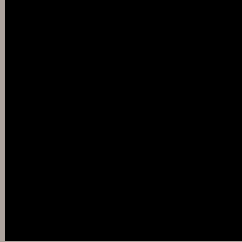
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5660, -1.3916,

6.7605.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605

Protanopia

61.5832, -2.8320, 6.7545

Deuteranopia

61.5103, 4.3607, 6.3618



Tritanopia

61.6527, 2.8206, -0.4702

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605

Protanomaly

61.6740, -2.5172, 6.8618

Deuteranomaly

61.3973, 2.5240, 6.2018

Tritanomaly

61.6605, 1.0014, 2.3909

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

61.6357, -2.3648, 4.6066

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 164, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 164, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 164, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 164, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 164, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 164, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 164, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 164, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 164, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 164,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.5660, -1.3916, 6.7605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 164, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
164, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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