

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.5506, -7.3271,
-7.0110)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.5506, -7.3271,
-7.0110) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.5227, -7.4151,
-6.9884)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90A9BA
RGB	144, 169, 186
RGB Percent	56%, 66%, 73%
CMY	0.4353, 0.3372, 0.2706
CMYK	0.23, 0.09, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	204°, 23%, 65%
HSV	204°, 23%, 73%
XYZ	34.5525, 37.8504, 51.9392
YIQ	163.4630, -20.3570, -0.0130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

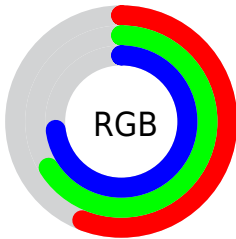
Format	Color
RYB	144, 160, 186
Decimal	9480634
CIELab	67.91, -4.83, -11.60
CIELCh	68, 12.563, 247.368
Yxy	37.8520, 0.2779, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287670714 (0xFF90A9BA)
YUV	163.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691
Hunter-Lab	61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884

Details

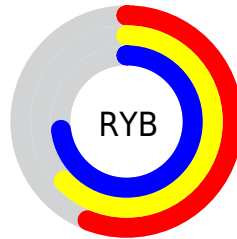
The HunterLab color **61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **61.5976, 2.4063, 12.6004**, and the grayscale version is **60.6718, -3.2373, 3.2964**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.6923, -9.1684, -6.7819**, and **40.9184, -5.6962, -7.0393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.9585, -8.3946, -11.9555**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.2298, -6.0182, -2.1359**.

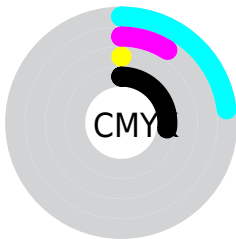
Distribution



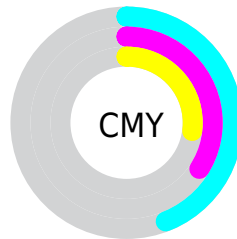
- Red (56%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.5227, -7.4151,
-6.9884

■ 61.5227, -7.4151,
-6.9884

183.5714,
-15.7918, -4.2953

■ 50.8604, -6.5855,
-7.0351

■ 84.7828, -9.1361,
-6.7155

■ 40.8959, -5.7735,
-7.0166

■ 97.3114, -10.0265,
-6.5003

■ 31.6835, -4.9779,
-6.9251

110.4027,
-10.9372, -6.2373

■ 23.2905, -4.1952,
-6.7531

124.0336,
-11.8682, -5.9293

■ 15.8063, -3.4181,
-6.4946

138.1833,
-12.8194, -5.5790

■ 9.3586, -2.7509,
-6.1575

152.8337,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-13.7906, -5.1886

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.9680,
-14.7814, -4.7601

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5227, -7.4151,
-6.9884

■ 61.5227, -7.4151,
-6.9884

■ 57.9585, -8.3946,
-11.9555

■ 65.2298, -6.0182,
-2.1359

■ 54.5461, -8.9001,
-17.0400

■ 69.0645, -4.2499,
2.6024

■ 51.3004, -8.8757,
-22.2343

■ 73.0175, -2.1544,
7.2339

■ 48.2355, -8.2640,
-27.5237

■ 77.0795, 0.2302,
11.7665

■ 45.3649, -7.0138,
-32.8839

■ 81.2421, 2.8710,
16.2087

■ 42.7003, -5.0882,
-38.2809

■ 85.4310, 5.5144,
20.4985

■ 40.2481, -2.4807,
-43.6762

■ 87.6855, 1.5558,
22.6473

■ 38.5406, -0.2093,
-47.7205

■ 89.9828, -2.3733,
24.7960

■ 92.3207, -6.2720,
26.9435

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5239, -11.6943, -3.2679



61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884



61.5239, -1.8850, -7.8219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.5239, -7.4160, -6.9873



61.5239, 7.8771, 4.6611



61.5239, -9.7495, 11.0178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884



61.5976, 2.4063, 12.6004

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.5239, -4.6747, 12.7522



61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884



61.5239, 5.5994, 9.3037

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.5239, -7.4160, -6.9873



61.5239, 7.0788, -0.7673



61.5239, 0.9558, 12.1542



61.5239, -13.0072, 7.1990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884



61.5239, 1.7945, -6.5669



61.5239, 0.9558, 12.1542



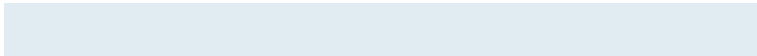
61.5239, -8.2069, 11.8475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.5239, -7.4160, -6.9873



90.6195, -6.8594, 0.6284



66.0409, -19.6827, 10.1603



42.3791, -3.2866, 0.1145



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



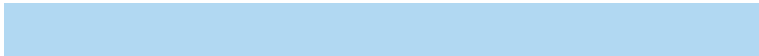
44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.5239, -7.4160, -6.9873



80.4691, -10.7002, -12.6426



55.4238, 2.8052, -15.4946



30.9586, -2.5534, -0.2717



31.8482, -0.5744, -38.5674



6.8969, -1.5618, -5.2489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6638, 14.8158, -2.8049



74.3304, 25.4414, -5.4531



67.6960, -7.7981, 18.4675



30.1654, 1.7858, 0.4364



27.9397, 50.6506, -3.6744



5.3583, 9.9140, -2.2564

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

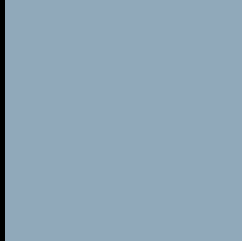
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

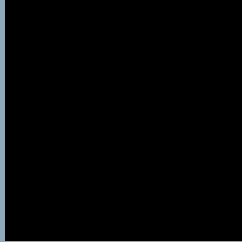
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

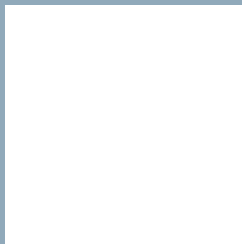
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884.

-6.9884.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884

Protanopia

61.4462, -0.2587, -5.3694

Deuteranopia

61.4642, 4.5851, -7.9397



Tritanopia

61.3469, -8.2450, -5.6403

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884

Protanomaly

61.4826, -3.0821, -5.8989

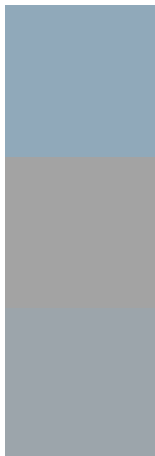
Deuteranomaly

61.4132, -0.0967, -7.5475

Tritanomaly

61.3810, -8.0557, -6.1210

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884

Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881

Achromatomaly

60.7606, -4.9309, -0.2415

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 169, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 169, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 169, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 169, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 169, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 169, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 169, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 169, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 169, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 169, 186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.5227, -7.4151, -6.9884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 169, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
169, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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