

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.6135, -2.1256,
-9.8366)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.6135, -2.1256,
-9.8366) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.6021, -2.1068,
-10.0753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 9AA6C0 |
| RGB | 154, 166, 192 |
| RGB Percent | 60%, 65%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.3961, 0.3490, 0.2471 |
| CMYK | 0.20, 0.14, 0.00, 0.25 |
| HSL | 221°, 23%, 68% |
| HSV | 221°, 20%, 75% |
| XYZ | 36.4770, 37.9482, 55.2713 |
| YIQ | 165.3760, -15.4980, 5.5420 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

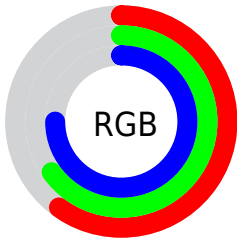
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 154, 163, 192 |
| Decimal | 10135232 |
| CIE Lab | 67.98, 1.36, -14.74 |
| CIE LCh | 68, 14.807, 275.271 |
| Yxy | 37.9497, 0.2813, 0.2926 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288325312 (0xFF9AA6C0) |
| YUV | 165.3760, 13.1256, -9.9768 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 |

Details

The HunterLab color $61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $67.9574, -3.6353, 15.1379$, and the grayscale version is $61.4483, -3.2787, 3.3386$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.8796, -3.2357, -9.7875$, and $40.8944, -1.0413, -10.2331$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.2845, -0.6797, -17.8624$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.0889, -3.1550, -2.7878$.

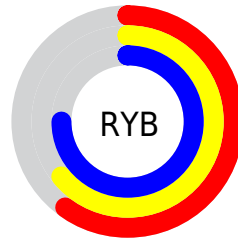
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

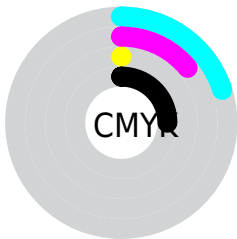
Blue (75%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (75%)

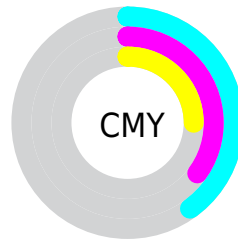


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.6021, -2.1068,
-10.0753

■ 61.6021, -2.1068,
-10.0753

183.6857, -8.1121,
-8.3604

■ 50.9349, -1.6101,
-9.9984

■ 84.8711, -3.2182,
-10.0402

■ 40.9652, -1.1546,
-9.8542

■ 97.4039, -3.8262,
-9.9392

■ 31.7472, -0.7456,
-9.6361

110.4992, -4.4668,
-9.7873

■ 23.3479, -0.3884,
-9.3408

124.1339, -5.1386,
-9.5876

■ 15.8568, -0.0906,
-8.9724

138.2873, -5.8402,
-9.3427

■ 9.4012, 0.1357,
-8.5701

152.9412, -6.5703,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-9.0552

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.0790, -7.3279,
-8.7271

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.6021, -2.1068,
-10.0753

■ 61.6021, -2.1068,
-10.0753

■ 56.2845, -0.6797,
-17.8624

■ 67.0889, -3.1550,
-2.7878

■ 51.1560, 1.2101,
-26.2558

■ 72.7222, -3.8863,
4.0846

■ 46.2482, 3.6607,
-35.3708

■ 78.4879, -4.3538,
10.6160

■ 41.5993, 6.7890,
-45.3252

■ 84.3736, -4.5989,
16.8663

■ 37.2585, 10.7223,
-56.2122

■ 90.3689, -4.6552,
22.8845

■ 33.2868, 15.5743,
-68.0435

■ 95.0060, -9.6558,
27.2512

■ 29.7571, 21.3908,
-80.6530

■ 98.2781, -14.8525,
30.2127

■ 26.7150, 27.9750,
-93.7272

■ 26.6554, 28.1148,
-94.0087

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6034, -8.5641, -8.7890



61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753



61.6034, 4.2916, -7.4620

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6034, -2.1078, -10.0742



61.6034, 7.5340, 9.9902



61.6034, -14.5117, 8.2417

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753



67.9574, -3.6353, 15.1379

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6034, -10.5224, 12.5053



61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753



61.6034, 2.1671, 13.4371

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6034, -2.1078, -10.0742



61.6034, 10.0076, 4.4634



61.6034, -4.4640, 14.3066



61.6034, -15.5479, 2.2220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753



61.6034, 7.6082, -4.0099



61.6034, -4.4640, 14.3066



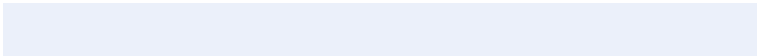
61.6034, -13.4801, 9.9066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6034, -2.1078, -10.0742



93.0867, -4.6561, -0.2753



69.1837, -16.8061, 5.3462



42.8858, -2.1248, -0.4115



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6034, -2.1078, -10.0742



79.6045, -2.0239, -18.2845



58.7294, 5.9173, -14.0533



32.0244, -1.5182, -1.1861



22.1491, 22.2835, -75.7882



5.8138, 1.8090, -11.1719

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.8866, 11.2365, 2.5827



78.5470, 19.9777, 3.2825



70.9587, -11.7363, 17.9737



31.8263, 1.5188, 1.5054



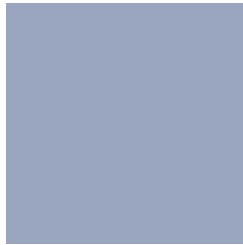
27.8881, 48.6081, 11.4408



5.9056, 10.5022, 0.8035

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

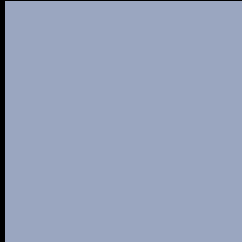
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

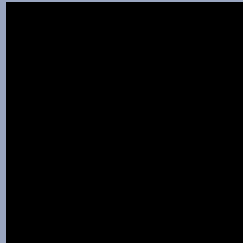
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753.

-10.0753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753

Protanopia

61.5545, 0.6691, -9.5356

Deuteranopia

61.3717, 4.6323, -10.8428



Tritanopia

61.6578, -5.7304, -4.1443

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753

Protanomaly

61.5962, -0.6878, -9.5015

Deuteranomaly

61.5070, 2.1409, -10.6957

Tritanomaly

61.5731, -4.2227, -6.3298

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

61.3046, -2.7796, -1.4978

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 166, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 166, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 166, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 166, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 166, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 166, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 166, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 166, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 166, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 166,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.6021, -2.1068, -10.0753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 166, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
166, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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