

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.6171, 53.1839,
-13.9820)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.6171, 53.1839,
-13.9820) contains.

HunterLab(61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(61.6245, 53.2983,
-14.2592)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F67BC9
RGB	246, 123, 201
RGB Percent	96%, 48%, 79%
CMY	0.0353, 0.5176, 0.2118
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.18, 0.04
HSL	322°, 87%, 72%
HSV	322°, 50%, 96%
XYZ	55.6316, 37.9758, 59.6563
YIQ	168.6690, 48.2700, 50.3340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

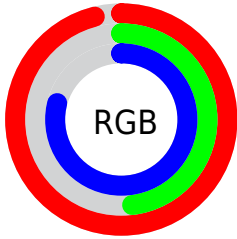
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 123, 201
Decimal	16153545
CIE Lab	68.00, 56.16, -18.82
CIE LCh	68, 59.231, 341.473
Yxy	37.9776, 0.3630, 0.2478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294343625 (0xFFFF67BC9)
YUV	168.6690, 15.9392, 67.8193
Hunter-Lab	61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592

Details

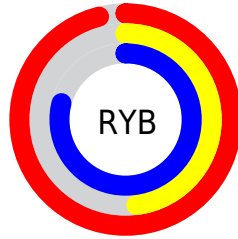
The HunterLab color $61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF66CC$. A complement of this color would be $85.4113, -48.7500, 26.0582$, and the grayscale version is $62.7756, -3.3495, 3.4107$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.9232, 36.3777, -23.3322$, and $40.9947, 49.4248, -13.7969$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.7542, 63.9966, -16.0055$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.3074, 41.7774, -11.5048$.

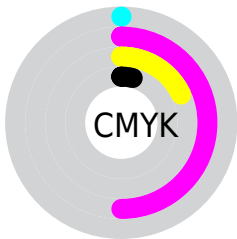
Distribution



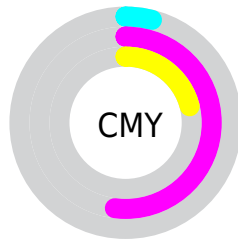
- Red (96%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.6245, 53.2983,
-14.2592

61.6245, 53.2983,
-14.2592

183.7182, 65.5806,
-13.7507

50.9562, 51.4530,
-14.0360

84.8963, 56.6637,
-14.5106

40.9850, 49.5085,
-13.7469

97.4302, 58.1962,
-14.5495

31.7653, 47.4794,
-13.3891

110.5267, 59.6343,
-14.5346

23.3643, 45.4186,
-12.9681

124.1624, 60.9830,
-14.4690

15.8712, 43.4806,
-12.5102

138.3169, 62.2475,
-14.3554

9.4133, 42.1741,
-12.1199

152.9718, 63.4324,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-14.1964

0.0000, INF, NaN

168.1106, 64.5421,
-13.9942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.6245, 53.2983,
-14.2592

■ 61.6245, 53.2983,
-14.2592

■ 56.7542, 63.9966,
-16.0055

■ 67.3074, 41.7774,
-11.5048

■ 52.8049, 73.1934,
-16.4820

■ 73.6827, 29.9374,
-8.0009

■ 49.8627, 80.1088,
-15.4874

■ 80.6470, 18.0798,
-3.9516

■ 47.9459, 84.1373,
-13.0020

■ 88.1111, 6.3681,
0.4905

■ 46.8971, 85.4299,
-9.3698

■ 96.0015, -5.1252,
5.2171

■ 46.8968, 85.4301,
-9.3689

■ 99.1630, -8.2597,
4.3928

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6260, 34.5036, -45.5677



61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



61.6260, 55.4851, 12.2947

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6260, 53.2952, -14.2575



61.6260, -13.1689, 34.5786



61.6260, -37.2167, -38.5158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



85.4113, -48.7500, 26.0582

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6260, -45.9455, -7.1652



61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



61.6260, -33.7239, 29.8643

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6260, 53.2952, -14.2575



61.6260, 13.8743, 34.0083



61.6260, -44.7863, 16.9357



61.6260, -18.7625, -63.1907

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



61.6260, 46.8593, 23.7840



61.6260, -44.7863, 16.9357



61.6260, -41.2313, -27.9572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6260, 53.2952, -14.2575



87.8112, 12.7460, -1.8603



53.7906, 36.7973, -62.3136



39.8706, 7.0914, -1.3095

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6260, 53.2952, -14.2575



59.0654, 66.7862, -16.6864



59.7472, 44.6182, 12.4137



40.8159, 2.6617, 0.3354



34.3030, 62.5608, -7.4150



10.2661, 18.8938, -3.5430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6260, 53.2952, -14.2575



59.0654, 66.7862, -16.6864



87.0057, -39.2858, 3.1293



40.8159, 2.6617, 0.3354



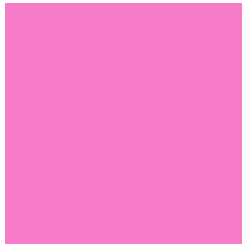
34.3030, 62.5608, -7.4150



10.2661, 18.8938, -3.5430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

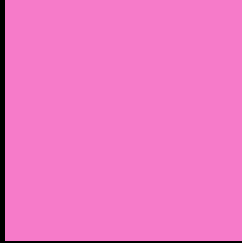
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

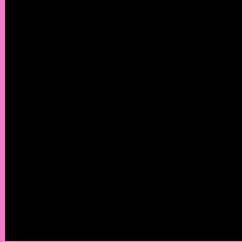
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592.

-14.2592.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592

Protanopia

61.9476, 5.1573, -33.3891

Deuteranopia

61.7825, 4.6165, -10.8290



Tritanopia

61.5610, 36.4056, 12.7711

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



Protanomaly

60.4603, 20.6291, -28.1041



Deuteranomaly

60.8945, 21.5147, -13.5320



Tritanomaly

61.5032, 41.9120, 4.3154

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592



Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223



Achromatomaly

61.3702, 16.4922, -4.1295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 123, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 123, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 123, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 123, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 123, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 123, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 123, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 123, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 123, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 123,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.6245, 53.2983, -14.2592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 123, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
123, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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