

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.6255, -3.5645,
-3.5385)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.6255, -3.5645,
-3.5385) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.5116, -3.2499,
-3.7742)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 9EA6B4 |
| RGB | 158, 166, 180 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 65%, 71% |
| CMY | 0.3804, 0.3490, 0.2941 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.08, 0.00, 0.29 |
| HSL | 218°, 13%, 66% |
| HSV | 218°, 12%, 71% |
| XYZ | 35.9749, 37.8368, 48.5871 |
| YIQ | 165.2040, -9.2620, 2.6580 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

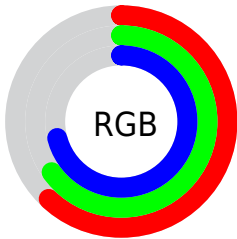
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 158, 164, 180 |
| Decimal | 10397364 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 67.90, 0.04, -8.18 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 68, 8.177, 270.278 |
| Yxy | 37.8383, 0.2939, 0.3091 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288587444 (0xFF9EA6B4) |
| YUV | 165.2040, 7.2944, -6.3179 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 |

Details

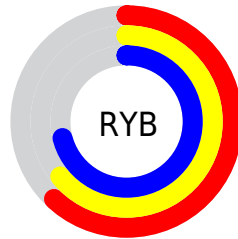
The HunterLab color $61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.5575, -3.0772, 10.0172$, and the grayscale version is $61.3989, -3.2761, 3.3359$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.8028, -4.3523, -3.3036$, and $40.8567, -1.9832, -3.9965$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.7136, -2.6223, -10.2414$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.4459, -3.5707, 2.3508$.

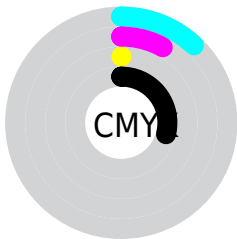
Distribution



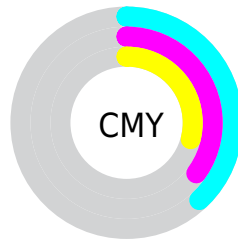
- Red (62%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.5116, -3.2499,
-3.7742

■ 61.5116, -3.2499,
-3.7742

183.5554, -9.7544,
0.0303

■ 50.8500, -2.6837,
-3.9660

■ 84.7705, -4.4894,
-3.2263

■ 40.8863, -2.1538,
-4.0979

■ 97.2985, -5.1568,
-2.8807

■ 31.6747, -1.6642,
-4.1618

110.3893, -5.8542,
-2.4913

■ 23.2825, -1.2187,
-4.1486

124.0196, -6.5806,
-2.0608

■ 15.7993, -0.8220,
-4.0470

138.1688, -7.3347,
-1.5915

■ 9.3527, -0.4810,
-3.8456

152.8187, -8.1156,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-1.0854

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.9526, -8.9225,
-0.5443

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5116, -3.2499,
-3.7742

■ 61.5116, -3.2499,
-3.7742

■ 56.7136, -2.6223,
-10.2414

■ 66.4459, -3.5707,
2.3508

■ 52.0648, -1.6255,
-17.1193

■ 71.4990, -3.6292,
8.1866

■ 47.5867, -0.1887,
-24.4808

■ 76.6610, -3.4654,
13.7814

■ 43.3049, 1.7742,
-32.4045

■ 81.9225, -3.1110,
19.1746

■ 39.2507, 4.3619,
-40.9639

■ 87.2757, -2.5921,
24.3992

■ 35.4627, 7.6792,
-50.2072

■ 91.5488, -5.9701,
28.3423

■ 31.9868, 11.8173,
-60.1215

■ 95.1694, -11.8341,
31.5345

■ 28.8745, 16.8142,
-70.5790

■ 98.0180, -16.3046,
33.9934

■ 26.7030, 21.1584,
-79.0513

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5129, -6.7558, -2.7913



61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742



61.5129, 0.3244, -2.7553

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.5129, -3.2511, -3.7731



61.5129, 2.9477, 6.6476



61.5129, -9.3130, 6.5941

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742



64.5575, -3.0772, 10.0172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.5129, -6.8140, 8.8843



61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742



61.5129, 0.2635, 8.9138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.5129, -3.2511, -3.7731



61.5129, 3.9544, 3.3810



61.5129, -3.3198, 9.7085



61.5129, -10.2052, 3.3156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742



61.5129, 2.2544, -1.1123



61.5129, -3.3198, 9.7085



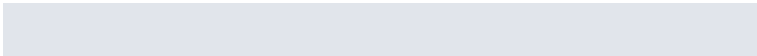
61.5129, -8.6359, 7.4980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.5129, -3.2511, -3.7731



88.2332, -4.7569, 1.6741



65.4891, -11.4064, 4.8490



40.7881, -2.2002, 0.4966



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.5129, -3.2511, -3.7731



80.8488, -4.1681, -7.6712



59.4305, 1.5706, -6.4302



29.5287, -1.5829, -0.9198



22.5713, 17.0217, -64.9571



5.2318, 0.4517, -7.5143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7544, 5.1292, 2.3179



79.6204, 9.8780, 2.7483



66.6834, -7.9093, 12.1896



29.2484, 1.4216, 1.2230



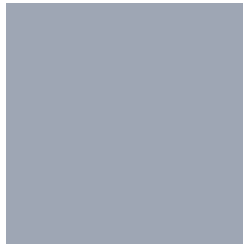
26.5602, 46.5473, 8.9286



4.8313, 8.6944, -0.1395

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

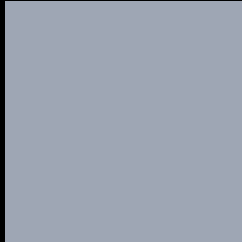
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

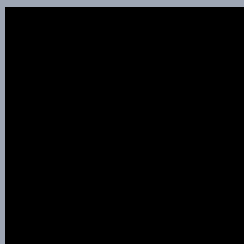
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

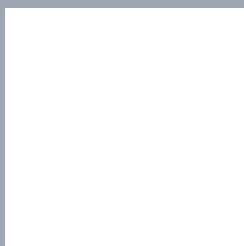
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742.



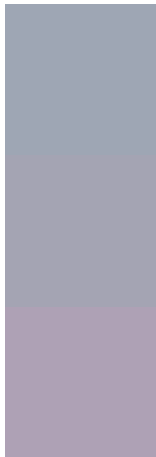
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5116, -3.2499,

-3.7742.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742

Protanopia

61.3988, -0.6888, -3.3615

Deuteranopia

61.5017, 4.2316, -4.1728



Tritanopia

61.4786, -3.4309, -3.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742

Protanomaly

61.5194, -1.7761, -3.2255

Deuteranomaly

61.5268, 1.3722, -4.1903

Tritanomaly

61.4786, -3.4309, -3.3068

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742

Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

Achromatomaly

61.2323, -3.3455, 0.8486

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 166, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 166, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 166, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 166, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 166, 180) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 166, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 166, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 166, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 166, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 166,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.5116, -3.2499, -3.7742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 166, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
166, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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