

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.6608, -0.0636,
6.7357)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.6608, -0.0636, 6.7357)
contains.

HunterLab(61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(61.5574, 0.0671,
6.7763)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0A39E
RGB	176, 163, 158
RGB Percent	69%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3608, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.31
HSL	17°, 10%, 65%
HSV	17°, 10%, 69%
XYZ	37.1733, 37.8931, 37.7026
YIQ	166.3170, 9.3530, 1.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

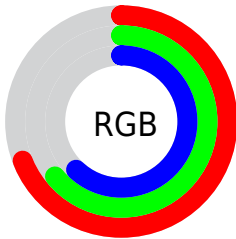
Format	Color
RYB	176, 165, 158
Decimal	11576222
CIELab	67.94, 3.83, 4.29
CIELCh	68, 5.748, 48.198
Yxy	37.8948, 0.3296, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289766302 (0xFFB0A39E)
YUV	166.3170, -4.1003, 8.4920
Hunter-Lab	61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763

Details

The HunterLab color $61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62.8719, -6.3991, -0.1053$, and the grayscale version is $61.8969, -3.3027, 3.3630$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.9133, -0.6907, 8.3562$, and $40.7938, 0.8383, 4.9349$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.4830, 3.8091, 9.7363$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.7929, -3.4388, 3.6526$.

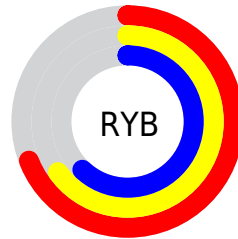
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (64%)

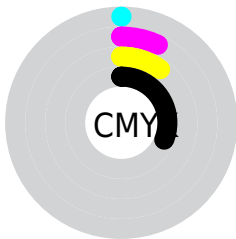
Blue (62%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (62%)

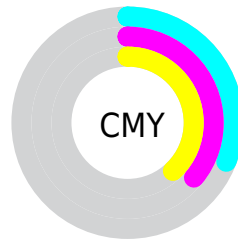


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.5574, 0.0671,
6.7763

■ 61.5574, 0.0671,
6.7763

183.6215, -5.0066,
15.0041

■ 50.8931, 0.4335,
5.9732

■ 84.8215, -0.8065,
8.4519

■ 40.9263, 0.7505,
5.1904

■ 97.3519, -1.3037,
9.3227

■ 31.7114, 1.0102,
4.4275

110.4450, -1.8382,
10.2157

■ 23.3157, 1.2043,
3.6814

124.0775, -2.4079,
11.1306

■ 15.8285, 1.3202,
2.9459

138.2289, -3.0111,
12.0673

■ 9.3773, 1.3380,
2.4047

152.8808, -3.6462,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.0253

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.0167, -4.3118,
14.0043

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5574, 0.0671,
6.7763

■ 61.5574, 0.0671,
6.7763

■ 57.4830, 3.8091,
9.7363

■ 65.7929, -3.4388,
3.6526

■ 53.5858, 7.8135,
12.4946

■ 70.1682, -6.7270,
0.3895

■ 49.8911, 12.0935,
15.0076

■ 74.6703, -9.8227,
-2.9910

■ 46.4269, 16.6513,
17.2195

■ 79.2870, -12.7479,
-6.4725

■ 43.2254, 21.4661,
19.0631

■ 84.0080, -15.5227,
-10.0423

■ 40.3221, 26.4820,
20.4630

■ 88.5049, -19.9668,
-9.1916

■ 37.7550, 31.5926,
21.3447

■ 92.7611, -26.1826,
-3.7697

■ 35.5601, 36.6291,
21.6553

■ 93.7924, -27.6538,
-2.4951

■ 33.7938, 41.2179,
21.5452

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5588, 1.5127, 4.8114



61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763



61.5588, -2.2665, 7.8081

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.5588, 0.0654, 6.7773



61.5588, -8.0852, 4.3115



61.5588, -1.7256, -1.3195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763



62.8719, -6.3991, -0.1053

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.5588, -4.3028, -1.4669



61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763



61.5588, -7.9458, 1.8536

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.5588, 0.0654, 6.7773



61.5588, -6.9549, 6.4244



61.5588, -6.5710, -0.2847



61.5588, 0.4670, 0.1101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763



61.5588, -3.9961, 7.8559



61.5588, -6.5710, -0.2847



61.5588, -2.5765, -1.5228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.5588, 0.0654, 6.7773



86.9732, -3.3286, 6.1283



60.5246, 4.6822, -0.4637



40.2758, -1.3768, 3.0102



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.5588, 0.0654, 6.7773



81.7961, 1.0612, 9.9364



64.1313, -4.2606, 9.5365



29.7944, -0.1242, 3.1287



29.0962, 34.8689, 18.5394



6.0577, 3.8460, 3.8000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8719, -6.3991, -0.1053



83.9025, -9.3116, -1.1050



60.2623, -2.1037, -3.3155



30.3714, -2.9641, 0.1049



36.8158, -9.2675, -26.0107



7.2004, -2.5865, -3.4165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

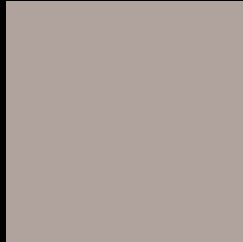
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

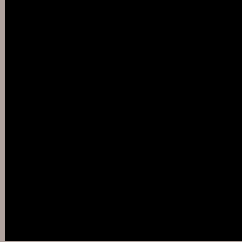
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

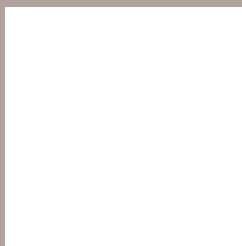
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.5574, 0.0671,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763

Protanopia

61.6113, -2.6785, 6.3526

Deuteranopia

61.5103, 4.3607, 6.3618



Tritanopia

61.6213, 4.1148, 0.0034

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763

Protanomaly

61.5019, -1.5568, 6.2487

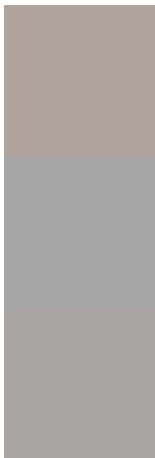
Deuteranomaly

61.4953, 2.8555, 6.3185

Tritanomaly

61.6562, 2.4612, 2.4113

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

61.7257, -2.0533, 4.7161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 163, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 163, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 163, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 163, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 163, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 163, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 163, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 163, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 163, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 163,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.5574, 0.0671, 6.7763 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 163, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
163, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor