

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.7470, 9.4152,
-52.6301)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.7470, 9.4152,
-52.6301) contains.

HunterLab(61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(61.6824, 9.6713,
-52.7606)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85A2FF
RGB	133, 162, 255
RGB Percent	52%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.4784, 0.3647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.48, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	226°, 100%, 76%
HSV	226°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	40.6432, 38.0472, 99.8095
YIQ	163.9310, -47.1370, 22.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

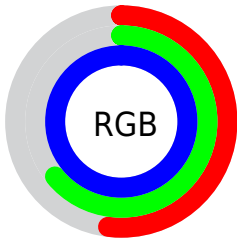
Format	Color
RYB	133, 156, 255
Decimal	8758015
CIELab	68.06, 14.38, -49.36
CIELCh	68, 51.411, 286.248
Yxy	38.0485, 0.2277, 0.2132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286948095 (0xFF85A2FF)
YUV	163.9310, 44.8970, -27.1265
Hunter-Lab	61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606

Details

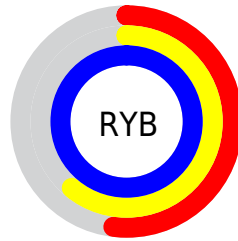
The HunterLab color **61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **87.9477, -6.4139, 39.1198**, and the grayscale version is **60.7375, -3.2408, 3.3000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.4148, -4.8549, -17.3630**, and **41.1120, 9.2523, -51.5539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6730, 15.1039, -68.6436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.1144, 5.2496, -38.4797**.

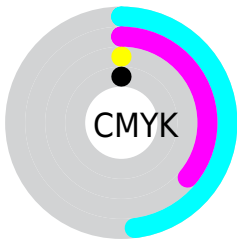
Distribution



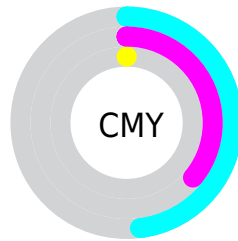
- Red (52%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.6824, 9.6713,
-52.7606

■ 61.6824, 9.6713,
-52.7606

183.8009, 8.4653,
-58.6998

■ 51.0101, 9.5101,
-52.0777

■ 84.9602, 9.7799,
-54.2401

■ 41.0352, 9.2659,
-51.5218

■ 97.4972, 9.7408,
-54.9776

■ 31.8114, 8.9263,
-51.2255

■ 110.5965, 9.6463,
-55.6912

■ 23.4059, 8.4745,
-51.4671

124.2350, 9.5005,
-56.3723

■ 15.9078, 7.8870,
-52.9010

138.3922, 9.3067,
-57.0161

■ 9.4440, 7.1314,
-57.4284

153.0496, 9.0679,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-57.6195

0.0000, NaN, -NF

168.1909, 8.7867,
-58.1809

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 61.6824, 9.6713,
-52.7606

■ 61.6824, 9.6713,
-52.7606

■ 54.6730, 15.1039,
-68.6436

■ 69.1144, 5.2496,
-38.4797

■ 48.1777, 21.7588,
-86.3614

■ 76.8950, 1.6438,
-25.5363

■ 42.3236, 29.8026,
-105.9322

■ 84.9725, -1.3081,
-13.6763

■ 37.2698, 39.2093,
-126.8530

■ 93.3064, -3.7346,
-2.6873

■ 33.1875, 49.4829,
-147.7020

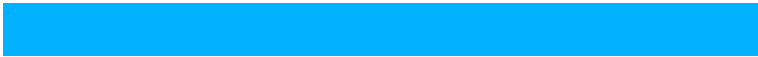
100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 32.4285, 51.6762,
-152.0869

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6834, -13.5320, -53.6193



61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606



61.6834, 32.2961, -33.7266

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6834, 9.6712, -52.7584



61.6834, 30.6354, 26.7951



61.6834, -40.8767, 12.6064

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606



87.9477, -6.4139, 39.1198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6834, -32.2885, 26.0627



61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606



61.6834, 7.6573, 31.9665

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6834, 9.6712, -52.7584



61.6834, 45.5669, 14.0767



61.6834, -15.2707, 31.7601



61.6834, -40.5028, -9.7152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606



61.6834, 43.0065, -16.2671



61.6834, -15.2707, 31.7601



61.6834, -39.0038, 18.1043

Sweetspot

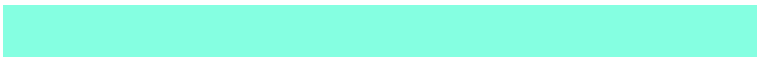
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6834, 9.6712, -52.7584



88.1451, -2.2962, -9.3627



90.5075, -42.1136, 8.6020



39.9533, -0.8097, -5.4457

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6834, 9.6712, -52.7584



55.2442, 14.6028, -67.2394



56.4237, 33.0080, -64.0678



42.5189, -1.5558, -2.0647



23.8423, 36.0440, -107.6094



8.4457, 8.2846, -28.4404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7536, 45.6424, 8.2935



58.6141, 55.2575, 10.3149



94.4146, -31.2008, 43.6954



42.4945, 2.0270, 2.4019



33.6182, 58.1463, 17.2729



10.5667, 18.4263, 4.2658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

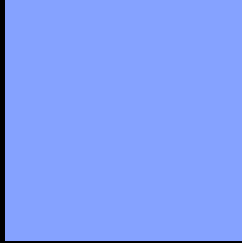
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

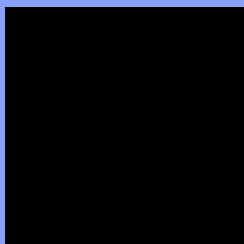
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606.

-52.7606.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606

Protanopia

61.6167, 9.4565, -52.9018

Deuteranopia

61.7503, 5.3373, -51.8864



Tritanopia

61.5535, -16.5619, -9.2847

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606

Protanomaly

61.6167, 9.4565, -52.9018

Deuteranomaly

61.6982, 6.6601, -51.9714

Tritanomaly

61.3168, -7.5756, -23.8649

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606

Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

Achromatomaly

60.8259, 0.1163, -14.0068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 162, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 162, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 162, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 162, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 162, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 162, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 162, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 162, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 162, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 162,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.6824, 9.6713, -52.7606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 162, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
162, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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