

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.7908, -18.7229,
2.5969)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.7908, -18.7229,
2.5969) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.8067,
-18.7543, 2.6861)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DB0A7
RGB	125, 176, 167
RGB Percent	49%, 69%, 65%
CMY	0.5098, 0.3098, 0.3451
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.05, 0.31
HSL	169°, 24%, 59%
HSV	169°, 29%, 69%
XYZ	30.9579, 38.2007, 42.3010
YIQ	159.7250, -27.5070, -13.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

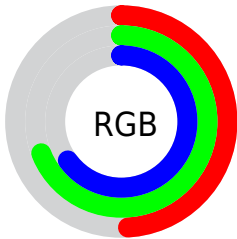
Format	Color
RYB	125, 153, 176
Decimal	8237223
CIELab	68.17, -18.78, -0.82
CIELCh	68, 18.795, 182.490
Yxy	38.2022, 0.2778, 0.3427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286427303 (0xFF7DB0A7)
YUV	159.7250, 3.5866, -30.4538
Hunter-Lab	61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861

Details

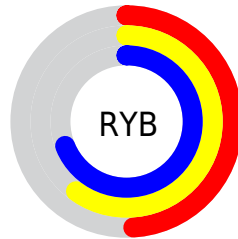
The HunterLab color $61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $50.6159, 15.6059, 5.0412$, and the grayscale version is $59.1728, -3.1573, 3.2150$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.1885, -22.0349, 4.0094$, and $41.0604, -15.3348, 1.6121$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.7284, -23.0061, 2.7763$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.0576, -13.9613, 2.8031$.

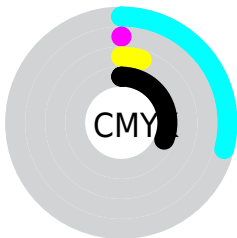
Distribution



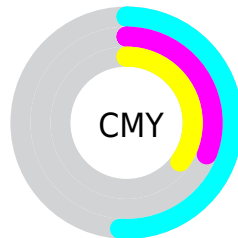
- Red (49%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.8067, -18.7543,
2.6861

61.8067, -18.7543,
2.6861

183.9801,
-32.6674, 9.0429

51.1270, -17.1349,
2.1466

85.0988, -21.9118,
3.8794

41.1439, -15.4709,
1.6471

97.6422, -23.4639,
4.5272

31.9113, -13.7441,
1.1919

110.7477,
-25.0055, 5.2070

23.4961, -11.9248,
0.7857

124.3922,
-26.5407, 5.9175

15.9871, -9.9616,
0.4351

138.5551,
-28.0723, 6.6574

9.5107, -9.1134,
0.1496

153.2182,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-29.6027, 7.4256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.3648,
-31.1339, 8.2211

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.8067, -18.7543,
2.6861

■ 61.8067, -18.7543,
2.6861

■ 60.7284, -23.0061,
2.7763

■ 63.0576, -13.9613,
2.8031

■ 59.8176, -26.6846,
3.0684

■ 64.4763, -8.6637,
3.1231

■ 59.0721, -29.7739,
3.5558

■ 66.0614, -2.9076,
3.6420

■ 58.4853, -32.2727,
4.2258

■ 67.8085, 3.2582,
4.3516

■ 58.0474, -34.1987,
5.0608

■ 69.7125, 9.7842,
5.2417

■ 57.7444, -35.5919,
6.0375

■ 71.7670, 16.6221,
6.3006

■ 57.5464, -36.5629,
7.1136

■ 73.9656, 23.7264,
7.5159

■ 57.5278, -36.6555,
7.2240

■ 74.9075, 26.8156,
7.2222

■ 75.0003, 27.2853,
5.8959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.8080, -17.1020, 10.1055



61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861



61.8080, -16.4559, -5.5561

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.8080, -18.7552, 2.6870



61.8080, 5.6989, -11.1930



61.8080, 4.4082, 15.5958

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861



50.6159, 15.6059, 5.0412

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.8080, 11.0549, 11.1262



61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861



61.8080, 11.8279, -4.2336

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.8080, -18.7552, 2.6870



61.8080, -2.5915, -14.2149



61.8080, 13.8381, 4.0342



61.8080, -4.0077, 16.9354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861



61.8080, -12.9150, -10.2404



61.8080, 13.8381, 4.0342



61.8080, 6.9386, 14.4422

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.8080, -18.7552, 2.6870



86.7937, -11.8015, 4.1958



61.3434, -22.6288, 18.6500



40.2719, -5.9849, 1.9172



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.8080, -18.7552, 2.6870



82.2464, -29.1404, 3.6676



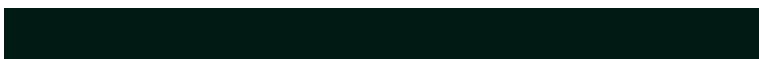
57.0838, -9.7146, -7.6590



30.9924, -4.2618, 1.4954



49.2835, -31.3500, 6.0754



8.7805, -5.3281, 0.5269

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6159, 15.6059, 5.0412



63.9904, 27.1856, 7.6475



54.5949, 6.3197, 12.6804



29.2044, 1.1849, 1.8505



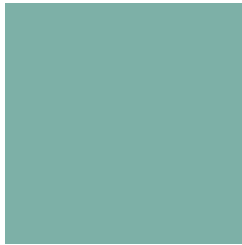
26.1753, 45.1284, 14.5696



4.7217, 8.2950, 1.4318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

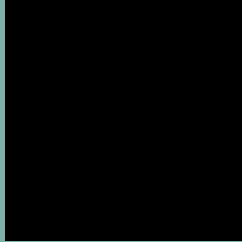
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861.



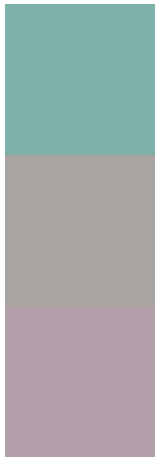
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.8067,

-18.7543, 2.6861.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861

Protanopia

61.6681, -2.3681, 5.5402

Deuteranopia

61.3413, 4.4438, 1.1176



Tritanopia

61.7593, -12.7974, -7.3022

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861

Protanomaly

61.5551, -8.7636, 4.4013

Deuteranomaly

61.2437, -4.8871, 1.3139

Tritanomaly

61.7710, -14.8301, -3.6423

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861

Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

Achromatomaly

60.0998, -9.3019, 2.6869

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 176, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 176, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 176, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 176, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 176, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 176, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 176, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 176, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 176, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 176,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.8067, -18.7543, 2.6861 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 176, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
176, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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