

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98A4D8
RGB	152, 164, 216
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 85%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3568, 0.1529
CMYK	0.30, 0.24, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	229°, 45%, 72%
HSV	229°, 30%, 85%
XYZ	38.6191, 38.1842, 70.3006
YIQ	166.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

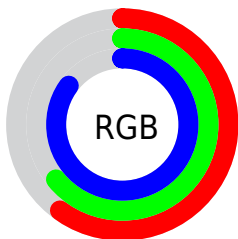
Format	Color
RYB	152, 162, 216
Decimal	10003672
CIELab	68.16, 7.59, -27.76
CIElCh	68, 28.781, 285.289
Yxy	38.1857, 0.2625, 0.2596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288193752 (0xFF98A4D8)
YUV	166.3400, 24.4824, -12.5762
Hunter-Lab	61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Details

The HunterLab color $61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $77.4934, -7.5893, 24.8894$, and the grayscale version is $61.8022, -3.2976, 3.3578$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.3495, -1.3538, -14.5485$, and $41.0051, 3.8668, -23.4189$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.1666, 7.0369, -35.7057$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.6908, 0.3628, -13.7420$.

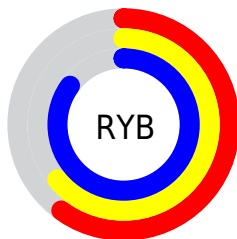
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

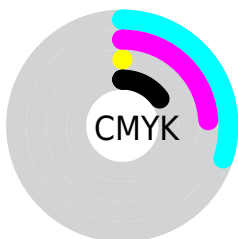
Blue (85%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (85%)

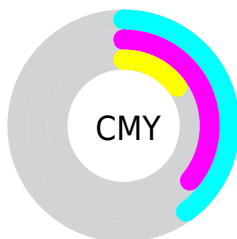


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972

■ 61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972

183.9609, -0.2637,
-26.0670

■ 51.1145, 3.5945,
-23.7182

■ 85.0839, 2.9004,
-24.9847

■ 41.1322, 3.7075,
-23.1924

■ 97.6267, 2.5682,
-25.2943

■ 31.9006, 3.7482,
-22.6359

110.7315, 2.1919,
-25.5489

■ 23.4864, 3.7045,
-22.0923

124.3754, 1.7745,
-25.7505

■ 15.9786, 3.5584,
-21.6765

138.5377, 1.3182,
-25.9011

■ 9.5035, 3.2810,
-21.7458

153.2001, 0.8252,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-26.0027

0.0000, NaN, -NF

168.3462, 0.2974,
-26.0574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972

■ 61.7934, 3.4189,
-24.1972

■ 55.1666, 7.0369,
-35.7057

■ 68.6908, 0.3628,
-13.7420

■ 48.8587, 11.3662,
-48.5312

■ 75.8165, -2.2464,
-4.1266

■ 42.9420, 16.5804,
-62.9482

■ 83.1424, -4.4998,
4.8247

■ 37.5140, 22.8544,
-79.1620

■ 90.6456, -6.4672,
13.2486

■ 32.7069, 30.2784,
-97.0853

■ 97.8180, -9.9266,
20.7234

■ 28.6892, 38.6633,
-115.9068

■ 98.8625, -11.6036,
21.7537

■ 25.6118, 47.1977,
-133.7857

■ 25.5139, 47.4950,
-134.4182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.7946, -9.5110, -24.2838



61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972



61.7946, 15.4526, -15.7766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.7946, 3.4182, -24.1959



61.7946, 15.2544, 17.9675



61.7946, -25.6323, 9.0936

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972



77.4934, -7.5893, 24.8894

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.7946, -20.0537, 17.8425



61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972



61.7946, 3.1653, 22.2009

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.7946, 3.4182, -24.1959



61.7946, 22.6605, 9.3014



61.7946, -9.7439, 22.1604



61.7946, -25.5769, -3.2289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972



61.7946, 21.0423, -7.4060



61.7946, -9.7439, 22.1604



61.7946, -24.3754, 12.4874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.7946, 3.4182, -24.1959



91.9667, -2.8689, -4.3734



77.5302, -24.4544, 4.0419



41.9555, -1.1284, -2.7835

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.7946, 3.4182, -24.1959



69.1645, 6.9701, -38.3599



60.0800, 15.0749, -26.8272



35.1877, -1.0642, -1.8204



19.9236, 35.4981, -101.5330



5.9452, 5.5305, -19.3697

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.0373, 20.6462, 6.1692



71.3005, 32.0755, 8.4064



79.5128, -19.7223, 26.4986



35.2966, 1.5336, 2.2003



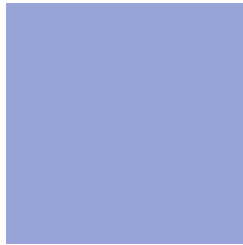
29.5729, 50.9978, 16.3707



7.3417, 12.8155, 2.8632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

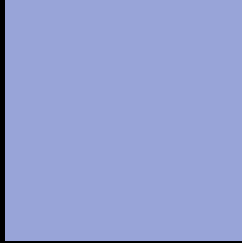
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

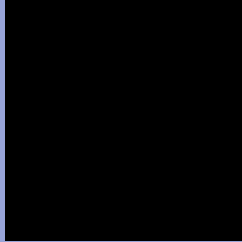
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Protanopia

61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Deuteranopia

61.7421, 4.7300, -24.2577



Tritanopia

61.8303, -8.0164, -5.5251

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Protanomaly

61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Deuteranomaly

61.6622, 4.4625, -24.3924

Tritanomaly

61.8762, -3.9140, -11.9824

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

61.6020, -1.1566, -5.7069

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 164, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 164, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 164, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 164, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 164, 216) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 164, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 164, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 164, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 164, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 164,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.7934, 3.4189, -24.1972 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 164, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
164, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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