

Converting Colors

HunterLab(61.9096, -11.1215,
8.6044)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(61.9096, -11.1215,
8.6044) contains.

HunterLab(61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(61.9104,
-11.1157, 8.6764)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AAB9A
RGB	154, 171, 154
RGB Percent	60%, 67%, 60%
CMY	0.3961, 0.3294, 0.3961
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.33
HSL	120°, 9%, 64%
HSV	120°, 10%, 67%
XYZ	33.7221, 38.3290, 36.1928
YIQ	163.9790, -4.6750, -8.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

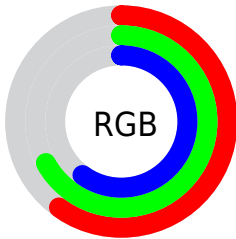
Format	Color
RYB	154, 171, 171
Decimal	10136474
CIELab	68.26, -9.24, 6.74
CIELCh	68, 11.432, 143.884
Yxy	38.3306, 0.3115, 0.3541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288326554 (0xFF9AAB9A)
YUV	163.9790, -4.9196, -8.7516
Hunter-Lab	61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764

Details

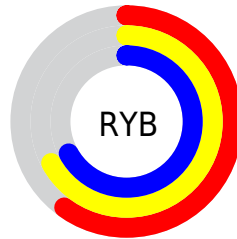
The HunterLab color $61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.9155, 5.0674, -2.3827$, and the grayscale version is $60.9428, -3.2518, 3.3111$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.0627, -13.3125, 10.5882$, and $41.2995, -9.0052, 6.8692$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.2002, -18.2586, 13.5029$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.8285, -3.3594, 3.4364$.

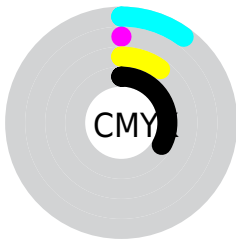
Distribution



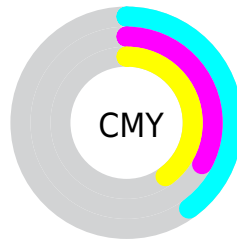
- Red (60%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.9104, -11.1157,
8.6764

■ 61.9104, -11.1157,
8.6764

184.1293,
-21.2158, 17.8421

■ 51.2244, -10.0429,
7.7391

■ 85.2142, -13.2820,
10.5955

■ 41.2345, -8.9688,
6.8117

■ 97.7631, -14.3780,
11.5784

■ 31.9945, -7.8880,
5.8906

110.8738,
-15.4850, 12.5783

■ 23.5713, -6.7895,
4.9683

124.5232,
-16.6042, 13.5956

■ 16.0532, -5.6538,
4.0309

138.6909,
-17.7364, 14.6305

■ 9.5663, -4.7231,
3.4426

153.3586,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.8821, 15.6832

0.0000, NaN, NaN

168.5097,
-20.0418, 16.7537

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.9104, -11.1157,
8.6764

■ 61.9104, -11.1157,
8.6764

■ 60.2002, -18.2586,
13.5029

■ 63.8285, -3.3594,
3.4364

■ 58.7004, -24.6977,
17.8546

■ 65.9423, 4.9267,
-2.1602

■ 57.4164, -30.3551,
21.6787

■ 68.2436, 13.6567,
-8.0553

■ 56.3492, -35.1664,
24.9313

■ 70.7221, 22.7528,
-14.1962

■ 55.4958, -39.0885,
27.5831

■ 73.3672, 32.1458,
-20.5359

■ 54.8490, -42.1077,
29.6246

■ 75.8995, 40.8645,
-26.4199

■ 54.3965, -44.2447,
31.0698

■ 54.1197, -45.5619,
31.9606

■ 53.9705, -46.2753,
32.4431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.9117, -7.2716, 11.3913



61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764



61.9117, -12.8632, 4.3668

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.9117, -11.1171, 8.6773



61.9117, -4.3599, -6.7644



61.9117, 6.0257, 7.0697

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764



58.9155, 5.0674, -2.3827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.9117, 6.8669, 2.3564



61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764



61.9117, 0.7604, -5.8926

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.9117, -11.1171, 8.6773



61.9117, -9.0450, -4.7466



61.9117, 4.9110, -2.4531



61.9117, 2.6484, 10.5177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764



61.9117, -12.6441, 1.0630



61.9117, 4.9110, -2.4531



61.9117, 6.6190, 5.5916

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.9117, -11.1171, 8.6773



84.5906, -7.8055, 6.8346



63.3394, -6.0315, 10.3061



39.8488, -4.0797, 3.4935



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.9117, -11.1171, 8.6773



82.3079, -17.1223, 13.1291



62.1482, -9.7942, 5.2897



29.8988, -5.1317, 4.0293



46.8579, -40.1806, 28.1701



7.8154, -6.7017, 4.6984

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.9155, 5.0674, -2.3827



77.3978, 9.4084, -5.0012



58.6485, 3.6388, 1.4091



28.5449, 2.1810, -0.9680



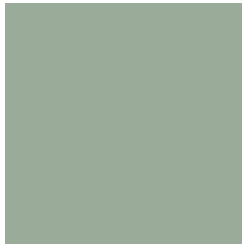
29.5690, 58.1333, -38.9977



4.9318, 9.6961, -6.5046

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

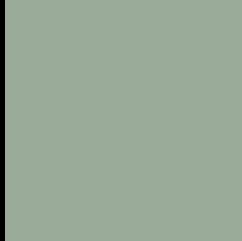
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

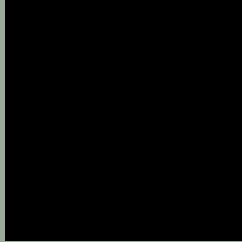
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764.

-11.1157, 8.6764.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764

Protanopia

61.9605, -3.4068, 10.1039

Deuteranopia

61.6287, 4.5907, 7.7968



Tritanopia

61.8076, -3.7408, -3.4011

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764

Protanomaly

61.9510, -6.4274, 9.6316

Deuteranomaly

61.5761, -1.5227, 8.0572

Tritanomaly

61.7362, -6.0960, 0.9334

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764

Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

Achromatomaly

61.3588, -6.5449, 5.5581

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 171, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 171, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 171, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 171, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 171, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 171, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 171, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 171, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 171, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 171,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.9104, -11.1157, 8.6764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 171, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
171, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor